



General Assembly

February Session, 2024

***Raised Bill No. 258***

LCO No. 1798



Referred to Committee on GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION  
AND ELECTIONS

Introduced by:  
(GAE)

***AN ACT CONCERNING THE LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONERS'  
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MINOR AND TECHNICAL REVISIONS TO  
THE GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION AND ELECTIONS STATUTES.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General  
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 9-4a of the 2024  
2 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is  
3 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

4 (2) The name, party affiliation and contact information of each  
5 candidate who is nominated or qualifies as a petitioning candidate for  
6 election to the office of President of the United States, Vice-President of  
7 the United States, senator in Congress, representative in Congress,  
8 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Treasurer,  
9 State Comptroller, Secretary of the State, state senator or state  
10 representative at the state election. As used in this section, "contact  
11 information" means any or all of the following information received by  
12 the Secretary of the State in the course of the secretary's elections duties  
13 or by the Federal Election Commission: A candidate's campaign mailing  
14 address, telephone number, facsimile number, electronic mail address

15 and web site. The voter guide may provide contact information for a  
16 candidate for the office of President of the United States, Vice-President  
17 of the United States, senator in Congress or representative in Congress  
18 by an electronic link to such information on the Federal Election  
19 Commission's Internet web site;

20 Sec. 2. Subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of section 9-31l of the general  
21 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
22 (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

23 (6) The decision of the commission shall determine the person's right  
24 to be or remain an elector. If any such decision is adverse to such  
25 individual's right, the commission shall order both registrars to remove  
26 the elector's name from the town's active and inactive registry list and  
27 any enrollment list. Any person whose name has been so removed may  
28 reapply for admission as an elector with the registrars of voters of the  
29 same town at any time. If such application is made within four years  
30 after the commission's decision, both registrars may approve such  
31 application only after they find that there has been a substantial change  
32 in the circumstances that provided the basis for the commission's  
33 decision and that the individual is eligible to be an elector. Registrars  
34 who approve an individual's application for admission within this time  
35 period without a substantial change in circumstances may be subject to  
36 a civil penalty imposed by the commission in accordance with  
37 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 9-7b if the commission  
38 determines, following a written complaint filed with the commission  
39 pursuant to [said] section 9-7b, that the registrars' action was without  
40 good cause and constitutes a wilful violation of a prior order of the  
41 commission.

42 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 9-32 of the general statutes is repealed  
43 and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

44 (b) No elector's name shall be removed from the registry list,  
45 pursuant to section 9-35, unless (1) the elector confirms in writing that  
46 the elector has moved out of the municipality, or (2) the elector has been

47 sent, by forwardable mail, a notice and a postage prepaid preaddressed  
48 return card in accordance with the National Voter Registration Act of  
49 1993, P.L. 103-31, as amended from time to time, four years prior to  
50 removal from the registry list and such elector has failed to respond and  
51 has not restored the elector's name to the active registry list under  
52 section 9-42 or voted in an election or primary in the municipality  
53 during the period beginning on the date of the notice and ending four  
54 years later. If a registrar or a registrar's designee conducts a telephone  
55 canvass, a telephone call by any such person shall constitute an attempt  
56 to contact the elector only if the elector's household has a published  
57 telephone number and the telephone is in operating order. If a registrar,  
58 or a registrar's designee, during a telephone canvass contacts a  
59 telecommunication device for the deaf in an elector's household, such  
60 call shall not constitute an attempt to contact the elector unless the  
61 registrar, or the registrar's designee, uses a similar device or uses a  
62 message relay center. No elector's name shall be removed from the  
63 active registry list pursuant to [said] section 9-35 as a result of  
64 information obtained during a telephone canvass, unless the registrar  
65 believes such information is reliable and sufficient to enable the registrar  
66 to determine if the elector is entitled to remain on the list under the  
67 provisions of this chapter.

68       Sec. 4. Section 9-35c of the general statutes is repealed and the  
69 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

70       Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 9-238, 9-406 and 9-436  
71 and other provisions of the general statutes, the names of electors on the  
72 inactive registry list compiled under section 9-35 shall not be counted  
73 for purposes of computing the number of petition signatures required.  
74 Each elector on such inactive registry list who, in the determination of  
75 the registrars, has signed a petition pursuant to the general statutes,  
76 giving the same address as appears on the inactive registry list, shall  
77 forthwith be placed on the active registry list compiled under [said]  
78 section 9-35. Each such elector shall be counted for purposes of future  
79 computations of the number of signatures required on future petitions  
80 issued for other electoral events. The names of electors on the inactive

81 registry list compiled pursuant to section 9-35 shall not be counted for  
82 purposes of computing the minimum percentage of the number of  
83 electors required in any charter or special act, if such charter or special  
84 act requires approval of a referendum by a minimum percentage of  
85 electors qualified on the last-completed registry list or has a similar  
86 requirement.

87       Sec. 5. Section 9-150c of the general statutes is repealed and the  
88 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

89       An applicant who applies for an absentee ballot because of  
90 unforeseen illness or physical disability occurring within six days  
91 immediately preceding the close of the polls at an election, primary or  
92 referendum or because the applicant is a patient in a hospital within  
93 such six-day period, may appoint a designee, as defined in subsection  
94 (b) of section 9-140b, to deliver the ballot to [him] the applicant, by  
95 stating on the application, in a space provided for that purpose, (1) the  
96 date of occurrence of the illness or disability or the name and address of  
97 the hospital in which the applicant is a patient within such six-day  
98 period, (2) the name, address and category under [said] subsection [ ]  
99 (b) of section 9-140b of the person so designated, and (3) the delivery  
100 which the person is designated to perform, provided the person so  
101 designated shall also sign a statement on the application to the effect  
102 that [he] such person consents to the designation and will perform the  
103 delivery without tampering with the ballot in any way. If the application  
104 designates a person to deliver the ballot to the applicant, [that] such  
105 person shall personally submit the application to the municipal clerk. If  
106 such application is submitted to the clerk in person, within six days  
107 immediately preceding the close of the polls at an election or primary,  
108 by a person designated on the application to deliver the absentee ballot  
109 to the applicant as provided in this section and in subsection (b) of [said]  
110 section 9-140b, and if [the] such application is dated within such time,  
111 the clerk shall give [that] such person the absentee voting set.

112       Sec. 6. Section 9-153a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
113 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

114 The form of absentee ballot application provided by any federal  
115 department or agency, referred to in section 9-140, may be used only by  
116 a person in any one of the following categories who is eligible to vote  
117 and who expects to be unable to appear at his proper polling place for  
118 any reason specified in section 9-135: (1) Members of the armed forces,  
119 (2) the spouses and dependents of such members, (3) members of  
120 religious groups or welfare agencies assisting members of the armed  
121 forces, who are officially attached to and serving with the armed forces,  
122 and their spouses and dependents, (4) civilian employees of the United  
123 States in all categories serving outside the territorial limits of the several  
124 states of the United States and the District of Columbia and their  
125 spouses and dependents when residing with or accompanying them,  
126 whether or not the employee is subject to the civil service laws and the  
127 Federal Classification Act of 1949, and whether or not paid from funds  
128 appropriated by the Congress, (5) citizens of the United States  
129 temporarily residing outside of the territorial limits of the several states  
130 of the United States and the District of Columbia and (6) overseas  
131 citizens qualified to vote under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens  
132 Absentee Voting Act, 100 Stat. 924, 42 USC 1973ff et seq., as amended  
133 from time to time. Any such person may apply for an absentee ballot in  
134 the manner provided in [said] section 9-140, either on the form  
135 prescribed by the Secretary of the State under [said] section 9-140, or on  
136 the application form provided by any federal department or agency  
137 hereinbefore referred to.

138 Sec. 7. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 9-158c of the general  
139 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
140 (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

141 (a) (1) Not earlier than forty-five days before the election and not later  
142 than the close of the polls on election day, each former resident who  
143 desires to vote in a presidential election under sections 9-158a to 9-158m,  
144 inclusive, may apply for a "presidential ballot" to the municipal clerk of  
145 the town in which such former resident is qualified to vote on the form  
146 prescribed in section 9-158d. Application for a "presidential ballot" may  
147 be made in person or absentee, in the manner provided for applying for

148 an absentee ballot under section 9-140, except as provided in [said]  
149 sections 9-158a to 9-158m, inclusive.

150 Sec. 8. Subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of section 9-163k of the general  
151 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof  
152 (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

153 (3) For a municipal election, each registrar of voters shall appoint at  
154 least one absentee ballot coordinator for each two hundred persons who  
155 voted by absentee ballot in the most recent municipal election. For a  
156 municipal primary, each registrar of voters shall appoint at least one  
157 absentee ballot coordinator for each two hundred persons who voted by  
158 absentee ballot in the most recent municipal primary. [A registrar of  
159 voter's] The appointment of an absentee ballot coordinator by a registrar  
160 of voters shall not be effective until the registrar files the appointment  
161 with the municipal clerk;

162 Sec. 9. Section 9-264 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is  
163 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*  
164 *1, 2024*):

165 An elector who requires assistance to vote, by reason of blindness,  
166 disability or inability to write or to read the ballot, may be given  
167 assistance by a person of the elector's choice, other than (1) the elector's  
168 employer, (2) an agent of such employer, (3) an officer or agent of the  
169 elector's union, or (4) a candidate for any office on the ballot, unless the  
170 elector is a member of the immediate family of such candidate. The  
171 person assisting the elector may accompany the elector into the voting  
172 booth at the polling place, the location designated for same-day election  
173 registration or the location designated for the conduct of early voting,  
174 as applicable. Such person shall register such elector's vote upon the  
175 ballot as such elector directs. Any person accompanying an elector into  
176 the voting booth at the polling place or the location designated for  
177 election day registration who deceives any elector in registering the  
178 elector's vote under this section or seeks to influence any elector while  
179 in the act of voting, or who registers any vote for any elector or on any

180 question other than as requested by such elector, or who gives  
181 information to any person as to what person or persons such elector  
182 voted for, or how such elector voted on any question, shall be guilty of  
183 a class D felony. As used in this section, "immediate family" [means  
184 "immediate family" as defined] has the same meaning as provided in  
185 section 9-140b.

186 Sec. 10. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 9-311 of the 2024  
187 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is  
188 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

189 (a) If, within three days after an election, it appears to the moderator  
190 that there is a discrepancy in the returns of any voting district, such  
191 moderator shall forthwith within said period summon, by written  
192 notice delivered personally, the recanvass officials, consisting of at least  
193 two checkers of different political parties and at least two absentee ballot  
194 counters of different political parties who served at such election, and  
195 the registrars of voters of the municipality in which the election was  
196 held and such other officials as may be required to conduct such  
197 recanvass. Such written notice shall require the clerk or registrars of  
198 voters, as the case may be, to bring with them the depository envelopes  
199 required by section 9-150a, the package of write-in ballots provided for  
200 in section 9-310, the absentee ballot applications, the list of absentee  
201 ballot applications, the registry list and the moderators' returns and  
202 shall require such recanvass officials to meet at a specified time not later  
203 than the fifth business day after such election to recanvass the returns of  
204 a voting tabulator or voting tabulators or absentee ballots or write-in  
205 ballots used in such district in such election. If any of such recanvass  
206 officials are unavailable at the time of the recanvass, the registrar of  
207 voters of the same political party as that of the recanvass official unable  
208 to attend shall designate another elector having previous training and  
209 experience in the conduct of elections to take [his] such recanvass  
210 official's place. Before such recanvass is made, such moderator shall give  
211 notice, in writing, to the chairperson of the town committee of each  
212 political party which nominated candidates for the election, and, in the  
213 case of a state election, not later than twenty-four hours after a

214 determination is made regarding the need for a recanvass to the  
215 Secretary of the State, of the time and place where such recanvass is to  
216 be made; and each such chairperson may send party representatives to  
217 be present at such recanvass. Such party representatives may observe,  
218 but no one other than a recanvass official may take part in the recanvass.  
219 If [any irregularity in the recanvass procedure is noted by such a party  
220 representative, he] a party representative notes any irregularity in the  
221 recanvass procedure, such party representative shall be permitted to  
222 present evidence of such irregularity in any contest relating to the  
223 election.

224 (b) The moderator shall determine the place or places where the  
225 recanvass shall be conducted and, if such recanvass is held before the  
226 tabulators are boxed and collected in the manner required by section 9-  
227 266, either the moderator may [either] require that such recanvass of  
228 such tabulators be conducted in each place where the tabulators are  
229 located, or [he] the moderator may require that [they] such tabulators  
230 be removed to one central place, where such recanvass shall be  
231 conducted. All recanvassing procedures shall be open to public  
232 observation, subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section.  
233 Such recanvass officials shall, in the presence of such moderator and  
234 registrars of voters, make a record of the number on the seal and the  
235 number on the protective counter, if one is provided, on each voting  
236 tabulator specified by such moderator. Such registrars of voters in the  
237 presence of such moderator shall turn over the keys of each such  
238 tabulator to such recanvass officials, and such recanvass officials, in the  
239 presence of such registrars of voters and moderator, shall immediately  
240 proceed to recanvass the vote cast thereon, and shall then open the  
241 package of absentee ballots and recanvass the vote cast thereon. In the  
242 course of the recanvass of the absentee ballot vote the recanvass officials  
243 shall check all outer envelopes for absentee ballots against the inner  
244 envelopes for such ballots and against the registry list to verify  
245 postmarks, addresses and registry list markings and also to determine  
246 whether the number of envelopes from which absentee ballots have  
247 been removed is the same as the number of persons checked as having



248 voted by absentee ballot. The write-in ballots shall also be recanvassed  
249 at this time. Any party representative present shall have a right to view  
250 each ballot as it is being recanvassed by the recanvass officials, so as to  
251 be able to discern the markings on such ballot. All of the recanvass  
252 officials shall use the same forms for tallies and returns as were used at  
253 the original canvass and the absentee ballot counters shall also sign the  
254 tallies.

255       Sec. 11. Section 9-311a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
256 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

257       For purposes of this section, state, district and municipal offices shall  
258 be as defined in section 9-372 except that the office of presidential elector  
259 shall be deemed a state office. Forthwith after a regular or special  
260 election for municipal office, or forthwith upon tabulation of the vote  
261 for state and district offices by the Secretary of the State, when at any  
262 such election the plurality of an elected candidate for an office over the  
263 vote for a defeated candidate receiving the next highest number of votes  
264 was either (1) less than a vote equivalent to one-half of one per cent of  
265 the total number of votes cast for the office but not more than two  
266 thousand votes, or (2) less than twenty votes, there shall be a recanvass  
267 of the returns of the voting tabulator or voting tabulators and absentee  
268 ballots used in such election for such office unless such defeated  
269 candidate or defeated candidates, as the case may be, for such office file  
270 a written statement waiving this right to such canvass with the  
271 municipal clerk in the case of a municipal office, or with the Secretary of  
272 the State in the case of a state or district office. In the case of state and  
273 district offices, the Secretary of the State upon tabulation of the votes for  
274 such offices shall notify the town clerks in the state or district, as the case  
275 may be, of the state and district offices which qualify for an automatic  
276 recanvass and shall also notify each candidate for any such office. When  
277 a recanvass is to be held, the municipal clerk shall promptly notify the  
278 moderator, as defined in section 9-311, as amended by this act, who shall  
279 proceed forthwith to cause a recanvass of such returns of the office in  
280 question in the same manner as is provided in [said] section 9-311, as  
281 amended by this act. In addition to the notice required under section 9-

282 311, as amended by this act, the moderator shall before such recanvass  
283 is made give notice in writing of the time when, and place where, such  
284 recanvass is to be made to each candidate for a municipal office which  
285 qualifies for an automatic recanvass under this section. Nothing in this  
286 section shall preclude the right to judicial proceedings on behalf of a  
287 candidate under any provision of chapter 149. For the purposes of this  
288 section, "the total number of votes cast for the office" means, in the case  
289 of multiple openings for the same office, the total number of electors  
290 checked as having voted in the state, district, municipality or political  
291 subdivision, as the case may be. When a recanvass of the returns for an  
292 office for which there are multiple openings is required by the  
293 provisions of this section, the returns for all candidates for all openings  
294 for the office shall be recanvassed. No one other than a recanvass official  
295 shall take part in the recanvass. If [any irregularity in the recanvass  
296 procedure is noted by a candidate, he] a candidate notes any irregularity  
297 in the recanvass procedure, such candidate shall be permitted to present  
298 evidence of such irregularity in any contest relating to the election.

299 Sec. 12. Section 9-364a of the general statutes is repealed and the  
300 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

301 Any person who influences or attempts to influence by force or threat  
302 the vote, or by force, threat, bribery or corrupt means, the speech, of any  
303 person in a primary, caucus, referendum, convention or election; or  
304 wilfully and fraudulently suppresses or destroys any vote or ballot  
305 properly given or cast or, in counting such votes or ballots, wilfully  
306 miscounts or misrepresents the number thereof; and any presiding or  
307 other officer of a primary, caucus or convention who wilfully announces  
308 the result of a ballot or vote of such primary, caucus or convention,  
309 untruly and wrongfully, shall be guilty of a class C felony.

310 Sec. 13. Subsection (b) of section 9-404c of the general statutes is  
311 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*  
312 *1, 2024*):

313 (b) Upon the filing of all pages of a petition, the Secretary shall reject

314 any page of the petition which does not contain the certifications  
315 required in section 9-404b or which the Secretary determines to have  
316 been circulated in violation of any provision of said section, [9-404b,]  
317 and shall immediately cause the number of certified signatures to be  
318 tabulated. Petitions filed with the Secretary shall be preserved for a  
319 period of three years and then may be destroyed.

320 Sec. 14. Subsection (a) of section 9-601d of the general statutes is  
321 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*  
322 *1, 2024*):

323 (a) Any person, as defined in section 9-601, may, unless otherwise  
324 restricted or prohibited by law, including, but not limited to, any  
325 provision of this chapter or chapter 157, make unlimited independent  
326 expenditures, as defined in section 9-601c, and accept unlimited covered  
327 transfers, as defined in [said] section 9-601. Except as provided pursuant  
328 to this section, any such person who makes or obligates to make an  
329 independent expenditure or expenditures in excess of one thousand  
330 dollars, in the aggregate, shall file statements according to the same  
331 schedule and in the same manner as is required of a treasurer of a  
332 candidate committee pursuant to section 9-608.

333 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 9-750 of the 2024 supplement to the  
334 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
335 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

336 (a) If, (1) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, or any fiscal year  
337 thereafter, the amount of funds available under section 3-69a for deposit  
338 in the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 9-701 is less than the  
339 amount of funds required under [said] section 3-69a to be deposited in  
340 said fund, resulting in an insufficiency in the amount of the deposit, or  
341 (2) during an election cycle the amount of funds in the Citizens' Election  
342 Fund is less than the amount of funds required to provide grants to each  
343 qualified candidate committee pursuant to the provisions of this  
344 chapter, resulting in an insufficiency in said fund, a portion of the  
345 revenues from the tax imposed under chapter 208, equal to the amount

346 of any insufficiency described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this section,  
347 shall be deposited in said fund to allow for the payment of grants  
348 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

349 Sec. 16. Section 9-750 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes,  
350 as amended by section 188 of public act 23-205, is repealed and the  
351 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2025*):

352 If, (1) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, or any fiscal year  
353 thereafter, the amount of funds available under section 3-69a for deposit  
354 in the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 9-701 is less than the  
355 amount of funds required under [said] section 3-69a to be deposited in  
356 said fund, resulting in an insufficiency in the amount of the deposit, or  
357 (2) during an election cycle the amount of funds in the Citizens' Election  
358 Fund is less than the amount of funds required to provide grants to each  
359 qualified candidate committee pursuant to the provisions of this  
360 chapter, resulting in an insufficiency in said fund, a portion of the  
361 revenues from the tax imposed under chapter 208, equal to the amount  
362 of any insufficiency described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this section,  
363 shall be deposited in said fund to allow for the payment of grants  
364 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

365 Sec. 17. Subsection (b) of section 21a-7 of the 2024 supplement to the  
366 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
367 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

368 (b) With the exception of the Liquor Control Commission, each board  
369 or commission within the Department of Consumer Protection under  
370 section 21a-6 that makes a proposed final decision that is adverse to a  
371 party, as described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section,  
372 shall submit such proposed final decision to the Commissioner of  
373 Consumer Protection. Not later than thirty calendar days after receipt of  
374 any such proposed final decision, the Commissioner of Consumer  
375 Protection shall notify such board or commission that the commissioner  
376 shall render the final decision concerning such matter. Not later than  
377 thirty days after receipt of any such proposed final decision, the

378 commissioner shall approve, modify or reject the proposed final  
 379 decision or remand the proposed final decision for further review or for  
 380 the taking of additional evidence. The commissioner shall notify the  
 381 board or commission in writing of the commissioner's decision and  
 382 include in such notification the rationale for such decision. The decision  
 383 of the commissioner shall be the final decision in accordance with  
 384 section 4-180 for purposes of reconsideration in accordance with section  
 385 4-181a or appeal to the Superior Court in accordance with section 4-183.

386 Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 25-156 of the 2024 supplement to the  
 387 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu  
 388 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

389 (a) There is established the Long Island Sound Foundation, Inc., a  
 390 nonstock, nonprofit corporation, organized under the laws of the state  
 391 of Connecticut as a state chartered foundation. The Long Island Sound  
 392 Foundation, Inc. shall be a successor organization to the Long Island  
 393 Sound Assembly established under section 25-155 of the general  
 394 statutes, revision of 1958, revised to January 1, 2023.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-4a(b)(2)
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-311(b)(6)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-32(b)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-35c
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-150c
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-153a
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-158c(a)(1)
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-163k(c)(3)
Sec. 9	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-264
Sec. 10	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-311(a) and (b)
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-311a
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-364a
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-404c(b)
Sec. 14	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-601d(a)
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	9-750(a)
Sec. 16	<i>July 1, 2025</i>	9-750

Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	21a-7(b)
Sec. 18	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	25-156(a)

**Statement of Purpose:**

To make minor and technical revisions to the government administration and elections statutes.

*[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]*