

## General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 905

January Session, 2023



## AN ACT CONCERNING ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR AND TOBACCO BARS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- For the purposes of this chapter and sections 2 to 4, inclusive, of this
- 4 <u>act</u>, unless the context indicates a different meaning:
- 5 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a
- 6 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
- 7 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
- 8 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding a
- 9 permit under Section 402 of said act.
- 10 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented
- 11 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's origin,
- 12 and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered nonpotable.
- 13 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four
- varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (21) and (22) of this
- 15 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
- 16 patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine and at
- 17 least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of being

- consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to the variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to the following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided in subdivision (22) of this section.
  - (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an agent, employee or part owner.
  - (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in drinking water.
  - (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or from any port of this state.
- 33 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard, 34 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and 35 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer, 36 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the 37 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the 38 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, of bottles or units as follows: 39 (A) Six one thousand seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (B) six one 40 thousand eight hundred milliliter bottles, (C) twelve seven hundred 41 milliliter bottles, (D) twelve seven hundred twenty milliliter bottles, (E) 42 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (F) twelve nine hundred 43 milliliter bottles, (G) twelve one liter bottles, (H) twenty-four three 44 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred 45 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one 46 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter 47 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured, 48 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to 49 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than

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- two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities or numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any one person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as provided in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.
  - (8) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization that (A) is organized for charitable purposes, and (B) has received a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service classifying such nonprofit organization as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time.
- 62 (9) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.
- 63 (10) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-33a.
- 64 (11) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission 65 established under this chapter.
  - (12) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.
    - (13) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in premises operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21, (ii) a restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii) a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, as amended by this act, and (B) where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who has means of payment and a proper demeanor.
    - (14) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without additions or adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol content, (ii) process, and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated, sparkling or still.
- 78 (15) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-one

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- 79 years of age.
- 80 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.
- 82 (17) "Nonprofit public television corporation" has the same meaning 83 as provided in section 30-37d.
- 84 (18) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not limited to, 85 a partner.
- 86 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company, 87 limited liability company or other association of individuals.
- (19) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries, joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.
- (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation that, is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor, landlord or note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor.
- 96 (20) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22.
- 97 (21) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by 98 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in 99 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.
- 100 (22) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermenting the 101 natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or other 102 agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified wines 103 such as port, sherry and champagne.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this section:

- (1) "Auctioneer" means any person who (A) regularly provides professional services by auctioning items for sale, and (B) does not hold any other permit issued under chapter 545 of the general statutes; and
- (2) "Individual collector" means any person who is not (A) a backer or permittee, (B) an employee of a backer, or (C) a director or officer of a backer.
- (b) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow the sale of beer, spirits and wine obtained from one or more individual collectors, holders of package store permits issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes or holders of cancelled restaurant permits issued under section 30-22 of the general statutes or cancelled cafe permits issued under section 30-22a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, through an auction conducted by an auctioneer. Such auction may be conducted, in person or online, only during the hours specified in subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- (c) To obtain a temporary auction permit under this section, an auctioneer shall submit an application to the department, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, at least sixty days before the first day of the auction to be conducted under such permit. The auctioneer applicant shall serve as the backer of such permit. Each such permit shall be valid for one auction and shall be effective for a period not to exceed three consecutive days in duration. The department may issue not more than four temporary auction permits to a backer in any calendar year. The fee for a temporary auction permit shall be one hundred seventy-five dollars per day.
- (d) The auctioneer shall obtain all beer, spirits and wine that are the subject of an auction conducted under a temporary auction permit issued under this section from one or more individual collectors, holders of package store permits issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes or holders of cancelled restaurant permits issued under section 30-22 of the general statutes or cancelled cafe permits issued under

section 30-22a of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The auctioneer shall only accept beer, spirits or wine that (1) was lawfully acquired by (A) an individual collector, or (B) the holder of a package store permit issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes, cancelled restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 of the general statutes or cancelled cafe permit issued under section 30-22a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, who purchased such beer, spirits or wine from the holder of a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17 of the general statutes, and (2) bears an intact seal from the manufacturer of such beer, spirits or wine. An individual collector may sell or consign such beer, spirits or wine to the auctioneer. The holder of a package store permit issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes may sell or consign such beer, spirits or wine to the auctioneer, provided the starting bid for such beer, spirits or wine is in an amount that is not less than the amount required under section 30-68m of the general statutes. The holder of a cancelled restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 of the general statutes or a cancelled cafe permit issued under section 30-22a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, may, not later than sixty days after such permit is cancelled, sell or consign such beer, spirits or wine to the auctioneer. All unsold consigned beer, spirits or wine shall be returned to the individual collector, holder of the package store permit issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes, holder of the cancelled restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 of the general statutes or holder of the cancelled cafe permit issued under section 30-22a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, not later than ten days after the final day of such auction.

(e) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, all beer, spirits and wine sold at an auction conducted pursuant to a temporary auction permit issued under this section is exempt from the requirements of sections 30-63 and 30-68m of the general statutes. Except for unsold consigned beer, spirits or wine that an auctioneer returns to the holder of a package store permit issued under section 30-20 of the general statutes, no such beer, spirits or wine may be resold, offered for sale or otherwise used on the permit premises of any other permittee operating,

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or the backer of any other permit issued, under chapter 545 of the general statutes.

- (f) A holder of a temporary auction permit issued under this section may offer free samples of any beer, spirits or wine to be sold at auction for tasting, provided the holder sends a notice to the department, at least thirty days before the first day of such auction and in a form and manner prescribed by the department, disclosing that the holder intends to offer such free samples for tasting. Any tasting shall be conducted only during the hours in which the holder of a temporary auction permit issued under this section is authorized to sell alcoholic liquor under subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. No tasting shall be offered to any minor or intoxicated person, or from more than ten uncorked or open cans or bottles at any one time. Any town or municipality may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit the offering of such free samples by the holders of temporary auction permits issued under this section at events or functions held in such town or municipality.
- 189 (g) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow for the delivery and shipment of any beer, spirits or wine sold at an auction conducted pursuant to such permit directly to the consumer who purchased such beer, spirits or wine. Any shipment to a consumer outside of this state is subject to all applicable laws of the jurisdiction in which such consumer is located. When shipping such beer, spirits or wine directly to a consumer in this state, the holder of such permit shall: (1) Ensure that the shipping label on each container containing such beer, spirits or wine states the following: "CONTAINS ALCOHOL -SIGNATURE OF A PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY"; (2) obtain the signature of a person who is at least twentyone years of age at the delivery address prior to delivery, after requiring such person to demonstrate that such person is at least twenty-one years of age by providing a valid motor vehicle operator's license or a valid identity card described in section 1-1h of the general statutes; (3) not ship such beer, spirits or wine to any address in this state where the sale

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- of alcoholic liquor is prohibited by local option pursuant to section 30-9 of the general statutes; and (4) make any such shipment through the use of a person who holds an in-state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f of the general statutes.
- (h) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) An outdoor open-air permit shall allow the retail sale of alcoholic liquor for consumption on a lot, yard, green or other outdoor open space, provided: (1) The retail sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor is allowed in such space by the applicable local zoning, health and fire marshal officials; (2) the permitted premises is not more than one acre in size; (3) a temporary fence or a wall not less than thirty inches high encloses the permitted area; (4) restrooms or enclosed portable toilets are available either within the permitted area or nearby; and (5) food is available for sale to consumers for consumption on the permitted premises during all hours that the permittee is engaging in the retail sale of alcoholic liquor. Any such food may be prepared on the permitted premises, be provided by a food truck or a caterer or consist of prepackaged items. The availability of area menus for delivery shall be deemed to constitute compliance with such requirement. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require that food be purchased with an alcoholic beverage.
  - (b) Tents, mobile units and other temporary fixtures may be included within the permitted premises. A permittee under this section shall maintain the permitted premises in a manner consistent with all applicable local zoning, health and fire requirements.
  - (c) The outdoor open-air permit shall be issued by the department subject to the limitations on hours of operation for a restaurant permittee, as specified in subsection (a) of section 30-91 of the general statutes. No such permit shall be renewable. Any backer of the permittee may apply for only one outdoor open-air permit per calendar year. The

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- provisions of subdivision (3) of subsections (b) and subsection (c) of section 30-39 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall not apply to outdoor open-air permits. The annual fee for each outdoor open-air permit shall be four thousand dollars.
- 241 (d) The outdoor open-air permit shall allow the sale at retail of 242 draught beer for off-premises consumption in sealed containers 243 supplied by the permittee. Such sales shall be conducted only during 244 the hours in which a package store may sell alcoholic liquor under the 245 provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes, as 246 amended by this act. Not more than four liters of such beer shall be sold 247 to any person on any day on which the sale of alcoholic liquor is 248 authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the 249 general statutes, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Cocktail keg" means any individual container of a cocktail or prepared mixed drink that (A) has a liquid capacity of at least four gallons, and (B) is sealed by the (i) manufacturer of such cocktail or prepared mixed drink, or (ii) holder of a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17 of the general statutes; and
- (2) "Qualified retail permittee" means the holder of a permit issued under chapter 545 of the general statutes, which permit authorizes such holder to sell cocktails and prepared mixed drinks for on-premises consumption.
- (b) Any holder of a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17 of the general statutes may sell, at wholesale, a cocktail keg to a qualified retail permittee.
- Sec. 5. Section 30-6a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 266 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may adopt in accordance

with the provisions of chapter 54 all necessary regulations, subject to the provisions of [subsection (c)] <u>subsections (b) to (e)</u>, <u>inclusive</u>, of this section, to: (1) Carry out, enforce and prevent violation of the provisions of this chapter; [,] (2) inspect permit premises; [,] (3) ensure sanitary conditions; [,] (4) ensure proper, safe and orderly conduct of permit premises; [,] and (5) protect the public against fraud or overcharge.

(b) More specifically, with respect to part V of this chapter, the Department of Consumer Protection may adopt in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 regulations that are necessary to: (1) [carry] Carry out the purposes of section 30-64 and prevent the circumvention thereof by the offering or giving of any rebate, allowance, free goods, discount or any other thing or service of value; (2) permit the withdrawal of, an addition to, a deletion from or an amendment of any schedule, or a modification of prices therein, when not inconsistent with the purposes of [said] section 30-64, whenever necessary to avoid practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships to any permittee affected by [said] section 30-64 or because of acts or circumstances beyond the control of such permittee and under such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of [said] section 30-64; (3) permit the sale by a retailer of a brand of alcoholic liquor or wine for which a schedule of suggested consumer resale prices has not been and cannot be filed, whenever necessary to avoid practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships to any permittee affected by [said] section 30-64 or because of acts or circumstances beyond the control of such permittee, and under such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of [said] section 30-64; (4) subject to the provisions of section 30-63e, permit the closeout of a brand for the purpose of discontinuing its sale, under such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of [said] section 30-64; (5) carry out the purposes of sections 30-68k to 30-68m, inclusive, and section 30-76a and prevent their circumvention; (6) on verified application, and for good cause shown, permit any adjustment or change of any item on the schedule required to be filed under [section] sections 30-63 and [said section] 30-64; and (7) permit the sale at a price which is less than cost

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- by a supplier, wholesaler or retailer for any item of alcoholic liquor, except beer, that is damaged or deteriorated in quality, or, subject to the provisions of section 30-63f, permit the closeout of a brand or size for the purpose of discontinuing its sale, under such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 30-68k to 30-68m, inclusive, and section 30-76a.
- (c) Not later than October 1, 2021, the Department of Consumer Protection shall amend such regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to: (1) Allow for the use of self-pour automated systems by permittees and employees of permittees for the dispensing of beer, cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume and wine pursuant to section 30-62d; [,] (2) ensure that such beer, cider and wine is not initially dispensed from any such system in servings of more than thirty-two ounces of beer or cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, or ten ounces of wine, to any one person for [his or her] such person's own consumption at any one time; [,] and (3) ensure that second and subsequent servings of such beer, cider and wine from any such system is allowed only after the first serving has been substantially disposed of or consumed by such person.
- (d) Not later than October 1, 2023, the Department of Consumer Protection shall amend such regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to provide that: (1) Beer or wine pipe lines and barrel tubes used to dispense alcoholic beverages in places where such dispensing is carried on shall be cleaned, at least once every two weeks, by the use of a hydraulic pressure mechanism, hand pump suction, a force cleaner or any other system approved by the department for such purpose; and (2) after cleaning such lines or tubes, such lines or tubes shall be rinsed with clear water until all chemicals used to clean such lines or tubes, if chemicals were used to clean such lines or tubes, are removed from such lines or tubes.
  - [(d)] (e) The department shall not adopt any regulation: (1) Requiring prior approval of alterations or changes in the interior or exterior of permit premises; (2) requiring prior approval for live entertainment or

- the installation of amusement devices or games; (3) requiring 334 335 registration of employees or agents of permittees; (4) requiring the 336 presence of retail permittees on permit premises during hours of sale or 337 prohibiting employment of such permittees in another occupation or 338 business except as provided in section 30-45; (5) establishing a 339 mandated minimum price above which a permittee must sell; or (6) 340 requiring effective separation for restaurants and cafes.
- 341 Sec. 6. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-14 of the general statutes 342 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 343 from passage):
- 344 (a) Each permit shall be a purely personal privilege that is revocable 345 in the discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection, and subject 346 to appeal, as provided in section 30-55. Except as otherwise provided in the general statutes, including, but not limited to, sections 30-25, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h and section 2 of this act, each permit 349 shall expire annually. No permit shall constitute property, be subject to 350 attachment and execution or be alienable, except a permit shall descend 351 to the estate of a deceased permittee by the laws of testate or intestate 352 succession. An airline permit issued under section 30-28a or a cafe 353 permit issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a, as amended by this 354 act, shall be granted to the airline corporation or railway corporation 355 and not to any person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.
  - (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections 30-25, 30-35, 30-37b, 30-37d, 30-37g and 30-37h and section 2 of this act, may be issued for a continuous period of not more than six consecutive calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but rebate of fees shall not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the term of a permit revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of this chapter.
- 362 Sec. 7. Section 30-16 of the general statutes is repealed and the 363 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) As used in this subsection, "proof gallon" has the same meaning 364

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as provided in section 12-433, as amended by this act. A manufacturer permit for spirits shall allow the manufacture of spirits and the storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of spirits manufactured or bottled to permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by law; but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department of Consumer Protection. The holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits who produces less than fifty thousand proof gallons of spirits in a calendar year may sell at retail from the premises sealed bottles or other sealed containers of spirits manufactured on the premises for consumption off the premises, provided such holder shall not sell to any one consumer more than three liters of spirits per day nor more than five gallons of spirits in any two-month period. Retail sales by a holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits shall occur only on the days and times permitted under subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, alone or in combination with any parent or subsidiary business or related or affiliated party, who sells more than ten thousand gallons of spirits in any calendar year may not sell spirits at wholesale to retail permittees within this state. Such permit shall also authorize the offering and tasting, on the premises of the permittee, of free samples of spirits distilled on the premises. Such free samples of spirits distilled on the premises may be offered for consumption in combination with a nonalcoholic beverage. Tastings shall not exceed two ounces per patron per day and shall not be allowed on such premises on Sunday before eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m. and on any other day before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock p.m. No tastings shall be offered to or allowed to be consumed by any minor or intoxicated person. A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits may apply for and shall receive an out-of-state shipper's permit for manufacturing plants and warehouse locations outside the state owned by such manufacturer or a subsidiary corporation thereof, at least eighty-five per cent of the voting stock of which is owned by such manufacturer, to bring into any of its plants or warehouses in the state spirits for reprocessing, repackaging, reshipment or sale either (1) within the state to wholesaler

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permittees not owned or controlled by such manufacturer, or (2) outside the state. A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits may sell spirits manufactured by such manufacturer under a farmers' market sales permit issued under section 30-370, as amended by this act. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for spirits shall be one thousand eight hundred fifty dollars.

(b) A manufacturer permit for beer shall allow the manufacture of beer and the storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of beer manufactured or bottled on the premises of the permittee to permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by law, but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department of Consumer Protection. A holder of a manufacturer permit for beer who sells beer brewed on such premises at wholesale to retail permittees within this state shall make such beer available to all holders of a package store permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 and to all holders of a grocery store beer permit held pursuant to said section in the geographical region in which the holder of the manufacturer permit for beer self distributes, subject to reasonable limitations, as determined by the Department of Consumer Protection. [Such permit] A manufacturer permit for beer shall also allow: (1) The retail sale of such beer under a farmers' market sales permit issued under section 30-370, as amended by this act; (2) the retail sale of such beer, and beer brewed in collaboration with at least one other holder of [such a permit] a manufacturer permit for beer, to be consumed on the premises with or without the sale of food; [, (2)] (3) the selling at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises, or in collaboration with at least one other holder of [such a permit] a manufacturer permit for beer, for consumption off the premises; [,] and [(3)] (4) the sale of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises to the holder of a wholesaler permit issued pursuant to section 30-17, provided the holder of such permit produces at least five thousand gallons of beer on the premises annually. Such selling at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or

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other sealed containers shall comply with the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, and shall permit not more than nine gallons of beer to be sold to any person on any day on which such sale is authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for beer shall be one thousand four hundred dollars. For the purposes of this subsection and section 30-22d, "collaboration" means an arrangement, other than contract brewing or an alternating proprietorship, under which the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under this subsection works together with at least one other such permit holder to manufacture beer by, among other things, sharing the beer recipe or at least forty-nine per cent of the ingredients or labor necessary to manufacture such beer.

- (c) (1) A manufacturer permit for a farm winery shall be in all respects the same as a manufacturer permit, except that the scope of operations of the holder shall be limited to wine and brandies distilled from grape products or other fruit products, including grappa and eau-de-vie. As used in this section, "farm winery" means any place or premises that is located on a farm in the state in which wine is manufactured and sold.
- (2) Such permit shall, at the single principal premises of the farm winery, authorize: (A) [the] The sale in bulk by the holder thereof from the premises where the products are manufactured pursuant to such permit; (B) as to a manufacturer who produces one hundred thousand gallons of wine or less per year, the sale and shipment by the holder thereof to a retailer of wine manufactured by the farm winery permittee in the original sealed containers of not more than fifteen gallons per container; (C) the sale and shipment by the holder thereof of wine manufactured by the farm winery permittee to persons outside the state; (D) the offering and tasting of free samples of such wine or brandy, dispensed out of bottles or containers having capacities of not more than two gallons per bottle or container, to visitors and prospective retail customers for consumption on the premises of sealed bottles or

other sealed containers of such wine or brandy for consumption off the premises; (F) the sale at retail from the premises of wine or brandy by the glass and bottle to visitors on the premises of the farm winery permittee for consumption on the premises; and (G) subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection, the sale and delivery or shipment of wine manufactured by the permittee directly to a consumer in this state. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (D), (E) and (F) of this subdivision, a town may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit any such offering, tasting or selling at retail at premises within such town for which a manufacturer permit for a farm winery has been issued.

(3) A permittee, when selling and shipping wine directly to a consumer in this state, shall: (A) Ensure that the shipping labels on all containers of wine shipped directly to a consumer in this state conspicuously state the following: "CONTAINS ALCOHOL -SIGNATURE OF A PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY"; (B) obtain the signature of a person age twenty-one or older at the address prior to delivery, after requiring the signer to demonstrate that [he or she] such signer is age twenty-one or older by providing a valid motor vehicle operator's license or a valid identity card described in section 1-1h; (C) not ship more than five gallons of wine in any two-month period to any person in this state; (D) pay, to the Department of Revenue Services, all sales taxes and alcoholic beverage taxes due under chapters 219 and 220 on sales of wine to consumers in this state, and file, with said department, all sales tax returns and alcoholic beverage tax returns relating to such sales; (E) report to the Department of Consumer Protection a separate and complete record of all sales and shipments to consumers in the state, on a ledger sheet or similar form which readily presents a chronological account of such permittee's dealings with each such consumer; (F) not ship to any address in the state where the sale of alcoholic liquor is prohibited by local option pursuant to section 30-9; and (G) hold an in-state transporter's permit pursuant to section 30-19f or make any such shipment through the use of a person who holds such an in-state

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transporter's permit.

- (4) No licensed farm winery may sell any such wine or brandy not manufactured by such winery, except a licensed farm winery may sell from the premises: (A) [wine] Wine manufactured by another farm winery located in this state; [,] and (B) brandy manufactured from fruit harvested in this state and distilled off the premises in this state.
- (5) The farm winery permittee shall grow on the premises of the farm winery or on property under the same ownership and control of said permittee or leased by the backer of a farm winery permit or by said permittee within the farm winery's principal state an average crop of fruit equal to not less than twenty-five per cent of the fruit used in the manufacture of the farm winery permittee's wine. An average crop shall be defined each year as the average yield of the farm winery permittee's two largest annual crops out of the preceding five years, except that during the first seven years from the date of issuance of a farm winery permit, an average crop shall be defined as three tons of grapes for each acre of vineyard farmed by the farm winery permittee. Such seven-year period shall not begin anew if the property for which the farm winery permit is held is transferred or sold during such seven-year period. In the event the farm winery consists of more than one property, the aggregate acreage of the farm winery shall not be less than five acres.
- (6) A holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery, when advertising or offering wine for direct shipment to a consumer in this state via the Internet or any other on-line computer network, shall clearly and conspicuously state such liquor permit number in its advertising.
- (7) A holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery may sell and offer free tastings of wine manufactured from such winery at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such farmers' market invites such holder to sell wine at such farmers' market and such holder has a farmers' market wine sales permit issued by the Commissioner of

- Consumer Protection in accordance with the provisions of [subsection 534 (a) of] section 30-370, as amended by this act.
  - (8) The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for a farm winery shall be three hundred dollars.
  - (d) (1) A manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead shall allow the manufacture of wine, cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead and the storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of wine, cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead manufactured or bottled by the permit holder to permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by law; but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department of Consumer Protection.
  - (2) Such permit shall, at a single principal premises, authorize: (A) [the] The sale in bulk by the holder thereof from the premises where the products are manufactured pursuant to such permit; (B) as to a manufacturer who produces one hundred thousand gallons or less per year of products manufactured pursuant to such permit, the sale and shipment by the holder thereof to a retailer of such products manufactured by the permittee in the original sealed containers of not more than fifteen gallons per container; (C) the sale and shipment by the holder thereof of such products manufactured by the permittee to persons outside the state; (D) the offering and tasting of free samples of such products, dispensed out of bottles or containers having capacities of not more than two gallons per bottle or container, to visitors and prospective retail customers for consumption on the premises of the permittee; (E) subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, the sale at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of such products for consumption off the premises; (F) the sale at retail from the premises of such products by the glass and bottle to visitors on the premises of the permittee for

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consumption on the premises; and (G) subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection, the sale and delivery or shipment of such products manufactured by the permittee directly to a consumer in this state. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (D), (E) and (F) of this subdivision, a town may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit any such offering, tasting or selling at retail at premises within such town for which a manufacturer permit has been issued.

(3) A permittee, when selling and shipping a product produced pursuant to this permit, directly to a consumer in this state, shall: (A) Ensure that the shipping labels on all containers of such products shipped directly to a consumer in this state conspicuously state the following: "CONTAINS ALCOHOL-SIGNATURE OF A PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY"; (B) obtain the signature of a person age twenty-one or older at the address prior to delivery, after requiring the signer to demonstrate that [he or she] such signer is age twenty-one or older by providing a valid motor vehicle operator's license or a valid identity card described in section 1-1h; (C) not ship more than five gallons of product produced pursuant to this permit in any two-month period to any person in this state; (D) pay, to the Department of Revenue Services, all sales taxes and alcoholic beverage taxes due under chapters 219 and 220 on sales of products produced pursuant to this permit to consumers in this state, and file, with said department, all sales tax returns and alcoholic beverage tax returns relating to such sales; (E) report to the Department of Consumer Protection a separate and complete record of all sales and shipments to consumers in the state, on a ledger sheet or similar form which readily presents a chronological account of such permittee's dealings with each such consumer; (F) not ship to any address in the state where the sale of alcoholic liquor is prohibited by local option pursuant to section 30-9; and (G) hold an in-state transporter's permit pursuant to section 30-19f or make any such shipment through the use of a person who holds such an in-state transporter's permit.

(4) No holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may

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- sell any product not manufactured by such permit holder, except such permittee may sell from the premises: (A) [wine] Wine, cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy and eau-de-vie and mead manufactured by another such permit holder located in this state; [J] and (B) brandy manufactured from fruit harvested in this state and distilled off the premises in this state.
- (5) A holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead, when advertising or offering products for direct shipment to a consumer in this state via the Internet or any other on-line computer network, shall clearly and conspicuously state such liquor permit number in its advertising.
  - (6) A holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead may sell and offer free tastings of products produced pursuant to such permit that are manufactured by such permit holder at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such farmers' market invites such holder to sell such products at such farmers' market and such holder has a farmers' market sales permit issued by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection in accordance with the provisions of [subsection (a) of] section 30-37o, as amended by this act.
- 620 (7) The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and 621 mead shall be two hundred dollars.
- Sec. 8. Section 30-22a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):
  - (a) A cafe permit shall allow the retail sale of alcoholic liquor to be consumed on the premises of a cafe. The holder of a cafe permit shall keep food available for sale to its customers for consumption on the premises during the majority of the hours such premises are open. The availability of food from outside vendors located on or near the premises, who may directly deliver such food or indirectly deliver such

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food through a third party, shall be deemed compliance with such requirement. The licensed premises shall at all times comply with all the regulations of the local department of health. Nothing herein shall be construed to require that any food be sold or purchased with any alcoholic liquor, nor shall any rule, regulation or standard be promulgated or enforced to require that sales of food be substantial or that the business's receipts from sales of alcoholic liquor equal any set percentage of total receipts from all sales made on the licensed premises. A cafe permit shall allow, with the prior approval of the Department of Consumer Protection, alcoholic liquor to be served at tables in outside areas that are screened or not screened from public view where permitted by fire, zoning and health regulations. If not required by fire, zoning or health regulations, a fence or wall enclosing such outside areas shall not be required by the Department of Consumer Protection. No fence or wall used to enclose such outside areas shall be less than thirty inches high. Such permit shall also authorize the sale at retail from the premises of sealed containers, supplied by the permittee, of draught beer for consumption off the premises. Such sales shall be conducted only during the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. Not more than four liters of such beer shall be sold to any person on any day on which the sale of alcoholic liquor is authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. The annual fee for a cafe permit shall be two thousand dollars, except the annual fee for a cafe permit for a prior holder of a tavern permit issued under section 30-26 shall be eight hundred dollars for the first year, twelve hundred dollars for the second year, one thousand six hundred dollars for the third year and two thousand dollars for each year thereafter.

(b) (1) A cafe patron may remove one unsealed bottle of wine for offpremises consumption, provided the patron has purchased a full course meal and consumed a portion of the wine with such meal on the cafe premises. For purposes of this section, "full course meal" means a diversified selection of food which (A) ordinarily cannot be consumed

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- without the use of tableware, and (B) cannot be conveniently consumed while standing or walking.
- (2) A partially consumed bottle of wine that is to be removed from the premises under this subsection shall be securely sealed and placed in a bag by the permittee or the permittee's agent or employee prior to removal from the premises.
- (c) As used in this section, "cafe" means space in a suitable and permanent building, vessel or structure, kept, used, maintained, advertised and held out to the public to be a place where alcoholic liquor and food is served for sale at retail for consumption on the premises but which does not necessarily serve hot meals; it shall have no sleeping accommodations for the public and need not necessarily have a kitchen or dining room but shall have employed therein at all times an adequate number of employees.
- (d) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes any location in a passenger terminal complex of any airport, as defined in section 15-34, or any location adjacent to and attached by common partition to such complex, which is open to the public or to airline club members or their guests, with or without the sale of food, for consumption on the premises.
- (e) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes all of the land and buildings in which the principal business conducted is racing or jai alai exhibitions, with pari-mutuel betting licensed by the Department of Consumer Protection.
- (f) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes any commercial bowling establishment containing ten or more lanes, or any commercial racquetball or tennis facility containing five or more courts, with or without food, for consumption on the premises.
- (g) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes the premises and grounds of a golf country club, defined as: (1) An association of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated, that

has been in existence as a bona fide organization for at least one year prior to applying for a permit issued as provided by this chapter, or that at the time of applying for the permit is in existence as a bona fide organization and has not less than twenty members who have paid annual membership fees or dues and have signed affidavits of their intention to remain members of the association for not less than one year after that time, not including associations organized for any commercial or business purpose the object of which is money profit, which maintains a golf course of not less than eighteen holes and a course length of at least fifty-five hundred yards and a club house with facilities that include locker rooms, a dining room and a lounge; provided the club shall file with the department, upon request, within ten days of February first in each year, a list of the names and residences of its members, and shall similarly file, within ten days of the election of any additional member, his name and address, and provided its aggregate annual membership fees or dues and other income, exclusive of any proceeds of the sale of alcoholic liquor, shall be sufficient to defray the annual rental of its leased or rented premises, or, if the premises are owned by the club, shall be sufficient to meet the taxes, insurance and repairs and the interest on any mortgage thereof; and provided, further, its affairs and management shall be conducted by a board of directors, executive committee or similar body chosen by the members at their annual meeting, and no member or any officer, agent or employee of the club shall be paid or, directly or indirectly, shall receive in the form of salary or other compensation any profits from the disposition or sale of alcoholic liquor to the club or to the members of the club or its guests introduced by members, beyond the amount of such salary as may be fixed and voted at annual meetings by the members or by its directors or other governing body and as reported by the club to the department, within three months after the annual meeting, and as is, in the judgment of the department, reasonable and proper compensation for the services of such member, officer, agent or employee; or (2) an association of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated, which has been in existence as a bona fide organization for at least one year prior to applying for a permit issued as provided by this chapter, or which at the

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time of applying for the permit is in existence as a bona fide organization and has not less than twenty members who have paid annual membership fees or dues and is directly or indirectly wholly owned by a corporation which is and continues to be nonprofit and to which the Internal Revenue Service has issued a ruling classifying it as an exempt organization under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, which maintains a golf course of not less than eighteen holes and a course length of at least fifty-five hundred yards and a club house with facilities which include locker rooms, a dining room and a lounge; provided the club shall file with the department, upon request, within ten days of February first in each year, a list of the names and residences of its members, and shall similarly file, within ten days of the admission of any additional member, his name and address. The nonprofit corporation shall demonstrate to the commission an ability to pay any operating deficit of the golf country club, exclusive of any proceeds of the sale of alcoholic liquor; and provided, further, the affairs and the management of the nonprofit corporation are conducted by a board of directors, executive committee or similar body at least forty per cent of the members of which are chosen by the members of the nonprofit corporation at their annual meeting and the balance of the members of the board of directors are professionals chosen for their knowledge of the business of the nonprofit corporation, and all moneys earned by the golf country club shall be used to defray its expenses of operation or for charitable purposes, and any balance shall be directly or indirectly remitted to the nonprofit corporation.

(h) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes any corporation that operates a railway in this state or that operates club, parlor, dining, buffet or lounge cars upon the lines of any such railway in this state. It shall allow the sale and public consumption of alcoholic liquor in any club, parlor, dining, buffet or lounge car of a passenger train operated in this state. It shall be subject to all the privileges, obligations and penalties provided for in this chapter except that it shall

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be issued to a corporation instead of to a person and, if it is revoked, another application may be made by the corporation for the issuance of another railroad permit at any time after the expiration of one year after such revocation.

- (i) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes a facility designed, constructed and used for corporate and private sporting events, concerts, exhibitions, trade entertainment presentations, conventions, banquets, meetings, dances, fund-raising events and similar functions, located on a tract of land of not less than twenty acres containing an enclosed roofed pavilion constructed to seat not less than two hundred fifty people, where hot meals are regularly served in an adequate and sanitary dining area, such meals having been prepared in an adequate and sanitary kitchen on the premises, and employing an adequate number of employees who shall serve only persons who are at such outing facility to attend an event, function, private party or banquet.
- (j) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes: (1) A room or building that is subject to the care, custody and control of The University of Connecticut Board of Trustees; (2) land and buildings which are subject to the care, custody and control of an institution offering a program of higher learning, as defined in section 10a-34, which has been accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or is authorized by the Office of Higher Education to award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34; or (3) on land or in a building situated on or abutting a golf course which is subject to the care, custody and control of an institution offering a program of higher learning, as defined in section 10a-34, which has been accredited by the Board of Regents for Higher Education or is authorized by the Office of Higher Education to award a degree pursuant to section 10a-34.
- (k) For purposes of compliance with this section, "cafe" includes a tobacco bar that: (1) During the calendar year ending December 31, 2002, generated at least ten per cent of its total annual gross income from onsite sales of tobacco products and rentals of on-site humidors; or (2)

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- 797 commences operations on or after October 1, 2023, and generates at least 798 sixty per cent of such tobacco bar's gross income in a calendar year from on-site sales of tobacco products and rentals of on-site humidors. 799
- 800 Sec. 9. Section 30-22e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
  - (a) A seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall allow the retail sale of alcoholic liquor for consumption on a lot, yard, green or other outdoor open space, provided: (1) The retail sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor is allowed in such space by the applicable local zoning, health and fire marshal officials; (2) the permitted premises is not more than one [square] acre in size; (3) a temporary fence or a wall not less than thirty inches high encloses the permitted area; (4) restrooms or enclosed portable toilets are available either within the permitted area or nearby; and (5) food is available for sale to consumers for consumption on the permitted premises during all hours that the permittee is engaging in the retail sale of alcoholic liquor. Any such food may be prepared on the permitted premises, be provided by a food truck or a caterer [,] or consist of prepackaged items. The availability of area menus for delivery shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this subsection. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require that food be purchased with an alcoholic beverage.
  - (b) Tents, mobile units and other temporary fixtures may be included within the permitted premises. A permittee under this section shall maintain the permitted premises in a manner consistent with all applicable local zoning, health and fire requirements.
  - (c) The seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall be effective either April first to September thirtieth, inclusive, or May first to October thirty-first, inclusive, of the same year. Such permit shall be issued by the Department of Consumer Protection subject to the limitations on hours of operation for a restaurant permittee, as specified in section 30-91, as amended by this act. No such permit shall be renewable. [, and the department shall not issue a provisional seasonal outdoor open-air

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- permit.] Any backer of the permittee may apply for only one seasonal outdoor open-air permit per calendar year. The provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection (b) and subsection (c) of section 30-39, as amended by this act, [do] shall not apply to seasonal outdoor open-air permits. The annual fee for each seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall be two thousand dollars.
  - (d) The seasonal outdoor open-air permit shall allow the sale at retail of draught beer for [off-premise] off-premises consumption in sealed containers supplied by the permittee. Such sales shall be conducted only during the hours a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. Not more than four liters of such beer shall be sold to any person on any day on which the sale of alcoholic liquor is authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 10. Section 30-370 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
  - (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue a farmers' market sales permit to [a] the holder of a manufacturer permit [for a farm winery, the holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead or the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer] issued under section 30-16, as amended by this act, upon submission of proof to the commissioner that such holder is in compliance with the [applicable] permit requirements [of] established in subsection (a), (b), (c) or (d) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, as applicable. [Such permit] A farmers' market sales permit issued under this section shall authorize the sale of products manufactured by [such permittees] the manufacturer permittee during an unlimited number of appearances at a farmers' market, at not more than ten farmers' market locations per year, provided [such] the holder of such permit:
  - (1) Has <u>received</u> an invitation from such farmers' market to sell such products at such farmers' market; [,]

- 860 (2) [only] <u>Only</u> sells such products by the bottle or sealed container at such farmers' [markets,] <u>market</u>; and
- (3) [is] <u>Is</u> present, or has an authorized representative present, at the time [of sale of any] <u>each</u> such product [from such permit holder] <u>is sold</u> at such farmers' market [. Any such permit] <u>under such permit.</u>
  - (b) Each farmers' market sales permit issued under this section shall be valid for a [period of one year from the date of issuance] <u>one-year period beginning on the date the commissioner issues such permit</u>. The annual fee for [such] <u>each farmers' market sales</u> permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars, [. There] <u>and there</u> shall be a <u>nonrefundable</u> one-hundred-dollar [, nonrefundable] filing fee for [any] each such permit.
- [(b)] (c) Any town or municipality may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit the sale of [such] products manufactured by the [holder of such permit at a farmers' market] holders of farmers' market sales permits issued under this section at farmers' markets held in such town or municipality.
- Sec. 11. Subsections (a) to (g), inclusive, of section 30-37t of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 879 (a) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Eligible manufacturer" means the holder of a manufacturer permit for (A) spirits issued under subsection (a) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, (B) beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, (C) a farm winery issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, or (D) wine, cider and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16, as amended by this act; and
  - (2) "Festival sponsor" means an entity (A) operating on a nonprofit basis in this state, including, but not limited to, [(A)] (i) an association, or a subsidiary of an association, that promotes manufacturing and selling alcoholic liquor in this state, [(B)] (ii) a civic organization

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- operating in this state, and [(C)] (iii) a municipality in this state, or (B) operating on a for-profit basis in this state that (i) is registered with the Secretary of the State to do business in this state, and (ii) does not hold any other permit issued under this chapter.
  - (b) A festival permit shall allow a festival sponsor to organize and sponsor a festival in this state in accordance with the provisions of this section by inviting eligible manufacturers to participate in such festival. Each festival permit issued by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection under this section shall be effective for not more than four consecutive days, and shall allow the festival sponsor to hold the festival on the days and times permitted under subsection (j) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. The fee for [each] a festival permit issued to a festival sponsor under this section shall be (1) seventy-five dollars if the festival sponsor is operating on a nonprofit basis in this state, or (2) two hundred seventy-five dollars if the festival sponsor is operating on a forprofit basis in this state.
  - (c) The commissioner shall not issue a festival permit under this section unless the festival sponsor has received all approvals required under local fire and zoning regulations.
  - (d) The festival sponsor shall disclose to each person who purchases admission to the festival, at the time such person purchases such admission, any and all restrictions or limitations of such admission, including, but not limited to, the maximum number of glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of alcoholic liquor such person is entitled to receive by virtue of purchasing such admission.
- 915 (e) Any municipality may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, 916 prohibit festivals in such municipality.
- 917 (f) Any eligible manufacturer may participate in a festival organized 918 and sponsored by a festival sponsor that invites such eligible 919 manufacturer to participate in such festival.
- 920 (g) Each participating eligible manufacturer may, during the festival

Substitute Bill No. 905 921 and for the alcoholic liquor such participating eligible manufacturer has 922 manufactured: 923 (1) Offer to festival visitors free or paid samples or tastings of 924 alcoholic liquor for consumption on the festival premises, in accordance with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this act; [and] 925 926 [(2) Unless such participating eligible manufacturer is the holder of 927 an out-of-state shipper's permit for beer issued under section 30-19:] 928 [(A)] (2) Sell and directly ship to festival visitors, if allowed under 929 section 30-16, as amended by this act, alcoholic liquor that such 930 participating eligible manufacturer sells to festival visitors at such 931 festival; 932 [(B)] (3) Sell, at retail, for consumption off the festival premises and 933 in accordance with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this 934 act, bottles and other sealed containers of alcoholic liquor; and 935 [(C)] (4) Sell, at retail, alcoholic liquor by the glass or receptacle for consumption on the festival premises, provided each such glass or 936 937 receptacle is embossed or otherwise permanently labeled with the name 938 and date of the festival. 939 Sec. 12. Subsection (b) of section 30-39 of the general statutes is 940 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 941 passage): 942 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a 943 permit shall make an affirmed application therefor to the Department of 944 Consumer Protection, upon forms to be furnished by the department, 945 showing the name and address of the applicant and of the applicant's 946 backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business which is to be

operated under such permit and a financial statement setting forth all

elements and details of any business transactions connected with the

application. Such application shall include a detailed description of the

type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A club or place of

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business shall be exempt from providing such detailed description if the club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit prior to October 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of entertainment provided. The application shall also indicate any crimes of which the applicant or the applicant's backer may have been convicted. Applicants shall submit documents, only upon initial application, sufficient to establish that state and local building, fire and zoning requirements and local ordinances concerning hours and days of sale will be met, except that local building and zoning requirements and local ordinances concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply to a cafe permit issued under subsection (d) or (h) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act. The State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall be responsible for approving compliance with the State Fire Code at Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an applicant. Completion of an inspection pursuant to subsection (f) of section 29-305, as amended by this act, shall not be deemed to constitute a precondition to renewal of a permit that is subject to subsection (f) of section 29-305, as amended by this act.

(2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a permit by a charitable organization under section 30-37b, including a nonprofit public television corporation under section 30-37d, a nonprofit golf tournament permit under section 30-37g, a temporary permit under section 30-35 or a special club permit under section 30-25; and in the amount of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial application for all other permits. Any permit issued shall be valid only for the purposes and activities described in the application.

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(3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located, instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as the department may determine, but the department may require any additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to applications for (A) airline permits issued under section 30-28a, (B) charitable organization permits issued under section 30-37b, (C) temporary permits issued under section 30-35, (D) special club permits issued under section 30-25, (E) concession permits issued under section

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30-33, (F) military permits issued under section 30-34, (G) cafe permits issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, (H) warehouse permits issued under section 30-32, (I) broker's permits issued under section 30-30, (J) out-of-state shipper's permits for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18, (K) out-of-state shipper's permits for beer issued under section 30-19, (L) coliseum permits issued under section 30-33a, (M) nonprofit golf tournament permits issued under section 30-37g, (N) nonprofit public television corporation permits issued under section 30-37d, (O) Connecticut craft cafe permits issued under section 30-22d to permittees who held a manufacturer permit for a brew pub or a manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, and a brew pub before July 1, 2020, (P) off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permits issued under section 30-16a, (Q) out-of-state retailer shipper's permits for wine issued under section 30-18a, (R) outof-state winery shipper's permits for wine issued under section 30-18a, (S) in-state transporter's permits for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-19f, including, but not limited to, boats operating under such permits, (T) seasonal outdoor open-air permits issued under section 30-22e, as amended by this act, (U) festival permits issued under section 30-37t, as amended by this act, (V) temporary auction permits issued under section 2 of this act, (W) outdoor open-air permits issued under section 3 of this act, and [(V)] (X) renewals of any permit described in subparagraphs (A) to [(U)] (W), inclusive, of this subdivision, if applicable. The provisions of this subdivision regarding publication and placard display shall also be required of any applicant who seeks to amend the type of entertainment either upon filing of a renewal application or upon requesting permission of the department in a form that requires the approval of the municipal zoning official.

(4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department

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and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a new application with new fees shall be required.

Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or permittee of any other permit class except in the case of airline permits issued under section 30-28a, boats operating under in-state transporter's permits issued under section 30-19f, and cafe permits issued under subsections (d) and (h) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, except that: (1) A backer of a hotel permit issued under section 30-21 or a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 may be a backer of both such classes; (2) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 or a cafe permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, may be a holder or backer of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 may be a holder or backer of a cafe permit issued under subsection (f) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act; (4) a backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a when such restaurant is within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit issued under section 30-21 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a; (6) a backer of a grocery store beer permit issued under subsection (c) of section 30-20 may be (A) a backer of a package store permit issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20 if such was the case on or before May 1, 1996, and (B) a backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22, provided the restaurant permit premises do not abut or share the same space as the grocery store beer permit premises; (7) a backer of a cafe permit issued under subsection (j) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, may be a backer of a nonprofit theater permit issued under section 30-35a; (8) a backer of a nonprofit theater permit issued under section 30-35a may be a holder or backer of a hotel permit issued under section

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30-21 or a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a; (9) a backer of a concession permit issued under section 30-33 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a; (10) a holder of an out-ofstate winery shipper's permit for wine issued under section 30-18a may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f; (11) a holder of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18 or an out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine issued under section 30-18a may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f; (12) a holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, or a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f, [a farmers' market sales permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-37o,] an off-site farm winery sales and tasting permit issued under section 30-16a or any combination of such permits; (13) [a holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16 may be a holder of a farmers' market sales permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-370; (14)] the holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits, beer, a farm winery or wine, cider and mead, issued under subsection (a), (b), (c) or (d), respectively, of section 30-16, as amended by this act, may be a holder of a Connecticut craft cafe permit issued under section 30-22d, a restaurant permit or a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under section 30-22 [; (15)] or a farmers' market sales permit issued under section 30-37o, as amended by this act; (14) the holder of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22, a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, as amended by this act, or an in-state transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f, may be the holder of a seasonal outdoor open-air permit issued under section 30-22e, as amended by this act, or an outdoor open-air permit issued under section 3 of this act; and [(16)] (15) the holder of a festival permit issued under section 30-37t, as amended by this act, may be the holder or backer of one or more of such other classes. Any person may be a permittee of more than one permit. No holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended

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- by this act, and no spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or
- backer of more than three restaurant permits issued under section 30-22
- or cafe permits issued under section 30-22a, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 14. Subsections (d) to (k), inclusive, of section 30-91 of the general
- statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 1127 (Effective from passage):
- (d) The sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-premises consumption in places operating under package store permits issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20, druggist permits issued under section 30-36, manufacturer permits issued under section 30-16, as amended by this act, grocery store beer permits issued under subsection
- 1133 (c) of section 30-20, [or] religious wine retailer permits issued under
- section 30-37s or temporary auction permits issued under section 2 of
- this act shall be unlawful on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day and
- 1136 Christmas; and such sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor for off-
- 1137 premises consumption in places operating under package store permits,
- 1138 druggist permits, manufacturer permits for beer, grocery store beer
- 1139 permits, [and] religious wine retailer permits, temporary auction
- 1140 <u>permits and event sales permits</u> shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten
- o'clock a.m. and after six o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight
- o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by a vote of a town
- meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which
- such sale shall be permissible.
- (e) (1) In the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit
- issued under subsection (c) of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, or
- 1147 a Connecticut craft cafe permit issued under section 30-22d, and
- 1148 wherein, under the provisions of this section, the sale of alcoholic liquor
- is forbidden on certain days or hours of the day, or during the period
- 1150 when such permit is suspended, it shall likewise be unlawful to keep
- such premises open to, or permit such premises to be occupied by, the
- public on such days or hours.
- 1153 (2) In the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit, it shall

- be unlawful to keep such premises open to, or permit such premises to be occupied by, the public between the hours of one o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday and between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m. on Saturday and Sunday or during any period of time when such permit is suspended, provided the sale, dispensing or consumption of alcohol on such premises operating under such cafe permit shall be prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale, dispensing or consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.
  - (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, in the case of any premises operating under a cafe permit, it shall be lawful for such premises to be open to, or be occupied by, the public when such premises is being used as a site for film, television, video or digital production eligible for a film production tax credit pursuant to section 12-217jj, provided the sale, dispensing or consumption of alcohol on such premises operating under such cafe permit shall be prohibited beyond the hours authorized for the sale, dispensing or consumption of alcohol for such premises under this section.
  - (f) The retail sale and the tasting of free samples of wine, cider not exceeding six per cent alcohol by volume, apple wine not exceeding fifteen per cent alcohol by volume, apple brandy, eau-de-vie and mead by visitors and prospective retail customers of a permittee holding a manufacturer permit for a farm winery issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, or a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, on the premises of such permittee shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which sales and the tasting of free samples of products under this subsection shall be permissible.
  - (g) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (a) of this section, food or nonalcoholic beverages may be sold, dispensed or consumed in

- 1187 places operating under a cafe permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) 1188 of section 30-22a, as amended by this act, at any time, as allowed by 1189 agreement between the Connecticut Airport Authority and its lessees or 1190 concessionaires. In the case of premises operating at Bradley 1191 International Airport under a cafe permit, the sale, dispensing or 1192 consumption or the presence in glasses or other receptacles suitable to 1193 permit the consumption of alcoholic liquor by an individual shall be 1194 unlawful on: (1) Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday 1195 between the hours of one o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., (2) Saturday 1196 and Sunday between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m., 1197 (3) Christmas, except for alcoholic liquor that is served where food is 1198 also available during the hours otherwise permitted by this section for 1199 the day on which Christmas falls, and (4) January first between the 1200 hours of three o'clock a.m. and six o'clock a.m.
  - (h) The sale or the dispensing or consumption or the presence in glasses or other receptacles suitable to permit the consumption of alcoholic liquor by an individual in places operating under a nonprofit golf tournament permit <u>issued under section 30-37g</u> shall be unlawful on any day prior to nine o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m.
    - (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any permittee to continue the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor until the closing hour established under this section.
- 1209 (j) The retail sale of alcoholic liquor, and the provision of samples or 1210 tastings of alcoholic liquor, to festival visitors at a festival organized and sponsored under a festival permit issued under section 30-37t, as 1211 1212 amended by this act, shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. 1213 and after six o'clock p.m., and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. 1214 and after ten o'clock p.m. Any town may, by vote of a town meeting or 1215 by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which the retail sale, 1216 tasting or sampling of alcoholic liquor under this subsection shall be 1217 permissible.
  - (k) The sale of products at a farmers' market by a permittee holding

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- 1219 a farmers' market sales permit pursuant to [subsection (a) of] section 30-1220 370, as amended by this act, shall be unlawful on any day before eight 1221 o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m., provided such permittee shall not 1222 sell such products at a farmers' market at any time during such hours 1223 that the farmers' market is not open to the public. Any town may, by 1224 vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours 1225 during which sales of products under this subsection shall be 1226 permissible.
- Sec. 15. Section 30-114 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) As used in this section, ["keg"] <u>"beer keg"</u> means any brewerysealed individual container of beer having a liquid capacity of six gallons or more.
  - (b) Any holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer permit under section 30-20 that sells <u>beer</u> kegs for consumption off the permit premises shall, at the time of sale, (1) place an identification tag on all <u>beer</u> kegs sold by the permittee, (2) require each purchaser of any such <u>beer</u> keg to sign a receipt for the <u>beer</u> keg, and (3) inform such purchaser that any deposit paid by the purchaser for the <u>beer</u> keg, if required, shall be forfeited if the <u>beer</u> keg is returned without the original identification tag intact and readable.
  - (c) (1) The identification tag required under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section shall be in the form of a numbered label, prescribed and furnished by the department, that clearly identifies the seller of the <u>beer</u> keg. Such tags shall be fabricated and made attachable in such a manner as to make the tag easily removable by a beer manufacturer for the purpose of cleaning and reusing the <u>beer</u> keg.
  - (2) The receipt required under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the department and shall include the name, address and signature of the purchaser of the <u>beer</u> keg and the purchaser's motor vehicle operator's license

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- number or such other identifying information as the department may prescribe by regulation under section 30-6a, as amended by this act. The permittee shall retain a copy of all such receipts on the permit premises for a period of six months. Such receipts shall be available for inspection and copying by the department or any authorized criminal justice agency.
  - (3) The information required under subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of this section may be given verbally to each purchaser of a <u>beer</u> keg or may be provided by means of a sign conspicuously posted at the point of sale in such form and containing such disclosures as the department may require by regulation under section 30-6a, as amended by this act.
- 1261 (4) The department may charge a reasonable fee for furnishing the 1262 forms required by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, not to 1263 exceed the actual cost of furnishing such forms.
- (d) No holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer permit under section 30-20 may refund any deposit upon the return of any beer keg that (1) does not have an identification tag required under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section or (2) has an identification tag that has been defaced to the extent that the information contained on the tag cannot be read.
  - (e) The violation by any holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer permit under section 30-20 of any provision of this section shall be cause for revocation or suspension of such permit under section 30-55.
- Sec. 16. Section 30-115 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "beer keg" has the same meaning
  as provided in section 30-114, as amended by this act.
- [(a)] (b) Any person who possesses any <u>beer</u> keg [containing beer] that is required to have an identification tag pursuant to section 30-114,

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- 1280 as amended by this act, knowing that such beer keg does not have such
- 1281 required identification tag, shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- 1282 This subsection shall not apply to any manufacturer, shipper,
- 1283 wholesaler or retail seller of beer, or to any person who finds a discarded
- 1284 <u>beer</u> keg [containing beer] on such person's property.
- 1285 [(b)] (c) Any person who purchases any beer keg [containing beer]
- 1286 and who knowingly provides false information on any receipt required
- 1287 by section 30-114, as amended by this act, at the time of such purchase
- 1288 shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- 1289 Sec. 17. Section 29-305 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1290 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1291 (a) Each local fire marshal and the State Fire Marshal, for the purpose
- 1292 of satisfying themselves that all pertinent statutes and regulations are
- 1293 complied with, may inspect in the interests of public safety all buildings,
- 1294 facilities, processes, equipment, systems and other areas regulated by
- 1295 the Fire Safety Code and the State Fire Prevention Code within their
- 1296 respective jurisdictions.
- 1297 (b) Each local fire marshal shall inspect or cause to be inspected, at
- 1298 least once each calendar year or as often as prescribed by the State Fire
- 1299 Marshal pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, in the interests of
- 1300 public safety, all buildings and facilities of public service and all 1301 occupancies regulated by the Fire Safety Code or State Fire Prevention
- 1302 Code within the local fire marshal's jurisdiction, except residential
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- buildings designed to be occupied by one or two families which shall be
- 1304 inspected, upon complaint or request of an owner or occupant, only for 1305 the purpose of determining whether the requirements specified in said
- 1306 codes relative to smoke detection and warning equipment have been
- 1307 satisfied. In the case of a school building, each local fire marshal shall
- 1308 submit a written report to the local or regional board of education
- 1309 documenting each such inspection.
- 1310 (c) Upon receipt by the State Fire Marshal of information from an

- authentic source that any other building or facility within the State Fire Marshal's jurisdiction is hazardous to life safety from fire, the State Fire Marshal shall inspect such building or facility.
  - (d) Upon receipt by the local fire marshal of information from an authentic source that any other building or facility within the local fire marshal's jurisdiction is hazardous to life safety from fire, the local fire marshal shall inspect such building or facility. In each case in which the local fire marshal conducts an inspection, the local fire marshal shall be satisfied that all pertinent statutes and regulations are complied with, and shall keep a record of such investigations. Such local fire marshal or a designee shall have the right of entry at all reasonable hours into or upon any premises within the local fire marshal's jurisdiction for the performance of the fire marshal's duties except that occupied dwellings and habitations, exclusive of common use passageways and rooms in tenement houses, hotels and rooming houses, may only be entered for inspections between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., except in the event of any emergency requiring immediate attention for life safety, or in the interests of public safety. Each local fire marshal shall make a monthly report to the authority which appointed the local fire marshal and shall be paid for [his or her] such local fire marshal's services in making such inspections of buildings, facilities, processes, equipment, systems and other areas the compensation agreed upon with such appointing authority.
  - (e) The State Fire Marshal may adopt amendments to the Fire Safety Code and the State Fire Prevention Code regarding requirements for the frequency of inspections of different building uses regulated by the codes and set forth a schedule of inspections, except for inspections of residential buildings designed to be occupied by three or more families, that are less frequent than yearly if the interests of public safety can be met by less frequent inspections.
  - (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (e), inclusive, of this section, a local fire marshal, deputy fire marshal, fire inspector or other fire code inspector or fire investigator holding office in a

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1344	municipality shall, at least once per calendar year, inspect all premises			
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1346	issued pursuant to chapter 545 that allows for on-premises consumption			
1347	of alcoholic liquor.			
1348	Sec. 18. Section 12-433 of the general statutes is repealed and the			
1349	following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective from passage</i> ):			
1017	Tonowing is substituted in fied thereof (Lijjeenee from pussage).			
1350	Wherever used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:			
1351	(1) "Alcoholic bayaraga" and "bayaraga" include wine beer and			
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1332	liquor;			
1353	(2) "Absolute alcohol" means dehydrated alcohol containing not less			
1354	than ninety-nine per cent by weight of ethyl alcohol;			
1355	(3) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation			
1356	of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt and hops in drinking water			
1357	and containing more than one-half of one per cent of absolute alcohol			
1358	by volume;			
1359	(4) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the			
1360	fermentation of natural sugar contents of fruits or other agricultural			
1361	products containing sugar;			
1362	(5) "Still wine" means any wine that contains not more than three			
1363	hundred ninety-two one thousandths (0.392) of a gram of carbon			
1364	dioxide per hundred milliliters of wine, and shall include any fortified			
1365	wine, cider that is made from the alcoholic fermentation of the juice of			
1366	apples, vermouth and any artificial or imitation wine or compound sold			
1367	as "still wine" containing not less than three and two-tenths per cent o			
1368	absolute alcohol by volume;			
1369	(6) "Sparkling wine" means champagne and any other effervescent			
1370	wine charged with more than three hundred ninety-two one			
1371	thousandths (0.392) of a gram of carbon dioxide per hundred milliliters			
1372	of wine, whether artificially or as a result of secondary fermentation of			
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1373	the wine within the container;		
1374	(7) "Fortified wine" means any wine, the alcoholic contents of which		
1375	have been increased, by whatever process, beyond that produced by		
1376	natural fermentation;		
1377	(8) "Liquor" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by		
1378	distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in		
1379	solution;		
1380	(9) "Liquor cooler" means either (A) any liquid combined with liquor		
1381	containing not more than seven per cent of alcohol by volume, or (B)		
1382	any liquid combined with liquor containing more than seven per cent of		
1383	alcohol by volume produced by a person who produces not more than		
1384	fifty thousand proof gallons of liquor during the calendar year;		
1385	(10) "Gallon" or "wine gallon" means one hundred twenty-eight fluid		
1386	ounces;		
1387	(11) "Proof gallon" means the equivalent of one wine gallon at 100		
1388	proof;		
1389	(12) "Proof spirit" or "proof" means alcoholic liquor that contains one-		
1390	half by volume of alcohol of a specific gravity of seventy-nine hundred		
1391	and thirty-nine ten-thousandths (0.7939) at 60° F;		
1392	(13) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or spirit		
1393	of wine, from whatever source or by whatever process produced;		
1394	(14) "Person" means any individual, firm, fiduciary, partnership,		
1395	corporation, limited liability company, trust or association, however		
1396	formed;		
1397	(15) "Taxpayer" means any person liable to taxation under this		
1398	chapter except railroad and airline companies so far as they conduct		
1399	such beverage business in cars or passenger trains or on airplanes;		
1400	(16) "Distributor" means any person, wherever resident or located,		

<ul><li>1401</li><li>1402</li><li>1403</li></ul>	that holds a wholesaler's or manufacturer's permit or wholesaler or manufacturer permit for beer only issued under chapter 545, or such person's backer, if any;		
1404 1405 1406	(17) "Licensed distributor" means a distributor holding a licens issued by the Commissioner of Revenue Services under the provision of this chapter;		
1407 1408	(18) "Tax period" means any period of one calendar month, or any part thereof;		
1409 1410	(19) "Barrel" means not less than twenty-eight nor more than thirty-one gallons;		
1411 1412	(20) "Half barrel" means not less than fourteen nor more than fifteen and one-half gallons;		
1413 1414	(21) "Quarter barrel" means not less than seven nor more than seven and three-quarters gallons; <u>and</u>		
1415 1416 1417 1418	(22) "Sell" or "sale" includes and applies to gifts, exchanges and barte and includes any alcoholic beverages coming into the possession of distributor that cannot be satisfactorily accounted for by the distributor to the Commissioner of Revenue Services.		
1419 1420	Sec. 19. Section 12-435 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof ( <i>Effective from passage</i> ):		
1421 1422 1423 1424 1425 1426 1427	Each distributor of alcoholic beverages shall pay a tax to the state on all sales within the state of alcoholic beverages, except sales to licensed distributors, sales of alcoholic beverages that, in the course of such sales, are actually transported to some point without the state and except the first fifteen barrels of beer that is produced annually and consumed on the premises covered by a manufacturer's permit, at the rates for the respective categories of alcoholic beverages listed below:		
1428	(1) (A) For sales occurring prior to July 1, 2023, beer, except as		

1429 1430 1431 1432 1433	provided in subdivision (2) of this section, seven dollars and twenty cents for each barrel, three dollars and sixty cents for each half barrel, one dollar and eighty cents for each quarter barrel and twenty-four cents per wine gallon or fraction thereof on quantities less than a quarter barrel; and	
1434 1435 1436 1437 1438	(B) For sales occurring on or after July 1, 2023, beer, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this section, six dollars for each barrel, three dollars for each half barrel, one dollar and fifty cents for each quarter barrel and twenty cents per wine gallon or fraction thereof on quantities less than a quarter barrel;	
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443	(2) Beer sold on the premises covered by a manufacturer's permit for off-premises consumption, three dollars and sixty cents for each barrel, one dollar and eighty cents for each half barrel, ninety cents for each quarter barrel and twelve cents per wine gallon or fraction thereof on quantities less than a quarter barrel;	
1444	(3) Liquor, five dollars and ninety-four cents per wine gallon;	
1445 1446 1447	(4) Still wines containing not more than twenty-one per cent of absolute alcohol, except as provided in subdivisions (8) and (9) of this section, seventy-nine cents per wine gallon;	
1448 1449 1450	(5) Still wines containing more than twenty-one per cent of absolute alcohol and sparkling wines, one dollar and ninety-eight cents per wine gallon;	
1451 1452	(6) Alcohol in excess of [100] <u>one hundred</u> proof, five dollars and ninety-four cents per proof gallon;	
1453 1454 1455	(7) (A) Liquor coolers containing not more than seven per cent of alcohol by volume, two dollars and seventy-one cents per wine gallon; and	
1456	(B) For sales occurring on or after July 1, 2023, liquor coolers	

containing more than seven per cent of alcohol by volume produced by

- a person who produces not more than fifty thousand proof gallons of
  liquor during the calendar year, three dollars and fifty-seven cents per
  wine gallon;
- (8) Still wine containing not more than twenty-one per cent of absolute alcohol, produced by a person who produces not more than fifty-five thousand wine gallons of wine during the calendar year, twenty cents per wine gallon, provided such person presents to each distributor of alcoholic beverages described in this section a certificate, issued by the commissioner, stating that such person produces not more than fifty-five thousand wine gallons of wine during the calendar year. The commissioner is authorized to issue such certificates, prescribe the procedures for obtaining such certificates and prescribe their form; and
  - (9) Cider containing not more than seven per cent of absolute alcohol, seven dollars and ninety-two cents for each barrel, three dollars and ninety-six cents for each half barrel, one dollar and ninety-eight cents for each quarter barrel and twenty-six cents per wine gallon or fraction thereof on quantities less than a quarter barrel.
  - Sec. 20. Subsection (b) of section 19a-342 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2023):
  - (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 31-40q, no person shall smoke: (A) In any area of a building or portion of a building, owned and operated or leased and operated by the state or any political subdivision of the state; (B) in any area of a health care institution, including, but not limited to, a psychiatric facility; (C) in any area of a retail establishment accessed by the general public; (D) in any restaurant; (E) in any area of an establishment with a permit issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor pursuant to section 30-20a, 30-21, 30-21b, 30-22, 30-22c, 30-28, 30-28a, 30-33a, 30-33b, 30-35a, 30-37a, 30-37e or 30-37f, in any area of an establishment with a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor pursuant to section 30-22aa issued after May 1, 2003, and, on and after April 1, 2004, in any area of an establishment with a permit issued

for the sale of alcoholic liquor pursuant to section 30-22a, as amended by this act, or 30-26; (F) in any area of a school building or on the grounds of such school; (G) within a child care facility or on the grounds of such child care facility, except, if the child care facility is a family child care home, as defined in section 19a-77, such smoking is prohibited only when a child enrolled in such home is present during customary business hours; (H) in any passenger elevator; (I) in any area of a dormitory in any public or private institution of higher education; (J) in any area of a dog race track or a facility equipped with screens for the simulcasting of off-track betting race programs or jai alai games; (K) in any room offered as an accommodation to guests by the operator of a hotel, motel or similar lodging; (L) in any area of a correctional facility or halfway house; or (M) in any area of a platform or a shelter at a rail, busway or bus station, owned and operated or leased and operated by the state or any political subdivision of the state. For purposes of this subsection, "restaurant" means space, in a suitable and permanent building, kept, used, maintained, advertised and held out to the public to be a place where meals are regularly served to the public, "school" has the same meaning as provided in section 10-154a and "child care facility" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-342a, as amended by this act.

(2) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to the following: (A) Public housing projects, as defined in subsection (b) of section 21a-278a; (B) any classroom where demonstration smoking is taking place as part of a medical or scientific experiment or lesson; (C) notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (E) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the outdoor portion of the premises of any permittee listed in subparagraph (E) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided, in the case of any seating area maintained for the service of food, at least seventy-five per cent of the outdoor seating capacity is an area in which smoking is prohibited and which is clearly designated with written signage as a nonsmoking area, except that any temporary seating area established for special events and not used on a regular basis shall not be subject to the smoking prohibition or signage

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requirements of this subparagraph; (D) any medical research site where 1524 1525 smoking is integral to the research being conducted; or (E) any tobacco 1526 bar, provided [no tobacco bar shall expand in size or change its location 1527 from its size or location as of December 31, 2002] a tobacco bar that 1528 commences operations on or after October 1, 2023, shall (i) be located in 1529 a stand-alone building or, if such tobacco bar is connected to another 1530 building, use such tobacco bar's own heating, ventilation or air 1531 conditioning system to prevent commingling of air, (ii) have a walk-in 1532 humidor on the premises, and (iii) not be located within a five-mile 1533 radius of any existing tobacco bar in the same municipality. For 1534 purposes of this subdivision, "outdoor" means an area which has no roof 1535 or other ceiling enclosure; [,] "tobacco bar" means an establishment with 1536 a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor to consumers issued pursuant to 1537 [chapter 545] section 30-22a, as amended by this act, that [,] (I) in the 1538 calendar year ending December 31, 2002, generated ten per cent or more 1539 of its total annual gross income from the on-site sale of tobacco products 1540 and the rental of on-site humidors, or (II) for any tobacco bar that 1541 commences operations on or after October 1, 2023, generates at least 1542 sixty per cent of such tobacco bar's gross income in a calendar year from 1543 on-site sales of tobacco products and rentals of on-site humidors; and 1544 "tobacco product" means any substance that contains tobacco, 1545 including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco or chewing 1546 tobacco, except "tobacco product" does not include cannabis.

Sec. 21. Subsection (b) of section 19a-342a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2023):

(b) (1) No person shall use an electronic nicotine or cannabis delivery system or vapor product: (A) In any area of a building or portion of a building owned and operated or leased and operated by the state or any political subdivision of the state; (B) in any area of a health care institution, including, but not limited to, a psychiatric facility; (C) in any area of a retail establishment accessed by the public; (D) in any restaurant; (E) in any area of an establishment with a permit issued for

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the sale of alcoholic liquor pursuant to section 30-20a, 30-21, 30-21b, 30-22, 30-22a, as amended by this act, 30-22c, 30-26, 30-28, 30-28a, 30-33a, 30-33b, 30-35a, 30-37a, 30-37e or 30-37f, in any area of establishment with a permit issued for the sale of alcoholic liquor pursuant to section 30-22aa issued after May 1, 2003; (F) in any area of a school building or on the grounds of such school; (G) within a child care facility or on the grounds of such child care facility, except, if the child care facility is a family child care home as defined in section 19a-77, such use is prohibited only when a child enrolled in such home is present during customary business hours; (H) in any passenger elevator; (I) in any area of a dormitory in any public or private institution of higher education; (J) in any area of a dog race track or a facility equipped with screens for the simulcasting of off-track betting race programs or jai alai games; (K) in any room offered as an accommodation to guests by the operator of a hotel, motel or similar lodging; (L) in any area of a correctional facility, halfway house or residential facility funded by the Judicial Branch; or (M) in any area of a platform or a shelter at a rail, busway or bus station, owned and operated or leased and operated by the state or any political subdivision of the state. For purposes of this subsection, "restaurant" means space, in a suitable and permanent building, kept, used, maintained, advertised and held out to the public to be a place where meals are regularly served to the public; [,] and "school" has the same meaning as provided in section 10-154a.

(2) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to the following: (A) Public housing projects, as defined in subsection (b) of section 21a-278a; (B) any classroom where a demonstration of the use of an electronic nicotine or cannabis delivery system or vapor product is taking place as part of a medical or scientific experiment or lesson; (C) any medical research site where the use of an electronic nicotine or cannabis delivery system or vapor product is integral to the research being conducted; (D) establishments without a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor that sell electronic nicotine delivery systems, vapor products or liquid nicotine containers on-site and allow their customers to use such systems, products or containers on-site; (E) notwithstanding

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the provisions of subparagraph (E) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the outdoor portion of the premises of any permittee listed in subparagraph (E) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided, in the case of any seating area maintained for the service of food, at least seventy-five per cent of the outdoor seating capacity is an area in which smoking is prohibited and which is clearly designated with written signage as a nonsmoking area, except that any temporary seating area established for special events and not used on a regular basis shall not be subject to the prohibition on the use of an electronic nicotine or cannabis delivery system or vapor product or the signage requirements of this subparagraph; or (F) any tobacco bar, provided [no tobacco bar shall expand in size or change its location from its size or location as of October 1, 2015] a tobacco bar that commences operations on or after October 1, 2023, shall (i) be located in a stand-alone building or, if such tobacco bar is connected to another building, use such tobacco bar's own heating, ventilation or air conditioning system to prevent commingling of air, (ii) have a walk-in humidor on the premises, and (iii) not be located within a five-mile radius of any existing tobacco bar in the same municipality. For purposes of this subdivision, "outdoor" means an area which has no roof or other ceiling enclosure; [,] "tobacco bar" means an establishment with a permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor to consumers issued pursuant to [chapter 545] section 30-22a, as amended by this act, that [,] (I) in the calendar year ending December 31, 2015, generated ten per cent or more of its total annual gross income from the on-site sale of tobacco products and the rental of on-site humidors, or (II) for any tobacco bar that commences operations on or after October 1, 2023, generates at least sixty per cent of such tobacco bar's gross income in a calendar year from on-site sales of tobacco products and rentals of onsite humidors; and "tobacco product" means any substance that contains tobacco, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco or chewing tobacco, except that "tobacco product" does not include cannabis.

Sec. 22. (*Effective from passage*) The Liquor Control Commission shall study the potential impact of requiring each person seeking a liquor

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permit under chapter 545 of the general statutes, and each person seeking a renewal of any such permit, to attest that such person has obtained liquor liability insurance coverage. Not later than January 1, 2024, the Liquor Control Commission shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, regarding such study to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to consumer protection.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	from passage	30-1			
Sec. 2	from passage	New section			
Sec. 3	from passage	New section			
Sec. 4	from passage	New section			
Sec. 5	from passage	30-6a			
Sec. 6	from passage	30-14(a) and (b)			
Sec. 7	from passage	30-16			
Sec. 8	October 1, 2023	30-22a			
Sec. 9	from passage	30-22e			
Sec. 10	from passage	30-370			
Sec. 11	from passage	30-37t(a) to (g)			
Sec. 12	from passage	30-39(b)			
Sec. 13	from passage	30-48(a)			
Sec. 14	from passage	30-91(d) to (k)			
Sec. 15	from passage	30-114			
Sec. 16	from passage	30-115			
Sec. 17	from passage	29-305			
Sec. 18	from passage	12-433			
Sec. 19	from passage	12-435			
Sec. 20	October 1, 2023	19a-342(b)			
Sec. 21	October 1, 2023	19a-342a(b)			
Sec. 22	from passage	New section			

GL Joint Favorable Subst.

**FIN** Joint Favorable

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