



AN ACT CONCERNING THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF CONNECTICUT RESIDENTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) Each home health care
2 agency and home health aide agency, as such terms are defined in
3 section 19a-490 of the general statutes, shall, during intake of a
4 prospective client, collect and provide to any employee assigned to
5 provide services to such client, information regarding:

6 (1) The client, including, if applicable, the client's (A) psychiatric
7 history, (B) history of violence, (C) history of substance use, (D) history
8 of domestic abuse, (E) current infections, if any, and the treatment the
9 client has received for such infections, and (F) whether the client's
10 diagnoses or symptoms have remained stable over time;

11 (2) Other persons present or anticipated to be present at the location
12 where the employee will provide services, including, if known to the
13 agency, each person's (A) name and relationship to the client, (B)
14 psychiatric history, (C) history of violence or domestic abuse, (D)
15 criminal record, and (E) history of substance use; and

16 (3) The location where the employee will provide services, including,
17 if known to the agency, the (A) crime rate for the municipality in which
18 the employee will provide services, as determined by the most recent

19 Crime in Connecticut annual report issued by the Department of
20 Emergency Services and Public Protection, (B) presence of any
21 hazardous materials at the location, including, but not limited to, used
22 syringes, (C) presence of firearms or other weapons at the location, (D)
23 status of the location's fire alarm system, and (E) presence of any other
24 safety hazards at the location, including, but not limited to, electrical
25 hazards.

26 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) Each home health care agency
27 and home health aide agency, as such terms are defined in section 19a-
28 490 of the general statutes, shall (1) provide staff training consistent with
29 the health and safety training curriculum for home care workers
30 endorsed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National
31 Institute for Occupational Safety and Health and the Occupational
32 Safety and Health Administration, including, but not limited to, training
33 to recognize hazards commonly encountered in home care workplaces
34 and applying practical solutions to manage risks and improve safety; (2)
35 conduct monthly safety assessments with each staff member; and (3)
36 provide staff with a mechanism to perform safety checks, which may
37 include, but need not be limited to, (A) a mobile application that allows
38 staff to access safety information relating to a client, including
39 information collected pursuant to section 1 of this act, and a method of
40 communicating with local police or other staff in the event of a safety
41 emergency, and (B) a global positioning system-enabled, wearable
42 device that allows staff to contact local police by pressing a button or
43 through another mechanism.

44 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) (a) Each home health care
45 agency and home health aide agency, as such terms are defined in
46 section 19a-490 of the general statutes, and each staff member of any
47 such agency shall report each instance of verbal abuse that is perceived
48 as a threat or danger to the staff member, physical abuse, sexual abuse
49 or any other abuse by an agency client against a staff member in a form
50 and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health.

51 (b) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the

52 commissioner shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section
53 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the
54 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
55 health regarding the number of reports received pursuant to subsection
56 (a) of this section and the actions taken to ensure the safety of the staff
57 member about whom the report was made.

58 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 17b-242 of the 2024 supplement to the
59 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
60 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

61 (a) The Department of Social Services shall determine the rates to be
62 paid to home health care agencies and home health aide agencies by the
63 state or any town in the state for persons aided or cared for by the state
64 or any such town. The Commissioner of Social Services shall establish a
65 fee schedule for home health services to be effective on and after July 1,
66 1994. The commissioner may annually modify such fee schedule if such
67 modification is needed to ensure that the conversion to an
68 administrative services organization is cost neutral to home health care
69 agencies and home health aide agencies in the aggregate and ensures
70 patient access. Utilization may be a factor in determining cost neutrality.
71 The commissioner shall increase the fee schedule for home health
72 services provided under the Connecticut home-care program for the
73 elderly established under section 17b-342, effective July 1, 2000, by two
74 per cent over the fee schedule for home health services for the previous
75 year. On and after January 1, 2024, the commissioner shall increase the
76 fee schedule for complex care nursing services provided to individuals
77 over the age of eighteen such that the rate of reimbursement is equal to
78 the rate for such services provided to individuals age eighteen and
79 under. There shall be no differential in fees paid for such services based
80 on the age of the patient. The commissioner may increase any fee
81 payable to a home health care agency or home health aide agency upon
82 the application of such an agency evidencing extraordinary costs related
83 to (1) serving persons with AIDS; (2) high-risk maternal and child health
84 care; or (3) [escort services; or (4)] extended hour services. On and after
85 July 1, 2024, the commissioner shall increase the fee payable to a home

86 health care agency or home health aide agency that provides escorts for
87 safety purposes to staff conducting a home visit to cover the costs of
88 providing such escorts. In no case shall any rate or fee exceed the charge
89 to the general public for similar services. A home health care agency or
90 home health aide agency which, due to any material change in
91 circumstances, is aggrieved by a rate determined pursuant to this
92 subsection may, within ten days of receipt of written notice of such rate
93 from the Commissioner of Social Services, request in writing a hearing
94 on all items of aggrievement. The commissioner shall, upon the receipt
95 of all documentation necessary to evaluate the request, determine
96 whether there has been such a change in circumstances and shall
97 conduct a hearing if appropriate. The Commissioner of Social Services
98 shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the
99 provisions of this subsection. The commissioner may implement
100 policies and procedures to carry out the provisions of this subsection
101 while in the process of adopting regulations, provided notice of intent
102 to adopt the regulations is posted on the eRegulations System not later
103 than twenty days after the date of implementing the policies and
104 procedures. Such policies and procedures shall be valid for not longer
105 than nine months. For purposes of this subsection, "complex care
106 nursing services" means intensive, specialized nursing services
107 provided to a patient with complex care needs who requires skilled
108 nursing care at home.

109 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) Each individual health
110 insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in
111 subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469 of the general
112 statutes delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, amended or continued
113 in this state, shall provide coverage for escorts for the safety of home
114 health care agency or home health aide agency staff, as deemed
115 necessary by such staff or agency.

116 Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) Each group health insurance
117 policy providing coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2),
118 (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469 of the general statutes delivered,
119 issued for delivery, renewed, amended or continued in this state, shall

120 provide coverage for escorts for the safety of home health care agency
121 or home health aide agency staff, as deemed necessary by such staff or
122 agency.

123 Sec. 7. (*Effective July 1, 2024*) On or before October 1, 2024, the
124 Commissioner of Public Health shall establish and administer a home
125 care staff safety grant program. Such program shall provide grants to
126 home health care and home health aide agencies for the purposes of
127 purchasing staff safety technology, which may include, but need not be
128 limited to, (1) a mobile application that allows staff to access safety
129 information relating to a client, including information collected
130 pursuant to section 1 of this act, and a method of communicating with
131 either local police or other staff in the event of a safety emergency, and
132 (2) a global positioning system-enabled, wearable device that allows
133 staff to contact local police by pressing a button or through another
134 mechanism. The commissioner shall establish eligibility requirements,
135 priority categories, funding limitations and the application process for
136 the grant program. Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually
137 thereafter, the commissioner shall report, in accordance with the
138 provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing
139 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
140 relating to public health regarding the grant program.

141 Sec. 8. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The chairpersons of the joint standing
142 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
143 relating to public health shall convene a working group to study staff
144 safety issues affecting home health care and home health aide agencies,
145 as such terms are defined in section 19a-490 of the general statutes.

146 (b) The working group shall include, but need not be limited to, the
147 following members:

148 (1) Three employees of a home health care or home health aide
149 agency;

150 (2) Two representatives of a home health care or home health aide
151 agency;

152 (3) One representative of a collective bargaining unit representing
153 home health care or home health aide agency employees;

154 (4) One representative of a mobile crisis response services provider;

155 (5) One representative of an assertive community treatment team;

156 (6) One representative of a police department; and

157 (7) One representative of an association of hospitals in the state.

158 (c) The chairpersons of the joint standing committee of the General
159 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health shall
160 schedule the first meeting of the working group, which shall be held not
161 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

162 (d) The members of the working group shall select two
163 cochairpersons from among the members of the working group.

164 (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
165 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
166 health shall serve as administrative staff of the working group.

167 (f) Not later than January 1, 2025, the working group shall submit a
168 report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing
169 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
170 relating to public health, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-
171 4a of the general statutes. The working group shall terminate on the date
172 that it submits such report or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

173 Sec. 9. (*Effective July 1, 2024*) The sum of one million dollars is
174 appropriated to the Department of Public Health from the General
175 Fund, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, for the purposes of
176 establishing and administering the home care staff safety grant program
177 established pursuant to section 7 of this act.

178 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) As used in this section and
179 sections 11 to 18, inclusive, of this act:

180 (1) "Graduate physician" means a medical school graduate who:

181 (A) Is a resident and citizen of the United States or a resident alien in
182 the United States; and

183 (B) Has successfully completed step 1 and step 2 of the United States
184 Medical Licensing Examination, or the equivalent of step 1 and step 2 of
185 any other medical licensing examination or combination of
186 examinations that is approved by the National Board of Medical
187 Examiners or National Board of Osteopathic Medical Examiners, within
188 the two-year period immediately preceding the date of the person's
189 application for licensure as a graduate physician, but not more than
190 three years after graduation from a medical school or a school of
191 osteopathic medicine;

192 (2) "Graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement" means
193 an agreement between a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 of
194 the general statutes and a graduate physician who meets the
195 requirements of sections 11 to 18, inclusive, of this act;

196 (3) "Medical school graduate" means a person who has graduated
197 from a medical school accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical
198 Education or the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation or
199 a medical school listed in the World Directory of Medical Schools, or its
200 equivalent; and

201 (4) "Primary care services" means medical services in pediatrics,
202 internal medicine, family medicine, obstetrics and gynecology or
203 psychiatry.

204 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) A graduate physician
205 collaborative practice arrangement shall limit the graduate physician to
206 providing primary care services.

207 (b) A graduate physician shall be subject to the supervision
208 requirements established in any controlling federal law, the supervision
209 requirements adopted pursuant to sections 12 to 18, inclusive, of this act

210 and any supervision requirements established by the National Board of
211 Medical Examiners. A graduate physician shall not be subject to any
212 additional supervision requirements.

213 Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) The Connecticut Medical
214 Examining Board, established pursuant to section 20-8a of the general
215 statutes, shall promulgate rules to:

216 (1) Establish the process for licensure of graduate physicians,
217 supervision requirements for graduate physicians and additional
218 requirements for graduate physician collaborative practice
219 arrangements;

220 (2) Set fees for licensure, including, but not limited to, a requirement
221 that the total fees collected each year shall be greater than or equal to the
222 total costs necessary to facilitate the graduate physician collaborative
223 practice arrangement each year; and

224 (3) Address any other matters necessary to protect the public and take
225 disciplinary action against participants in graduate physician
226 collaborative practice arrangements.

227 (b) A graduate physician's license issued pursuant to sections 11 to
228 18, inclusive, of this act and the rules promulgated by the Connecticut
229 Medical Examining Board concerning graduate physician collaborative
230 practice arrangements shall be valid for two years from the date of
231 issuance and are not subject to renewal. Said board may deny an
232 application for licensure as a graduate physician or suspend or revoke
233 the license of a graduate physician for violation of any provision of
234 sections 11 to 18, inclusive, of this act, as applicable, or for a violation of
235 the rules or standards of conduct established by said board.

236 (c) Any rule promulgated under the authority delegated to said board
237 under this section shall become effective upon promulgation, provided
238 such rule complies with the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act,
239 sections 4-166 to 4-189, inclusive of the general statutes.

240 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) A graduate physician shall
241 clearly identify as a graduate physician and may use the identifiers
242 "doctor" or "Dr.". A graduate physician shall not practice or attempt to
243 practice without a graduate physician collaborative practice
244 arrangement, except as otherwise provided in sections 11 to 18,
245 inclusive, of this act or permitted under rules promulgated by the
246 Connecticut Medical Examining Board pursuant to section 12 of this act.

247 Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) A licensed physician
248 collaborating with a graduate physician shall be responsible for
249 supervising the activities of the graduate physician and shall accept full
250 responsibility for the primary care services provided by the graduate
251 physician.

252 Sec. 15. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) The provisions of sections
253 11 to 18, inclusive, of this act shall apply to all graduate physician
254 collaborative practice arrangements. To be eligible to practice as a
255 graduate physician, a licensed graduate physician shall enter into a
256 graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement with a licensed
257 physician not later than six months after the date on which the graduate
258 physician obtains initial licensure as a graduate physician.

259 (b) Only a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 of the general
260 statutes may enter into a graduate physician collaborative practice
261 arrangement with a graduate physician. A graduate physician
262 collaborative practice arrangement shall take the form of a written
263 agreement, including mutually agreed-upon protocols or standing
264 orders, for the delivery of primary care services. A graduate physician
265 collaborative practice arrangement may delegate to a graduate
266 physician the authority to administer or dispense drugs, except a
267 controlled substance, and provide treatment, provided the delivery of
268 the primary care services is within the scope of the graduate physician's
269 practice and is consistent with the graduate physician's skill, training
270 and competence and the skill, training and competence of the
271 collaborating physician. The collaborating physician shall be board
272 certified in the specialty that the graduate physician is practicing, which

273 shall only include pediatrics, internal medicine, family medicine,
274 obstetrics and gynecology or psychiatry.

275 (c) A graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall
276 contain the following provisions:

277 (1) The complete names, home and business addresses and telephone
278 numbers of the collaborating physician and the graduate physician;

279 (2) A requirement that the graduate physician practice at the same
280 location as the collaborating physician;

281 (3) A requirement that the graduate physician or collaborating
282 physician prominently display, in every office where the graduate
283 physician is authorized to prescribe, a disclosure statement informing
284 patients that they may be seen by a graduate physician and advising
285 patients that they have the right to see the collaborating physician;

286 (4) A list of each specialty and board certification of the collaborating
287 physician and each certification of the graduate physician;

288 (5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician
289 and the graduate physician, including, but not limited to, a description
290 of the manner in which the collaborating physician and the graduate
291 physician shall:

292 (A) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each
293 professional's skill, training, education and competence; and

294 (B) Maintain geographic proximity to a hospital, provided the
295 graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement may allow for
296 geographic proximity to be waived for not more than twenty-eight days
297 per calendar year for the provision of primary care services in health
298 care services in a rural health clinic. As used in this subparagraph, "rural
299 health clinic" means (i) an independent health clinic, (ii) provider-based
300 health clinic, if the provider is a critical access hospital, as defined in 42
301 USC 1395i-4, as amended from time to time, or (iii) a provider-based
302 health clinic, if the primary location of the hospital sponsor is more than

303 twenty-five miles from the clinic, which clinic is located in a town that
304 has either seventy-five per cent or more of its population classified as
305 rural in the 1990 federal decennial census of population, or in the most
306 recent such census used by the State Office of Rural Health to determine
307 rural towns, or a town that is not designated as a metropolitan area on
308 the list maintained by the federal Office of Management and Budget,
309 used by the State Office of Rural Health to determine rural towns. The
310 collaborating physician shall maintain documentation related to the
311 geographic proximity requirement and present the documentation to
312 the Connecticut Medical Examining Board upon request;

313 (6) A requirement that the graduate physician shall not provide
314 primary care services to a patient during the absence of the collaborating
315 physician from the practice location for any reason;

316 (7) A list of all other graduate physician collaborative practice
317 arrangements of (A) the collaborating physician with another graduate
318 physician, and (B) the graduate physician with another collaborating
319 physician;

320 (8) The duration of the graduate physician collaborative practice
321 arrangement between the collaborating physician and the graduate
322 physician;

323 (9) A provision describing the time and manner of the collaborating
324 physician's review of the graduate physician's delivery of primary care
325 services and requiring the graduate physician to submit to the
326 collaborating physician every fourteen days after the initial observation
327 year a minimum of twenty-five per cent of the charts documenting the
328 graduate physician's delivery of primary care services for review by the
329 collaborating physician or by any other physician designated in the
330 graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement. For the first
331 three months of the initial observation year, the collaborating physician
332 shall review one hundred per cent of the charts documenting the
333 graduate physician's delivery of primary care services. For months four
334 to twelve, inclusive, of the initial observation year, the collaborating

335 physician shall review seventy-five per cent of the charts documenting
336 the graduate physician's delivery of primary care services; and

337 (10) A requirement that a collaborating physician be on premises if
338 the graduate physician performs primary care services in a hospital or
339 emergency department.

340 Sec. 16. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) The Connecticut Medical
341 Examining Board shall promulgate rules regulating the use of graduate
342 physician collaborative practice arrangements for graduate physicians.
343 The rules shall:

344 (1) Specify the geographic areas to be covered by graduate physician
345 collaborative practice arrangements;

346 (2) Specify the methods of treatment that may be covered by graduate
347 physician collaborative practice arrangements;

348 (3) Specify, in consultation with the deans of medical schools and
349 primary care residency program directors in the state, the educational
350 methods and programs to be implemented by the collaborating
351 physician during graduate physician collaborative practice service
352 arrangements, to facilitate the advancement of the graduate physician's
353 medical knowledge and capabilities and the successful completion of
354 which may lead to credit toward a future residency program that
355 accepts the documented educational achievements of the graduate
356 physician through such methods and programs; and

357 (4) Require a review of the primary care services provided under a
358 graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement.

359 (b) A collaborating physician shall not enter into a graduate physician
360 collaborative practice arrangement with more than three graduate
361 physicians at the same time.

362 Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) The Connecticut Medical
363 Examining Board shall promulgate rules applicable to graduate
364 physicians that are consistent with the federal guidelines established for

365 federally qualified health centers. The rulemaking authority granted to
366 said board under this subsection shall not extend to any graduate
367 physician collaborative practice arrangement governing a hospital
368 employee providing inpatient care within a hospital.

369 (b) The board shall not deny, revoke, suspend or otherwise take
370 disciplinary action against a collaborating physician for primary care
371 services delegated to a graduate physician, provided the provisions of
372 this section and any applicable rule promulgated by said board are
373 satisfied.

374 (c) Not later than thirty days after any licensure change of a
375 physician, the board shall require the physician to identify whether the
376 physician is engaged in a graduate physician collaborative practice
377 arrangement, and to report to the board the name of each graduate
378 physician with whom the physician has entered into such an
379 arrangement. The board may make the information regarding such
380 arrangement available to the public. The board shall track the reported
381 information and may routinely conduct reviews or inspections to ensure
382 that the arrangements are being carried out in compliance with this
383 chapter.

384 (d) No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as
385 a collaborating physician for a graduate physician against the
386 physician's will. A physician may refuse to act as a collaborating
387 physician, without penalty, for a particular graduate physician. No
388 contract or other agreement shall limit the collaborating physician's
389 authority over any protocols or standing orders or delegate the
390 physician's authority to a graduate physician. Nothing in this subsection
391 shall be construed to authorize a physician, in implementing protocols,
392 standing orders or delegation to violate any standards for safe medical
393 practice established by a hospital's medical staff.

394 (e) No contract or other agreement shall require a graduate physician
395 to serve as a graduate physician for any collaborating physician against
396 the graduate physician's will. A graduate physician may refuse to

397 collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

398 (f) Each collaborating physician and graduate physician that is party
399 to a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall wear
400 an identification badge while acting within the scope of the
401 arrangement. The identification badge shall prominently display the
402 licensure status of the collaborating physician and the graduate
403 physician.

404 Sec. 18. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) A collaborating physician
405 shall complete a certification course approved by the Connecticut
406 Medical Examining Board that shall include material on the laws
407 pertaining to the professional relationship of a collaborating physician
408 with a graduate physician prior to entering into a collaborative practice
409 arrangement with a graduate physician.

410 (b) A graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall
411 supersede any hospital licensing regulation concerning hospital
412 medication orders under a protocol or standing order for the purpose of
413 delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital if the protocol
414 or standing order has been approved by the hospital's medical staff and
415 pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

416 Sec. 19. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) On or before January 1, 2025, the
417 Commissioner of Public Health, in consultation with the Commission
418 on Community Gun Violence Intervention and Prevention, established
419 pursuant to section 19a-112j of the general statutes, and the Connecticut
420 chapters of a national professional association of physicians, a national
421 professional association of advanced practice registered nurses and a
422 national professional association of physician assistants, shall develop
423 or procure educational material concerning gun safety practices to be
424 provided by primary care providers to patients who are eighteen years
425 of age or older during the patient's appointment with such patient's
426 primary care provider. On or before February 1, 2025, the Department
427 of Public Health shall make the educational material available to all
428 primary care providers of persons eighteen years of age or older in the

429 state, at no cost to the provider, and make recommendations to such
430 primary care providers for the effective use of such educational
431 material. Such primary care providers shall provide such educational
432 material to each patient who is eighteen years of age or older on an
433 annual basis at the patient's appointment with the primary care
434 provider.

435 Sec. 20. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The cochairpersons of the joint
436 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
437 matters relating to public health shall establish a working group to
438 study nonalcoholic fatty liver disease, including nonalcoholic fatty liver
439 and nonalcoholic steatohepatitis. Such study shall include, but need not
440 be limited to, an examination of the following:

441 (1) The incidences of such disease in the state compared to incidences
442 of such disease throughout the United States;

443 (2) The population groups most affected by and at risk of being
444 diagnosed with such disease and the main risk factors contributing to
445 its prevalence in such groups;

446 (3) Strategies for preventing such disease in high-risk populations
447 and how such strategies can be implemented state-wide;

448 (4) Methods of increasing public awareness of such disease,
449 including, but not limited to, public awareness campaigns educating the
450 public regarding liver health;

451 (5) Whether implementation of a state-wide screening program for
452 such disease in at-risk populations is recommended;

453 (6) Policy changes necessary to improve care and outcomes for
454 patients with such disease;

455 (7) Insurance coverage and affordability issues that affect access to
456 treatments for such disease;

457 (8) The creation of patient advocacy and support networks to assist

458 persons living with such disease; and

459 (9) The manner in which social determinants of health influence the
460 risk and outcomes of such disease and interventions needed to address
461 such determinants.

462 (b) The working group shall include, but need not be limited to, the
463 following members:

464 (1) A physician with expertise in hepatology and gastroenterology
465 representing an institution of higher education in the state;

466 (2) Three persons in the state living with nonalcoholic fatty liver
467 disease;

468 (3) A representative of a patient advocacy organization in the state;

469 (4) A social worker with experience working with communities in
470 underserved areas in the state and addressing social determinants of
471 health;

472 (5) An expert in health care policy in the state with experience in
473 advising on regulatory frameworks, health care access and insurance
474 issues;

475 (6) A nutritionist and dietician in the state with experience in
476 providing guidance on preventative measures and dietary interventions
477 related to nonalcoholic fatty liver disease;

478 (7) A community health worker who works directly with
479 underserved communities in the state in addressing social determinants
480 of health;

481 (8) A representative of a nonprofit organization in the state focused
482 on liver health; and

483 (9) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's
484 designee.

485 (c) The cochairpersons of the joint standing committee of the General
486 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health shall
487 convene the first meeting of the working group, which shall be held not
488 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

489 (d) The members of the working group shall select two
490 cochairpersons from among the members of the working group.

491 (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
492 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
493 health shall serve as administrative staff of the working group.

494 (f) Not later than January 1, 2025, the working group shall submit a
495 report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing
496 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
497 relating to public health, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-
498 4a of the general statutes. The working group shall terminate on the date
499 that it submits such report or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

500 Sec. 21. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The cochairpersons of the joint
501 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
502 matters relating to public health shall convene a working group to study
503 health issues experienced by nail salon workers as a result of such
504 workers' exposure to health hazards in a nail salon. Such study shall
505 include, but need not be limited to, (1) an identification of health
506 hazards in a nail salon, (2) mechanisms to reduce nail salon workers'
507 exposure to such health hazards, (3) best practices for preventing nail
508 salon workers from acquiring health issues from exposure to health
509 hazards in a nail salon, and (4) assessing the strengths of policies
510 protecting nail salon workers' health that have been implemented in
511 other states.

512 (b) The working group shall include, but need not be limited to, the
513 following members:

514 (1) Three nail technicians, each employed by a different nail salon in
515 the state;

516 (2) Three owners or managers of three different nail salons in the
517 state;

518 (3) A health care professional licensed in the state with experience
519 treating patients experiencing symptoms of an illness attributable to
520 such patients' exposure to health hazards while working in a nail salon;

521 (4) A representative of a labor union in the state;

522 (5) An expert in occupational safety;

523 (6) An expert in environmental health;

524 (7) A director of a municipal health department in the state with more
525 than three nail salons in the department's jurisdiction; and

526 (8) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's
527 designee.

528 (c) The cochairpersons of the joint standing committee of the General
529 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health shall
530 convene the first meeting of the working group, which shall occur not
531 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

532 (d) The members of the working group shall select two
533 cochairpersons from among the members of the working group.

534 (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
535 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
536 health shall serve as administrative staff of the working group.

537 (f) Not later than January 1, 2025, the working group shall submit a
538 report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing
539 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
540 relating to public health, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-
541 4a of the general statutes. The working group shall terminate on the date
542 that it submits such report or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

543 Sec. 22. (*Effective from passage*) The Commissioner of Public Health, in

544 collaboration with the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, shall
545 study incidences of prescription drug shortages in the state and whether
546 the state has a role in alleviating such shortages. Not later than January
547 1, 2025, the Commissioners of Public Health and Consumer Protection
548 shall jointly report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of
549 the general statutes, to the joint standing committees of the General
550 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and
551 consumer protection regarding such study and any recommendations
552 for legislation that would help alleviate or prevent such shortages.

553 Sec. 23. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2024*) (a) For the purposes of this
554 section, "safety plan" means any plan established by the Department of
555 Children and Families to address or mitigate behaviors of a parent or
556 guardian or conditions or circumstances in a home that may render such
557 home unsafe for a child, by (1) identifying actions that have been or will
558 be taken to address or mitigate such behaviors, conditions or
559 circumstances, and (2) specifying the individuals or providers
560 responsible for taking such actions, and timeframes for review of such
561 actions by the department.

562 (b) When the Commissioner of Children and Families, or the
563 commissioner's designee, conducts a visit to, or evaluation of, a home
564 pursuant to a safety plan, such visit or evaluation shall be conducted in
565 person if such safety plan indicates that a parent or guardian in such
566 home has a substance use disorder, as defined in section 20-74s of the
567 general statutes.

568 Sec. 24. Section 19a-490ff of the 2024 supplement to the general
569 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
570 (*Effective from passage*):

571 (a) As used in this section, (1) "board eligible" means eligible to take
572 a qualifying examination administered by a medical specialty board
573 after having graduated from a medical school, completed a residency
574 program and trained under supervision in a specialty fellowship
575 program, (2) "board certified" means having passed the qualifying

576 examination administered by a medical specialty board to become
577 board certified in a particular specialty, and (3) "board recertification"
578 means recertification in a particular specialty after a predetermined time
579 period prescribed by a medical specialty board, including, but not
580 limited to, through participation in any required maintenance of
581 certification program, after having passed the qualifying examination
582 administered by the medical specialty board to become board certified
583 in a particular specialty.

584 (b) No hospital, or medical review committee of a hospital, shall
585 require, as part of its credentialing requirements (1) for a board eligible
586 physician to acquire privileges to practice in the hospital, that the
587 physician provide credentials of board certification in a particular
588 specialty until five years after the date on which the physician became
589 board eligible in such specialty, or (2) for a board certified physician to
590 acquire or retain privileges to practice in the hospital, that the physician
591 provide credentials of board recertification.

592 Sec. 25. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) For purposes of this
593 section:

594 (1) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as provided in
595 section 38a-477aa of the general statutes;

596 (2) "Maintenance of certification" means any process requiring
597 periodic recertification examinations or other professional development
598 activities to maintain specialty certification;

599 (3) "Professional liability insurance" has the same meaning as
600 provided in section 38a-393 of the general statutes; and

601 (4) "Specialty certification" means any certification by a medical
602 board that specializes in one area of medicine and has requirements in
603 addition to licensing requirements in this state.

604 (b) No insurer, health care center, hospital service corporation,
605 medical service corporation, fraternal benefit society or other entity that

606 delivers, issues for delivery, renews, amends or continues an individual
607 or group health insurance policy providing coverage of the type
608 specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469 of
609 the general statutes in this state on or after January 1, 2025, shall (1) deny
610 reimbursement to such health care provider, or prevent any health care
611 provider from participating in any provider network based solely on
612 such health care provider's decision not to maintain a specialty
613 certification through any maintenance of certification program, or (2)
614 require any health care provider to maintain a specialty certification
615 through a maintenance of certification program as a prerequisite for
616 obtaining professional liability insurance or other indemnity against
617 liability for professional malpractice in accordance with section 20-11b
618 of the general statutes, provided that such health care provider does not
619 hold such health care provider out to be a specialist under such specialty
620 certification.

621 Sec. 26. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) (a) As used in this section:

622 (1) "Dispense" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-240
623 of the general statutes;

624 (2) "Opioid drug" has the same meaning as provided in section 20-
625 14a of the general statutes;

626 (3) "Personal opioid drug deactivation and disposal system" means a
627 product that is designed for personal use and enables a patient to
628 permanently deactivate and destroy an opioid drug;

629 (4) "Pharmacist" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-240
630 of the general statutes; and

631 (5) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-240
632 of the general statutes.

633 (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, each
634 pharmacist who dispenses an opioid drug to a patient in this state shall
635 provide to such patient, at the time such pharmacist dispenses such

636 drug to such patient, a personal opioid drug deactivation and disposal
637 system. No pharmacy or pharmacist shall charge any fee to, or impose
638 any cost on, any patient for a personal opioid drug deactivation and
639 disposal system that a pharmacist provides to a patient pursuant to this
640 subdivision.

641 (2) Any pharmacy or pharmacist may seek reimbursement from the
642 Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee established pursuant to section
643 17a-674d of the general statutes for documented expenses incurred by
644 such pharmacy or pharmacist in providing personal opioid drug
645 deactivation and disposal systems to patients pursuant to subdivision
646 (1) of this subsection. No such pharmacy or pharmacist shall be required
647 to bear any documented expense for providing personal opioid drug
648 deactivation and disposal systems to patients pursuant to subdivision
649 (1) of this subsection and, if there are insufficient funds in the Opioid
650 Settlement Fund established pursuant to section 17a-674c of the general
651 statutes, as amended by this act, to cover such documented expenses or
652 such funds are otherwise unavailable, no pharmacist shall be required
653 to provide a personal opioid drug deactivation and disposal system
654 pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

655 (c) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt
656 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the
657 general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.

658 Sec. 27. Subsection (f) of section 17a-674c of the 2024 supplement to
659 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
660 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

661 (f) Moneys in the fund shall be spent only for the following substance
662 use disorder abatement purposes, in accordance with the controlling
663 judgment, consent decree or settlement, as confirmed by the Attorney
664 General's review of such judgment, consent decree or settlement and
665 upon the approval of the committee and the Secretary of the Office of
666 Policy and Management:

667 (1) State-wide, regional or community substance use disorder needs

668 assessments to identify structural gaps and needs to inform
669 expenditures from the fund;

670 (2) Infrastructure required for evidence-based substance use disorder
671 prevention, treatment, recovery or harm reduction programs, services
672 and supports;

673 (3) Programs, services, supports and resources for evidence-based
674 substance use disorder prevention, treatment, recovery or harm
675 reduction;

676 (4) Evidence-informed substance use disorder prevention, treatment,
677 recovery or harm reduction pilot programs or demonstration studies
678 that are not evidence-based, but are approved by the committee as an
679 appropriate use of moneys for a limited period of time as specified by
680 the committee, provided the committee shall assess whether the
681 evidence supports funding such programs or studies or whether it
682 provides a basis for funding such programs or studies with an
683 expectation of creating an evidence base for such programs and studies;

684 (5) Evaluation of effectiveness and outcomes reporting for substance
685 use disorder abatement infrastructure, programs, services, supports and
686 resources for which moneys from the fund have been disbursed,
687 including, but not limited to, impact on access to harm reduction
688 services or treatment for substance use disorders or reduction in drug-
689 related mortality;

690 (6) One or more publicly available data interfaces managed by the
691 commissioner to aggregate, track and report data on (A) substance use
692 disorders, overdoses and drug-related harms, (B) spending
693 recommendations, plans and reports, and (C) outcomes of programs,
694 services, supports and resources for which moneys from the fund were
695 disbursed;

696 (7) Research on opioid abatement, including, but not limited to,
697 development of evidence-based treatment, barriers to treatment,
698 nonopioid treatment of chronic pain and harm reduction, supply-side

699 enforcement;

700 (8) Documented expenses incurred in administering and staffing the
701 fund and the committee, and expenses, including, but not limited to,
702 legal fees, incurred by the state or any municipality in securing
703 settlement proceeds, deposited in the fund as permitted by the
704 controlling judgment, consent decree or settlement;

705 (9) Documented expenses associated with managing, investing and
706 disbursing moneys in the fund;

707 (10) Documented expenses, including legal fees, incurred by the state
708 or any municipality in securing settlement proceeds deposited in the
709 fund to the extent such expenses are not otherwise reimbursed pursuant
710 to a fee agreement provided for by the controlling judgment, consent
711 decree or settlement; [and]

712 (11) Provision of funds to municipal police departments for the
713 purpose of equipping police officers with opioid antagonists, with
714 priority given to departments that do not currently have a supply of
715 opioid antagonists; and

716 (12) Documented expenses incurred by pharmacies and pharmacists
717 in providing personal opioid drug deactivation and disposal systems to
718 patients pursuant to section 26 of this act.

719 Sec. 28. Subdivision (7) of section 31-101 of the general statutes is
720 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
721 *1, 2024*):

722 (7) "Employer" means any person acting directly or indirectly in the
723 interest of an employer in relation to an employee, but shall not include
724 any person engaged in farming, or any person subject to the provisions
725 of the National Labor Relations Act, unless the National Labor Relations
726 Board has declined to assert jurisdiction over such person, or any person
727 subject to the provisions of the Federal Railway Labor Act, or the state
728 or any political or civil subdivision thereof or any religious agency or

729 corporation, or any labor organization, except when acting as an
730 employer, or any one acting as an officer or agent of such labor
731 organization. An employer licensed by the Department of Public Health
732 under section 19a-490 shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter
733 with respect to all its employees except those licensed under [chapters
734 370 and] chapter 379, unless such employer is the state or any political
735 subdivision thereof;

736 Sec. 29. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section,
737 "coronary calcium scan" means a computed tomography scan of the
738 heart that looks for calcium deposits in the heart arteries.

739 (b) Each individual health insurance policy providing coverage of the
740 type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469
741 of the general statutes and delivered, issued for delivery, renewed,
742 amended or continued in this state on or after January 1, 2025, shall
743 provide coverage for coronary calcium scans.

744 (c) The provisions of this section shall apply to a high deductible
745 health plan, as such term is used in subsection (f) of section 38a-493 of
746 the general statutes, to the maximum extent permitted by federal law,
747 except if such plan is used to establish a medical savings account or an
748 Archer MSA pursuant to Section 220 of the Internal Revenue Code of
749 1986, as amended from time to time, or any subsequent corresponding
750 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to
751 time, or a health savings account pursuant to Section 223 of said Internal
752 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, the provisions of
753 this section shall apply to such plan to the maximum extent that (1) is
754 permitted by federal law, and (2) does not disqualify such account for
755 the deduction allowed under Section 220 or 223 of said Internal Revenue
756 Code of 1986, as applicable.

757 Sec. 30. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2025*) (a) As used in this section,
758 "coronary calcium scan" means a computed tomography scan of the
759 heart that looks for calcium deposits in the heart arteries.

760 (b) Each group health insurance policy providing coverage of the

761 type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469
762 of the general statutes and delivered, issued for delivery, renewed,
763 amended or continued in this state on or after January 1, 2025, shall
764 provide coverage for coronary calcium scans.

765 (c) The provisions of this section shall apply to a high deductible
766 health plan, as such term is used in subsection (f) of section 38a-493 of
767 the general statutes, to the maximum extent permitted by federal law,
768 except if such plan is used to establish a medical savings account or an
769 Archer MSA pursuant to Section 220 of the Internal Revenue Code of
770 1986, as amended from time to time, or any subsequent corresponding
771 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to
772 time, or a health savings account pursuant to Section 223 of said Internal
773 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, the provisions of
774 this section shall apply to such plan to the maximum extent that (1) is
775 permitted by federal law, and (2) does not disqualify such account for
776 the deduction allowed under Section 220 or 223 of said Internal Revenue
777 Code, as applicable.

778 Sec. 31. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:

779 (1) "Cyber security event" means any observable occurrence of action
780 that could potentially affect the security of computer systems, networks
781 or data; and

782 (2) "Health care facility" means any institution, as defined in section
783 19a-490 of the general statutes, that is licensed pursuant to chapter 368v
784 of the general statutes.

785 (b) Not later than January 1, 2025, the Department of Public Health's
786 Office of Public Preparedness and Response, in collaboration with the
787 state's Chief Information Security Officer, shall include in the state's
788 public health emergency response plan an initiative for health care
789 facility readiness during a cyber security event. Such initiative shall
790 include, but need not be limited to, the acquisition or establishment of
791 the following by each health care facility for use during a cyber security
792 event, as necessary or appropriate for each health care facility:

793 (1) A radio communication system to enable the various units of the
794 health care facility to continue to function;

795 (2) A separate intranet system for secure communications within the
796 health care facility;

797 (3) Facsimile machines, local printers or local laptops for printing and
798 intranet communications;

799 (4) Medical devices that are not connected to the Internet;

800 (5) An intranet-based emergency management information system to
801 document routine and emergency events or incidents;

802 (6) A diversion management system for hospital emergency
803 departments to communicate to emergency medical services
804 organizations, other first responders and patients the need to divert
805 patients seeking emergency medical services to another emergency
806 department or health care facility; and

807 (7) Methods of communicating and coordinating with the
808 Department of Social Services and health carriers to reduce the risk of a
809 sudden reduction in cash flow from the inability to bill for health care
810 services.

811 Sec. 32. (*Effective July 1, 2024*) The sum of twenty-five thousand
812 dollars is appropriated to the Department of Emergency Services and
813 Public Protection, for each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 2025, June
814 30, 2026, June 30, 2027, and June 30, 2028, for an annual meeting focused
815 on prevention, identification and management of a cyber security event,
816 as defined in section 31 of this act. The annual meeting shall (1) include,
817 but need not be limited to, representatives of the Department of Public
818 Health, the Division of Emergency Management and Homeland
819 Security within the Department of Emergency Services and Public
820 Protection, the state National Guard and other local, regional and state-
821 wide law enforcement agencies dealing with cyber security events, and
822 (2) consider the (A) creation of cyber security event command scenarios;

823 (B) functioning and training of individuals within hospitals working
824 with pharmaceuticals while without technology to ensure medication
825 administration and documentation in a safe manner; (C) functioning
826 and training of individuals within hospitals working with laboratory
827 samples and testing and reporting regarding such samples and test
828 results for patients while without technology to ensure safe and accurate
829 documentation and communication; and (D) functioning and training
830 of individuals within hospitals performing imaging studies and testing
831 and reporting results for patients while working without technology to
832 ensure safe and accurate documentation and communication.

833 Sec. 33. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Not later than January 1,
834 2025, the Department of Public Health, in collaboration with the Office
835 of Health Strategy, shall establish a healthy brain initiative by
836 developing a plan to address health conditions affecting the brain,
837 including, but not limited to, Alzheimer's disease, dementia,
838 Parkinson's disease, stroke and epilepsy. Such plan shall include, but
839 need not be limited to, the following objectives:

840 (1) Strengthening (A) policies concerning the prevention and
841 treatment of such health conditions, and (B) partnerships with
842 organizations and health care providers to develop such policies;

843 (2) Evaluating and utilizing data regarding such health conditions;

844 (3) Building a skilled and diverse health care workforce to engage in
845 prevention efforts and provide treatment to persons with such health
846 conditions, including, but not limited to, through obtaining grant
847 funding and using data to estimate and address the gap between the
848 health care workforce capacity and the anticipated demand for health
849 care services from persons with such health conditions;

850 (4) Educating the public regarding such health conditions, methods
851 to prevent such health conditions and treatment options for persons
852 with such health conditions;

853 (5) Establishing a disease management program to promote early

854 diagnosis of such health conditions and develop protocols for providing
855 education, care consultation and referrals for medical and social services
856 to persons with such health conditions and such persons' caregivers,
857 including, but not limited to, through collaborations among teaching
858 hospitals in the state and partnerships with nonprofit organizations that
859 deliver a range of support services promoting the mental and physical
860 health of persons with such health conditions and their caregivers and
861 family members; and

862 (6) Creating a program that is specific to persons with dementia,
863 including, but not limited to (A) community-based opportunities for
864 exercise, self-care and caregiver education, (B) peer support groups and
865 social gatherings for such persons and their caregivers, family members
866 and friends, (C) the provision of information on the department's
867 Internet web site regarding dementia and support for persons with
868 dementia and their caregivers, family members and friends, (D) the
869 development of mobile applications that allow caregivers and family
870 members of persons with dementia to track such persons using personal
871 global positioning system units or mobile telephones with a global
872 positioning system, (E) adult day care networks, and (F) transportation
873 services.

874 (b) Not later than January 1, 2025, the Commissioner of Public Health
875 shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the
876 general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General
877 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health
878 regarding the plan developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
879 and the department's anticipated implementation date of such plan.

880 Sec. 34. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section:

881 (1) "Health care provider" means any person or organization that
882 furnishes health care services to persons with Parkinson's disease or
883 Parkinsonism and is licensed or certified to furnish such services
884 pursuant to chapters 370 and 378 of the general statutes; and

885 (2) "Hospital" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-490

886 of the general statutes.

887 (b) Not later than July 1, 2025, the Department of Public Health shall
888 maintain and operate a state-wide registry of data on Parkinson's
889 disease and Parkinsonism.

890 (c) Each hospital and each health care provider shall make available
891 to the registry such data concerning each patient with Parkinson's
892 disease or Parkinsonism admitted to such hospital or treated by such
893 health care provider for such patient's Parkinson's disease or
894 Parkinsonism as the Commissioner of Public Health shall require by
895 regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54 of the general
896 statutes. Each hospital and health care provider shall provide each such
897 patient with notice of, and the opportunity to opt out of, such disclosure.

898 (d) The data contained in such registry may be used by the
899 department and authorized researchers as specified in such regulations,
900 provided personally identifiable information in such registry
901 concerning any such patient with Parkinson's disease or Parkinsonism
902 shall be held confidential pursuant to section 19a-25 of the general
903 statutes. The data contained in the registry shall not be subject to
904 disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section
905 1-200 of the general statutes. The commissioner may enter into a contract
906 with a nonprofit association in this state concerned with the prevention
907 and treatment of Parkinson's disease and Parkinsonism to provide for
908 the implementation and administration of the registry established
909 pursuant to this section.

910 (e) Each hospital shall provide access to its records to the Department
911 of Public Health, as the department deems necessary, to perform case
912 finding or other quality improvement audits to ensure completeness of
913 reporting and data accuracy consistent with the purposes of this section.

914 (f) The Department of Public Health may enter into a contract for the
915 receipt, storage, holding or maintenance of the data or files under its
916 control and management for the purpose of implementing the
917 provisions of this section.

918 (g) The Department of Public Health may enter into reciprocal
919 reporting agreements with the appropriate agencies of other states to
920 exchange Parkinson's disease and Parkinsonism care data.

921 (h) The Department of Public Health shall establish a Parkinson's
922 disease and Parkinsonism data oversight committee to (1) monitor the
923 operations of the state-wide registry established pursuant to subsection
924 (b) of this section, (2) provide advice regarding the oversight of such
925 registry, (3) develop a plan to improve quality of Parkinson's disease
926 and Parkinsonism care and address disparities in the provision of such
927 care, and (4) develop short and long-term goals for improvement of such
928 care.

929 (i) Said committee shall include, but need not be limited to, the
930 following members, who shall be appointed by the Commissioner of
931 Public Health not later than June 1, 2025: (1) A neurologist; (2) a
932 movement disorder specialist; (3) a primary care provider; (4) a
933 neuropsychiatrist who treats Parkinson's disease; (5) a patient living
934 with Parkinson's disease; (6) a public health professional; (7) a
935 population health researcher with experience in state-wide registries of
936 health condition data; (8) a patient advocate; (9) a family caregiver of a
937 person with Parkinson's disease; (10) a representative of a nonprofit
938 organization related to Parkinson's disease; (11) a physical therapist
939 with experience working with persons with Parkinson's disease; (12) an
940 occupational therapist with experience working with persons with
941 Parkinson's disease; (13) a speech therapist with experience working
942 with persons with Parkinson's disease; (14) a social worker with
943 experience providing services to persons with Parkinson's disease; (15)
944 a geriatric specialist; and (16) a palliative care specialist. Each member
945 shall serve a term of two years. The commissioner shall appoint, from
946 among the members of the oversight committee, a chairperson who
947 shall schedule the first meeting of the oversight committee on or before
948 July 1, 2025. The Department of Public Health shall assist said committee
949 in its work and provide any information or data that the committee
950 deems necessary to fulfil its duties, unless the disclosure of such
951 information or data is prohibited by state or federal law. Not later than

952 January 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, the chairperson of the
953 committee shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-
954 4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General
955 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health,
956 regarding the work of the committee. Not later than January 1, 2026, and
957 at least annually thereafter, such chairperson shall report to the
958 Commissioner of Public Health regarding the work of the committee.

959 (j) The Commissioner of Public Health may adopt regulations, in
960 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
961 implement the provisions of this section.

962 Sec. 35. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Commissioner of Mental
963 Health and Addiction Services, in consultation with the Commissioner
964 of Children and Families, shall establish a program for persons
965 diagnosed with recent-onset schizophrenia spectrum disorder, at a
966 hospital in the state, for specialized treatment early in such persons'
967 psychosis. Such program shall serve as a hub for the state-wide
968 dissemination of information regarding best practices for the provision
969 of early intervention services to persons diagnosed with a recent-onset
970 schizophrenia spectrum disorder. Such program shall address (1) the
971 limited knowledge of (A) region-specific needs in treating such
972 disorder, (B) the prevalence of first-episode psychosis in persons
973 diagnosed with such disorder, and (C) disparities across different
974 regions in treating such disorder, (2) uncertainty regarding the
975 availability and readiness of clinicians to implement early intervention
976 services for persons diagnosed with such disorder and such persons'
977 families, and (3) funding of and reimbursement for early intervention
978 services available to persons diagnosed with such disorder.

979 (b) The program established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
980 shall perform the following functions:

981 (1) Develop structured curricula, online resources and
982 videoconferencing-based case conferences to disseminate information
983 for the development of knowledge and skills relevant to patients with

984 first-episode psychosis and such patients' families;

985 (2) Assess and improve the quality of early intervention services
986 available to persons diagnosed with a recent-onset schizophrenic
987 spectrum disorder across the state;

988 (3) Provide expert input on complex cases of a recent-onset
989 schizophrenic spectrum disorder and launch a referral system for
990 consultation with persons having expertise in treating such disorders;

991 (4) Share lessons and resources from any campaigns aimed at
992 reducing the duration of untreated psychosis to improve local pathways
993 to care for persons with such disorders;

994 (5) Serve as an incubator for new evidence-based treatment
995 approaches and pilot such approaches for deployment across the state;

996 (6) Advocate for policies addressing the financing, regulation and
997 provision of services for persons with such disorders; and

998 (7) Collaborate with state agencies to improve outcomes for persons
999 diagnosed with first-episode psychosis in areas including, but not
1000 limited to, crisis services and employment services.

1001 (c) Not later than January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the
1002 Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services shall report, in
1003 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes,
1004 to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
1005 cognizance of matters relating to public health, regarding the functions
1006 and outcomes of the program for specialized treatment early in
1007 psychosis and any recommendations for legislation to address the needs
1008 of persons diagnosed with recent-onset schizophrenic spectrum
1009 disorders.

1010 Sec. 36. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The cochairpersons of the joint
1011 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
1012 matters relating to public health shall establish a working group to
1013 study and make recommendations concerning methods of addressing

1014 loneliness and isolation experienced by persons in the state and to
1015 improve social connection among such persons. The working group
1016 shall perform the following functions:

1017 (1) Evaluate the causes of and other factors contributing to the sense
1018 of isolation and loneliness experienced by persons in the state;

1019 (2) Evaluate methods of preventing and eliminating the sense of
1020 isolation and loneliness experienced by persons in the state;

1021 (3) Recommend local activities, systems and structures to combat
1022 isolation and loneliness in the state, including, but not limited to,
1023 opportunities for organizing or enhancing in-person gatherings within
1024 communities, especially for persons who have been living in isolation
1025 for extended periods of time; and

1026 (4) Explore the possibility of creating municipal-based social
1027 connection committees to address the challenges of and potential
1028 solutions for combatting isolation and loneliness experienced by
1029 persons in the state.

1030 (b) The working group shall include, but need not be limited to, the
1031 following members:

1032 (1) A high school teacher from an urban high school in the state;

1033 (2) A high school teacher from a rural high school in the state;

1034 (3) A dining hall manager of a soup kitchen in a suburban area of the
1035 state;

1036 (4) Three high school students of a high school in the state, including
1037 one student who identifies as a member of the LGBTQ+ community, one
1038 student who identifies as female and one student who identifies as male;

1039 (5) A student of a school of public health at an institution of higher
1040 education in the state;

1041 (6) A student of a school of social work at an institution of higher

1042 education in the state;

1043 (7) A resident of an assisted living facility for veterans in the state;

1044 (8) A resident of an assisted living facility in a suburban town of the
1045 state;

1046 (9) A member of the administration of a senior center in a rural area
1047 of the state;

1048 (10) A member of the administration of a senior center in an urban
1049 area of the state;

1050 (11) A representative of an organization serving children in an urban
1051 area of the state;

1052 (12) A representative of an organization that represents
1053 municipalities in the state;

1054 (13) A representative of an organization that represents small towns
1055 in the state;

1056 (14) A representative of an organization in the state that is working
1057 on policies to improve planning and zoning laws to create an inclusive
1058 society and improve access to transit-oriented development in the state;

1059 (15) A representative of an organization in the state that is working
1060 to improve and create more walkable and accessible main streets in
1061 towns and municipalities in the state;

1062 (16) A representative of an organization in the state that advocates for
1063 persons with a physical disability;

1064 (17) An expert in digital health and identifying safe digital education;

1065 (18) A representative of an organization in the state that develops
1066 mobile applications that are intended to address loneliness and
1067 isolation;

- 1068 (19) A psychiatrist who treats adolescents in the state;
 - 1069 (20) A psychiatrist who treats adults in the state;
 - 1070 (21) A librarian from a library in a rural area of the state;
 - 1071 (22) A social worker who practices in an urban area of the state;
 - 1072 (23) The Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, or
 - 1073 the commissioner's designee; and
 - 1074 (24) The Commissioner of Children and Families, or the
 - 1075 commissioner's designee.
- 1076 (c) The cochairpersons of the joint standing committee of the General
- 1077 Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health shall
- 1078 schedule the first meeting of the working group, which shall be held not
- 1079 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.
- 1080 (d) The members of the working group shall elect two chairpersons
- 1081 from among the members of the working group.
- 1082 (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
- 1083 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public
- 1084 health shall serve as administrative staff of the working group.
- 1085 (f) Not later than January 1, 2025, the working group shall submit a
- 1086 report on its findings and recommendations to the joint standing
- 1087 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
- 1088 relating to public health, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-
- 1089 4a of the general statutes. The working group shall terminate on the date
- 1090 that it submits such report or January 1, 2025, whichever is later.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2024	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2024	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2024	New section

Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	17b-242(a)
Sec. 5	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 10	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 11	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 12	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 13	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 14	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 15	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 16	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 17	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 18	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 20	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 21	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 22	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 23	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 24	<i>from passage</i>	19a-490ff
Sec. 25	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 26	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 27	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	17a-674c(f)
Sec. 28	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	31-101(7)
Sec. 29	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 30	<i>January 1, 2025</i>	New section
Sec. 31	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 32	<i>July 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 33	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 34	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 35	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 36	<i>from passage</i>	New section

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 4(a), "to cover the costs of providing such escorts" was added, for clarity; Section 16(a)(3) was redrafted for clarity; in Section 17, "guidelines" was changed to "federal guidelines" for clarity; in Section 18(a), "prior to entering into a collaborative practice arrangement with a graduate physician" was added for clarity; and, in Section 19, at the end

of the last sentence, "at the patient's appointment with the primary care provider" was added for clarity.

PH *Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO*