



General Assembly

January Session, 2023

Raised Bill No. 6548

LCO No. 3259



Referred to Committee on GENERAL LAW

Introduced by:
(GL)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION'S RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR REGULATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 30-1 of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4 and 5 of this act, unless
4 the context indicates a different meaning:

5 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a
6 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
7 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
8 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding a
9 permit under Section 402 of said act.

10 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented
11 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's origin,
12 and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered nonpotable.

13 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four
14 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (21) and (22) of this
15 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
16 patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine and at
17 least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of being
18 consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid
19 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to the
20 variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to the
21 following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided in
22 subdivision (22) of this section.

23 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the
24 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
25 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic
26 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an
27 agent, employee or part owner.

28 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
29 of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in drinking water.

30 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of
31 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or from
32 any port of this state.

33 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard,
34 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and
35 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,
36 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the
37 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the
38 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, of bottles or units as follows:
39 (A) Six one thousand seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (B) six one
40 thousand eight hundred milliliter bottles, (C) twelve seven hundred
41 milliliter bottles, (D) twelve seven hundred twenty milliliter bottles, (E)
42 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (F) twelve nine hundred
43 milliliter bottles, (G) twelve one liter bottles, (H) twenty-four three
44 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred

45 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one
46 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
47 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,
48 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
49 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than
50 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities or
51 numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any one
52 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
53 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as provided
54 in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

55 (8) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization that
56 (A) is organized for charitable purposes, and (B) has received a ruling
57 from the Internal Revenue Service classifying such nonprofit
58 organization as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the
59 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding
60 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to
61 time.

62 (9) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

63 (10) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-33a.

64 (11) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission
65 established under this chapter.

66 (12) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

67 (13) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in premises
68 operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21, (ii) a
69 restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii) a
70 restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of
71 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)
72 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who
73 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

74 (14) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without additions or

75 adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol content, (ii) process,
76 and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated, sparkling or still.

77 (15) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-one
78 years of age.

79 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section
80 30-22aa.

81 (17) "Nonprofit public television corporation" has the same meaning
82 as provided in section 30-37d, as amended by this act.

83 (18) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not limited to,
84 a partner.

85 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,
86 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

87 (19) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,
88 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or
89 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,
90 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

91 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation that,
92 is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor, landlord or
93 note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that
94 is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor.

95 (20) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22.

96 (21) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by
97 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in
98 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

99 (22) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermenting the
100 natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or other
101 agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified wines
102 such as port, sherry and champagne.

103 Sec. 2. Section 30-1 of the general statutes, as amended by section 1 of
104 this act, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
105 (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

106 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4 and 5 of this act, unless
107 the context indicates a different meaning:

108 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a
109 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
110 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
111 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding a
112 permit under Section 402 of said act.

113 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented
114 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's origin,
115 and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered nonpotable.

116 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four
117 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), [(21)] (20) and [(22)]
118 (21) of this section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or
119 solid, patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine
120 and at least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of
121 being consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid
122 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to the
123 variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to the
124 following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided in
125 subdivision [(22)] (21) of this section.

126 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the
127 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
128 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic
129 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an
130 agent, employee or part owner.

131 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
132 of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in drinking water.

133 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of
134 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or from
135 any port of this state.

136 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard,
137 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and
138 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,
139 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the
140 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the
141 Commissioner of Consumer Protection, of bottles or units as follows:
142 (A) Six one thousand seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (B) six one
143 thousand eight hundred milliliter bottles, (C) twelve seven hundred
144 milliliter bottles, (D) twelve seven hundred twenty milliliter bottles, (E)
145 twelve seven hundred fifty milliliter bottles, (F) twelve nine hundred
146 milliliter bottles, (G) twelve one liter bottles, (H) twenty-four three
147 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred
148 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one
149 hundred twenty five milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
150 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,
151 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
152 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than
153 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities or
154 numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any one
155 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
156 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as provided
157 in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

158 [(8) "Charitable organization" means any nonprofit organization that
159 (A) is organized for charitable purposes, and (B) has received a ruling
160 from the Internal Revenue Service classifying such nonprofit
161 organization as an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the
162 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding
163 internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to
164 time.]

165 [(9)] (8) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

166 [(10)] (9) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-
167 33a.

168 [(11)] (10) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission
169 established under this chapter.

170 [(12)] (11) "Department" means the Department of Consumer
171 Protection.

172 [(13)] (12) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in
173 premises operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21,
174 (ii) a restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii)
175 a restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of
176 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)
177 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who
178 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

179 [(14)] (13) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without
180 additions or adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol
181 content, (ii) process, and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated,
182 sparkling or still.

183 [(15)] (14) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-
184 one years of age.

185 (15) "Noncommercial entity" means an academic institution,
186 charitable organization, government organization, nonprofit
187 organization or similar entity that is not primarily dedicated to
188 obtaining a commercial advantage or monetary compensation.

189 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section
190 30-22aa.

191 [(17) "Nonprofit public television corporation" has the same meaning
192 as provided in section 30-37d.]

193 [(18)] (17) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not
194 limited to, a partner.

195 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,
196 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

197 [(19)] (18) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,
198 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or
199 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,
200 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

201 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation that,
202 is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor, landlord or
203 note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that
204 is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor.

205 [(20)] (19) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section
206 30-22.

207 [(21)] (20) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol
208 obtained by distillation mixed with drinkable water and other
209 substances in solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

210 [(22)] (21) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by
211 fermenting the natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or
212 other agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified
213 wines such as port, sherry and champagne.

214 Sec. 3. Section 30-1 of the general statutes, as amended by section 2 of
215 this act, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
216 (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

217 For the purposes of this chapter and sections 4, [and] 5 and 6 of this
218 act, unless the context indicates a different meaning:

219 (1) "Airline" means any (A) United States airline carrier holding a
220 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Civil
221 Aeronautics Board under Section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act of
222 1958, as amended from time to time, or (B) foreign flag carrier holding a
223 permit under Section 402 of said act.

224 (2) "Alcohol" (A) means the product of distillation of any fermented
225 liquid that is rectified at least once and regardless of such liquid's origin,
226 and (B) includes synthetic ethyl alcohol which is considered nonpotable.

227 (3) "Alcoholic beverage" and "alcoholic liquor" include the four
228 varieties of liquor defined in subdivisions (2), (5), (20) and (21) of this
229 section (alcohol, beer, spirits and wine) and every liquid or solid,
230 patented or unpatented, containing alcohol, beer, spirits or wine and at
231 least one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume, and capable of being
232 consumed by a human being as a beverage. Any liquid or solid
233 containing more than one of the four varieties so defined belongs to the
234 variety which has the highest percentage of alcohol according to the
235 following order: Alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, except as provided in
236 subdivision (21) of this section.

237 (4) "Backer" means, except in cases where the permittee is the
238 proprietor, the proprietor of any business or club, incorporated or
239 unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic
240 liquor and in which business a permittee is associated, whether as an
241 agent, employee or part owner.

242 (5) "Beer" means any beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation
243 of a decoction or infusion of barley, hops and malt in drinking water.

244 (6) "Boat" means any vessel that is (A) operating on any waterway of
245 this state, and (B) engaged in transporting passengers for hire to or from
246 any port of this state.

247 (7) "Case price" means the price of a container made of cardboard,
248 wood or any other material and containing units of the same class and
249 size of alcoholic liquor. A case of alcoholic liquor, other than beer,
250 cocktails, cordials, prepared mixed drinks and wines, shall be in the
251 quantity and number, or fewer, with the permission of the
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258 hundred seventy-five milliliter bottles, (I) forty-eight two hundred
259 milliliter bottles, (J) sixty one hundred milliliter bottles, or (K) one
260 hundred twenty fifty milliliter bottles, except a case of fifty milliliter
261 bottles may be in a quantity and number as originally configured,
262 packaged and sold by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper prior to
263 shipment if the number of such bottles in such case is not greater than
264 two hundred. The commissioner shall not authorize fewer quantities or
265 numbers of bottles or units as specified in this subdivision for any one
266 person or entity more than eight times in any calendar year. For the
267 purposes of this subdivision, "class" has the same meaning as provided
268 in 27 CFR 4.21 for wine, 27 CFR 5.22 for spirits and 27 CFR 7.24 for beer.

269 (8) "Club" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22aa.

270 (9) "Coliseum" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-33a.

271 (10) "Commission" means the Liquor Control Commission
272 established under this chapter.

273 (11) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection.

274 (12) "Dining room" means any room or rooms (A) located in premises
275 operating under (i) a hotel permit issued under section 30-21, (ii) a
276 restaurant permit issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22, (iii) a
277 restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under subsection (b) of
278 section 30-22, or (iv) a cafe permit issued under section 30-22a, and (B)
279 where meals are customarily served to any member of the public who
280 has means of payment and a proper demeanor.

281 (13) "Mead" means fermented honey (A) with or without additions or
282 adjunct ingredients, and (B) regardless of (i) alcohol content, (ii) process,
283 and (iii) whether such honey is carbonated, sparkling or still.

284 (14) "Minor" means any person who is younger than twenty-one
285 years of age.

286 (15) "Noncommercial entity" means an academic institution,
287 charitable organization, government organization, nonprofit
288 organization or similar entity that is not primarily dedicated to
289 obtaining a commercial advantage or monetary compensation.

290 (16) "Nonprofit club" has the same meaning as provided in section
291 30-22aa.

292 (17) (A) "Person" means an individual, including, but not limited to,
293 a partner.

294 (B) "Person" does not include a corporation, joint stock company,
295 limited liability company or other association of individuals.

296 (18) (A) "Proprietor" includes all owners of a business or club,
297 incorporated or unincorporated, that is engaged in manufacturing or
298 selling alcoholic liquor, whether such owners are persons, fiduciaries,
299 joint stock companies, stockholders of corporations or otherwise.

300 (B) "Proprietor" does not include any person who, or corporation that,
301 is merely a creditor, whether as a bond holder, franchisor, landlord or
302 note holder, of a business or club, incorporated or unincorporated, that
303 is engaged in manufacturing or selling alcoholic liquor.

304 (19) "Restaurant" has the same meaning as provided in section 30-22.

305 (20) "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by
306 distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances in
307 solution, including brandy, rum, whiskey and gin.

308 (21) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermenting the
309 natural sugar content of fruits, such as apples, grapes or other
310 agricultural products, containing such sugar, including fortified wines
311 such as port, sherry and champagne.

312 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this
313 section:

314 (1) "Alternating proprietorship agreement" or "agreement" means a
315 written agreement between a host manufacturer and at least one tenant
316 manufacturer under which the host manufacturer agrees to share
317 permit premises with, or rent permit premises to, a tenant manufacturer
318 for the purpose of producing alcoholic beverages;

319 (2) "Certificate of label approval" has the same meaning as provided
320 in 27 CFR 4.10, as amended from time to time;

321 (3) "Host manufacturer" means a manufacturer who enters into an
322 alternating proprietorship agreement with a tenant manufacturer and
323 agrees to share permit premises with, or rent permit premises to, the
324 tenant manufacturer pursuant to such agreement;

325 (4) "Manufacturer" means the holder of a manufacturer permit issued
326 under section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this act;

327 (5) "Permit premises" means the location where alcoholic beverages
328 are produced under an alternating proprietorship agreement; and

329 (6) "Tenant manufacturer" means a manufacturer who enters into an
330 alternating proprietorship agreement with a host manufacturer and
331 agrees to share permit premises with, or rent permit premises from, the
332 host manufacturer pursuant to such agreement.

333 (b) (1) A host manufacturer and a tenant manufacturer may enter into
334 an alternating proprietorship agreement, provided:

335 (A) If the host manufacturer is sharing permit premises with the
336 tenant manufacturer pursuant to such agreement, the host
337 manufacturer or tenant manufacturer shall be deemed to be in exclusive
338 control and possession of those portions of the permit premises which
339 such host manufacturer or tenant manufacturer is actively using to
340 produce and store alcoholic beverages pursuant to such agreement.

341 (B) (i) Each manufacturer shall separately hold title to (I) all
342 ingredients, packaging supplies and raw materials that such
343 manufacturer uses to produce alcoholic beverages pursuant to such

344 agreement, and (II) all alcoholic beverages such manufacturer produces
345 on the permit premises pursuant to such agreement until such alcoholic
346 beverages are removed from such permit premises.

347 (ii) All alcoholic beverages, ingredients, packaging supplies and raw
348 materials described in subparagraph (B)(i) of this subdivision shall be
349 conspicuously labeled in a manner that identifies the manufacturer who
350 is in possession of such alcoholic beverages, ingredients, packaging
351 supplies or raw materials.

352 (iii) Nothing in subparagraphs (B)(i) and (B)(ii) of this subdivision
353 shall be construed to prohibit a tenant manufacturer from purchasing
354 ingredients, packaging supplies or raw materials from the host
355 manufacturer before the tenant manufacturer begins producing an
356 alcoholic beverage pursuant to such agreement.

357 (C) During all stages of the production process, each alcoholic
358 beverage that a manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement
359 shall be maintained (i) separately from the alcoholic beverages
360 produced by all other manufacturers pursuant to such agreement, and
361 (ii) in a manner in which such manufacturer's alcoholic beverages are
362 readily identifiable as such manufacturer's alcoholic beverages.

363 (D) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall assume
364 any risk of loss of an alcoholic beverage that such manufacturer
365 produces pursuant to such agreement, and no tenant manufacturer shall
366 return to the host manufacturer any alcoholic beverage that such tenant
367 manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement.

368 (E) (i) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (I)
369 separately maintain control and responsibility over the alcoholic
370 beverages that such manufacturer produces pursuant to such
371 agreement as well as the production quantity of, and formula
372 development and quality control standards for, such alcoholic
373 beverages, and (II) ensure the independence of such manufacturer's
374 brands, marketing, product registrations, sales and trademarks.

375 (ii) Nothing in subparagraph (E)(i) of this subdivision shall be
376 construed to preclude a tenant manufacturer from paying a host
377 manufacturer for any service rendered by a host manufacturer's
378 employee for the purpose of assisting the tenant manufacturer with any
379 aspect of such tenant manufacturer's operations.

380 (F) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (i)
381 maintain separate records concerning such manufacturer's production
382 pursuant to such agreement, sales and any other matter required by
383 other applicable law, (ii) file separate licensing, production and sales
384 reports with federal and state authorities as required by other applicable
385 law, and (iii) separately pay any tax due on the alcoholic beverages such
386 manufacturer has produced pursuant to such agreement.

387 (G) Each manufacturer who is a party to such agreement shall (i) be
388 approved, licensed or qualified by the federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax
389 and Trade Bureau as required by federal law, (ii) be responsible for
390 obtaining such manufacturer's (I) certificates of label approval, and (II)
391 brand registrations from the department under section 30-63 of the
392 general statutes, and (iii) label each alcoholic beverage that such
393 manufacturer produces pursuant to such agreement with such
394 manufacturer's business name and the address of the permit premises.

395 (H) No manufacturer who is a party to such agreement may be
396 owned by any person who owns any other manufacturer who is a party
397 to such agreement, except if such manufacturers are producing different
398 classes of alcoholic beverage.

399 (2) Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be construed to
400 prohibit (A) multiple manufacturers from equally sharing the
401 ownership or use of any permit premises, or (B) an out-of-state
402 manufacturer from entering into an alternating proprietorship
403 agreement with a host manufacturer as a tenant manufacturer, provided
404 the out-of-state manufacturer applies for a manufacturer permit under
405 section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

406 (c) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the

407 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the
408 provisions of this section.

409 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For the purposes of this
410 section:

411 (1) "Certificate of label approval" has the same meaning as provided
412 in 27 CFR 4.10, as amended from time to time;

413 (2) "Contract manufacturing agreement" or "agreement" means a
414 written agreement, including, but not limited to, a custom crush
415 agreement, in which a primary manufacturer agrees to produce an
416 alcoholic beverage on behalf of a contracting party;

417 (3) "Contracting party" means the holder of a manufacturer permit
418 issued under section 30-16 of the general statutes, as amended by this
419 act, a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17 of the general
420 statutes or an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor issued
421 under section 30-18 of the general statutes that owns the recipe for an
422 alcoholic beverage;

423 (4) "Custom crush agreement" means a contract manufacturing
424 agreement under which a primary manufacturer that holds a
425 manufacturer permit issued under section 30-16 of the general statutes,
426 as amended by this act, for the production of wine produces wine on
427 behalf of a contracting party by using grapes or other fruit provided by
428 the contracting party; and

429 (5) "Primary manufacturer" means a manufacturer who produces an
430 alcoholic beverage on behalf of a contracting party on the
431 manufacturer's permit premises pursuant to a contract manufacturing
432 agreement.

433 (b) A contracting party may enter into a contract manufacturing
434 agreement with a primary manufacturer, provided:

435 (1) The primary manufacturer shall:

436 (A) Maintain, at all times during the term of such agreement,
437 exclusive control and possession of all premises on which the primary
438 manufacturer produces alcoholic beverages on behalf of the contracting
439 party pursuant to such agreement;

440 (B) Bear sole responsibility for production of all alcoholic beverages
441 on behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

442 (C) Label with the primary manufacturer's business name and
443 address all alcoholic beverages the primary manufacturer produces on
444 behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

445 (D) Maintain title to (i) all ingredients that the primary manufacturer
446 uses during the production process for an alcoholic beverage that the
447 primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the contracting party
448 pursuant to such agreement unless such agreement is a custom crush
449 agreement, (ii) all machinery and supplies that the primary
450 manufacturer uses during the production process for an alcoholic
451 beverage that the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the
452 contracting party pursuant to such agreement, and (iii) each alcoholic
453 beverage the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the
454 contracting party pursuant to such agreement until such alcoholic
455 beverage is removed from such primary manufacturer's permit
456 premises;

457 (E) Maintain appropriate production records concerning all alcoholic
458 beverages the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the
459 contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

460 (F) Obtain from the federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade
461 Bureau any certificate of label approval required for an alcoholic
462 beverage that the primary manufacturer produces on behalf of the
463 contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

464 (G) File any registration required under section 30-63 of the general
465 statutes for an alcoholic beverage that the primary manufacturer
466 produces on behalf of the contracting party pursuant to such agreement;

467 (H) Pay any tax due on the alcoholic beverages the primary
468 manufacturer has produced on behalf of the contracting party pursuant
469 to such agreement, which agreement may require the contracting party
470 to reimburse the primary manufacturer for the cost of such tax; and

471 (I) Provide to the department, upon inspection or request, (i) an up-
472 to-date list and copies of all contract manufacturing agreements to
473 which the primary manufacturer is a party and production records
474 concerning such agreements, and (ii) such list, copies and records in an
475 electronic format unless it is commercially impractical; and

476 (2) The contracting party shall not produce any alcoholic beverage on
477 the primary manufacturer's permit premises.

478 (c) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
479 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the
480 provisions of this section.

481 Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2023*) (a) For the purposes of this
482 section:

483 (1) "Auctioneer" means any person who (A) regularly provides
484 professional services by auctioning items for sale, and (B) does not hold
485 any other permit issued under chapter 545 of the general statutes; and

486 (2) "Individual collector" means any person who is not (A) a backer
487 or permittee, (B) an employee of a backer, or (C) a director or officer of
488 a backer.

489 (b) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow
490 the sale of beer, spirits and wine obtained from one or more individual
491 collectors through an auction conducted by an auctioneer. Such auction
492 may be conducted, in person or online, only during the hours in which
493 a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor under subsection (d)
494 of section 30-91 of the general statutes.

495 (c) To obtain a temporary auction permit under this section, an
496 auctioneer shall submit an application to the department, in a form and

497 manner prescribed by the department, at least sixty days before the first
498 day of the auction to be conducted under such permit. The auctioneer
499 applicant shall serve as the backer of such permit. Each such permit shall
500 be valid for one auction and shall be effective for a period not to exceed
501 three consecutive days in duration. The department may issue not more
502 than four temporary auction permits to a backer in any calendar year.
503 The fee for a temporary auction permit shall be one hundred seventy-
504 five dollars per day.

505 (d) The auctioneer shall obtain all beer, spirits and wine that are the
506 subject of an auction conducted under a temporary auction permit
507 issued under this section from one or more individual collectors. The
508 auctioneer shall only accept beer, spirits or wine that was lawfully
509 acquired by an individual collector and bears an intact seal from the
510 manufacturer of such beer, spirits or wine. An individual collector may
511 sell or consign such beer, spirits or wine to the auctioneer. All unsold
512 consigned beer, spirits or wine shall be returned to the individual
513 collector not later than ten days after the final day of such auction.

514 (e) All beer, spirits and wine sold at an auction conducted pursuant
515 to a temporary auction permit issued under this section is exempt from
516 the requirements of sections 30-63 and 30-68m of the general statutes.
517 No such beer, spirits or wine may be resold, offered for sale or otherwise
518 used on the permit premises of any other permittee operating, or the
519 backer of any other permit issued, under chapter 545 of the general
520 statutes.

521 (f) A holder of a temporary auction permit issued under this section
522 may offer free samples of any beer, spirits or wine to be sold at auction
523 for tasting, provided the holder sends a notice to the department, at least
524 thirty days before the first day of such auction and in a form and manner
525 prescribed by the department, disclosing that the holder intends to offer
526 such free samples for tasting. Any tasting shall be conducted only
527 during the hours in which a package store is permitted to sell alcoholic
528 liquor under subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes. No
529 tasting shall be offered to any minor or intoxicated person, or from more

530 than ten uncorked or open cans or bottles at any one time. Any town or
531 municipality may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit the
532 offering of such free samples by the holders of temporary auction
533 permits issued under this section at events or functions held in such
534 town or municipality.

535 (g) A temporary auction permit issued under this section shall allow
536 for the delivery and shipment of any beer, spirits or wine sold at an
537 auction conducted pursuant to such permit directly to the consumer
538 who purchased such beer, spirits or wine. Any shipment to a consumer
539 outside of this state is subject to all applicable laws of the jurisdiction in
540 which such consumer is located. When shipping such beer, spirits or
541 wine directly to a consumer in this state, the holder of such permit shall:
542 (1) Ensure that the shipping label on each container containing such
543 beer, spirits or wine states the following: "CONTAINS ALCOHOL –
544 SIGNATURE OF A PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR
545 DELIVERY"; (2) obtain the signature of a person who is at least twenty-
546 one years of age at the delivery address prior to delivery, after requiring
547 such person to demonstrate that such person is at least twenty-one years
548 of age by providing a valid motor vehicle operator's license or a valid
549 identity card described in section 1-1h of the general statutes; (3) not
550 ship such beer, spirits or wine to any address in this state where the sale
551 of alcoholic liquor is prohibited by local option pursuant to section 30-9
552 of the general statutes; and (4) make any such shipment through the use
553 of a person who holds an in-state transporter's permit issued under
554 section 30-19f of the general statutes.

555 (h) The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with the
556 provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the
557 provisions of this section.

558 Sec. 7. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-14 of the general statutes
559 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
560 *1, 2023*):

561 (a) Each permit shall be a purely personal privilege that is revocable

562 in the discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection, and subject
563 to appeal, as provided in section 30-55, as amended by this act. Except
564 as otherwise provided in the general statutes, including, but not limited
565 to, sections [30-25,] 30-35, as amended by this act, [30-37b, 30-37d,] 30-
566 37g and [30-37h] section 6 of this act, each permit shall expire annually.
567 No permit shall constitute property, be subject to attachment and
568 execution or be alienable, except a permit shall descend to the estate of
569 a deceased permittee by the laws of testate or intestate succession. An
570 airline permit issued under section 30-28a or a cafe permit issued under
571 subsection (h) of section 30-22a shall be granted to the airline
572 corporation or railway corporation and not to any person, and the
573 corporation shall be the permittee.

574 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections [30-
575 25,] 30-35, as amended by this act, [30-37b, 30-37d,] 30-37g and [30-37h]
576 section 6 of this act, may be issued for a continuous period of not more
577 than six consecutive calendar months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but
578 rebate of fees shall not be permitted for any unexpired portion of the
579 term of a permit revoked by reason of a violation of any provision of
580 this chapter.

581 Sec. 8. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-14 of the general statutes,
582 as amended by section 7 of this act, are repealed and the following is
583 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2023*):

584 (a) Each permit shall be a purely personal privilege that is revocable
585 in the discretion of the Department of Consumer Protection, and subject
586 to appeal, as provided in section 30-55, as amended by this act. Except
587 as otherwise provided in the general statutes, including, but not limited
588 to, sections 30-35, as amended by this act, and 30-37g and section 6 of
589 this act, each permit shall expire annually. No permit shall constitute
590 property, be subject to attachment and execution or be alienable, except
591 a permit shall descend to the estate of a deceased permittee by the laws
592 of testate or intestate succession. An airline permit issued under section
593 30-28a or a cafe permit issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a
594 shall be granted to the airline corporation or railway corporation and

595 not to any person, and the corporation shall be the permittee.

596 (b) Any permit in this part, except a permit issued under sections 30-
597 35, as amended by this act, and 30-37g and section 6 of this act, may be
598 issued for a continuous period of not more than six consecutive calendar
599 months, at two-thirds of regular fees, but rebate of fees shall not be
600 permitted for any unexpired portion of the term of a permit revoked by
601 reason of a violation of any provision of this chapter.

602 Sec. 9. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 30-16 of the general statutes
603 are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
604 *from passage*):

605 (a) (1) As used in this [subsection] subdivision, "proof gallon" has the
606 same meaning as provided in section 12-433. A manufacturer permit for
607 spirits shall allow the manufacture of spirits and the storage, bottling
608 and wholesale distribution and sale of spirits manufactured or bottled
609 to permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by
610 law; but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of
611 the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department
612 of Consumer Protection. The holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits
613 who produces less than fifty thousand proof gallons of spirits in a
614 calendar year may sell at retail from the premises sealed bottles or other
615 sealed containers of spirits manufactured on the premises for
616 consumption off the premises, provided such holder shall not sell to any
617 one consumer more than three liters of spirits per day nor more than
618 five gallons of spirits in any two-month period. Retail sales by a holder
619 of a manufacturer permit for spirits shall occur only on the days and
620 times permitted under subsection (d) of section 30-91. A holder of a
621 manufacturer permit for spirits, alone or in combination with any parent
622 or subsidiary business or related or affiliated party, who sells more than
623 ten thousand gallons of spirits in any calendar year may not sell spirits
624 at wholesale to retail permittees within this state. Such permit shall also
625 authorize the offering and tasting, on the premises of the permittee, of
626 free samples of spirits distilled on the premises. Such free samples of
627 spirits distilled on the premises may be offered for consumption in

628 combination with a nonalcoholic beverage. Tastings shall not exceed
629 two ounces per patron per day and shall not be allowed on such
630 premises on Sunday before eleven o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock
631 p.m. and on any other day before ten o'clock a.m. and after eight o'clock
632 p.m. No tastings shall be offered to or allowed to be consumed by any
633 minor or intoxicated person. A holder of a manufacturer permit for
634 spirits may apply for and shall receive an out-of-state shipper's permit
635 for manufacturing plants and warehouse locations outside the state
636 owned by such manufacturer or a subsidiary corporation thereof, at
637 least eighty-five per cent of the voting stock of which is owned by such
638 manufacturer, to bring into any of its plants or warehouses in the state
639 spirits for reprocessing, repackaging, reshipment or sale either [(1)] (A)
640 within the state to wholesaler permittees not owned or controlled by
641 such manufacturer, or [(2)] (B) outside the state. The annual fee for a
642 manufacturer permit for spirits shall be one thousand eight hundred
643 fifty dollars.

644 (2) A holder of a manufacturer permit for spirits issued under this
645 subsection may sell and offer free tastings of spirits manufactured by
646 such permittee at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is
647 operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such
648 farmers' market invites such holder to sell spirits at such farmers' market
649 and such holder has a farmers' market sales permit issued by the
650 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of
651 section 30-37o, as amended by this act.

652 (b) (1) A manufacturer permit for beer shall allow the manufacture of
653 beer and the storage, bottling and wholesale distribution and sale of
654 beer manufactured or bottled on the premises of the permittee to
655 permittees in this state and without the state as may be permitted by
656 law, but no such permit shall be granted unless the place or the plan of
657 the place of manufacture has received the approval of the Department
658 of Consumer Protection. A holder of a manufacturer permit for beer
659 who sells beer brewed on such premises at wholesale to retail permittees
660 within this state shall make such beer available to all holders of a
661 package store permit issued pursuant to section 30-20 and to all holders

662 of a grocery store beer permit held pursuant to said section in the
663 geographical region in which the holder of the manufacturer permit for
664 beer self distributes, subject to reasonable limitations, as determined by
665 the Department of Consumer Protection. Such permit shall also allow
666 [(1)] (A) the retail sale of such beer, and beer brewed in collaboration
667 with at least one other holder of such a permit, to be consumed on the
668 premises with or without the sale of food, [(2)] (B) the selling at retail
669 from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer
670 brewed on such premises, or in collaboration with at least one other
671 holder of such a permit, for consumption off the premises, and [(3)] (C)
672 the sale of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on
673 such premises to the holder of a wholesaler permit issued pursuant to
674 section 30-17, provided the holder of such permit produces at least five
675 thousand gallons of beer on the premises annually. Such selling at retail
676 from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers shall
677 comply with the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91 and shall
678 permit not more than nine gallons of beer to be sold to any person on
679 any day on which such sale is authorized under the provisions of
680 subsection (d) of section 30-91. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit
681 for beer shall be one thousand four hundred dollars. For the purposes
682 of this [subsection] subdivision and section 30-22d, "collaboration"
683 means an arrangement, other than contract brewing or an alternating
684 proprietorship, under which the holder of a manufacturer permit for
685 beer issued under this subsection works together with at least one other
686 such permit holder to manufacture beer by, among other things, sharing
687 the beer recipe or at least forty-nine per cent of the ingredients or labor
688 necessary to manufacture such beer.

689 (2) A holder of a manufacturer permit for beer issued under this
690 subsection may sell and offer free tastings of beer manufactured by such
691 permittee at a farmers' market, as defined in section 22-6r, that is
692 operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association, provided such
693 farmers' market invites such holder to sell beer at such farmers' market
694 and such holder has a farmers' market sales permit issued by the
695 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of

696 section 30-37o, as amended by this act.

697 Sec. 10. Subsection (a) of section 30-16a of the general statutes is
698 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
699 *2023*):

700 (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue an off-site
701 farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permit to a holder
702 of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery or to a holder of a
703 manufacturer permit for wine, cider and mead upon the holder's
704 submission of proof to the commissioner that the holder is in
705 compliance with the requirements of subsection (c) or (d) of section 30-
706 16. An off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting
707 permit shall authorize the sale and offering of free samples of products
708 manufactured by such permittees during a total of not more than seven
709 events or functions per year [held pursuant to a temporary liquor permit
710 issued pursuant to section 30-35, a charitable organization permit issued
711 pursuant to section 30-37b or a nonprofit corporation permit issued
712 pursuant to section 30-37h,] at locations outside the permit holder's
713 permit premises, provided such holder: (1) Notifies the Department of
714 Consumer Protection, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner of
715 Consumer Protection, not less than five business days prior to the date
716 of the event or function, of the date, hours and location of each event or
717 function, (2) sells only wine, cider and mead by the bottle at the event
718 or function, and (3) is present, or has an authorized representative
719 present, at the time of the sale of any such bottles or the offering of a free
720 sample of such products from the permit holder at the event or function.
721 An off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permit
722 shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. The
723 annual fee for such permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars. There shall
724 be a one-hundred-dollar nonrefundable filing fee for any such permit.

725 Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 30-16b of the general statutes is
726 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
727 *2023*):

728 (a) [During the period beginning June 4, 2021, and ending June 5,
729 2024, the] The holder of a permit issued under section 30-16, as amended
730 by this act, 30-21 or 30-22, subsection (c) or (g) of section 30-22a or
731 section 30-22aa may sell for off-premises consumption sealed containers
732 of all alcoholic liquor such permit holder is allowed to sell for on-
733 premises consumption, subject to the requirements of this section and
734 consistent with all local ordinances for the town in which the permit
735 premises are located.

736 Sec. 12. Section 30-35 of the general statutes is repealed and the
737 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

738 (a) A [temporary beer permit shall allow the sale of beer and a]
739 temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity shall allow the sale
740 of [alcoholic liquor] beer, spirits or wine at any fundraising event,
741 outing, picnic or social gathering conducted by a bona fide
742 noncommercial [organization] entity, club or golf country club, as
743 described in subsection (g) of section 30-22a, which [organization]
744 noncommercial entity, club or golf country club shall be the backer of
745 the permittee under such permit. [The] No for-profit business entity
746 may be the backer of any such permittee. Each temporary liquor permit
747 for a noncommercial entity shall also allow the retail sale of beer, spirits
748 or wine at an in-person or online auction, provided such auction is held
749 as part of a fundraising event to benefit the tax-exempt activities of the
750 noncommercial entity, club or golf country club. All profits from the
751 auction or sale of such beer, [or alcoholic liquor] spirits or wine shall be
752 retained by the [organization] backer or permittee conducting such
753 fundraising event, outing, picnic, [or] social gathering or auction, and
754 no portion of such profits shall be paid, directly or indirectly, to any
755 individual or other corporation. Such permit shall be issued subject to
756 the approval of the [Department of Consumer Protection] department
757 and shall be effective only for specified dates and times limited by the
758 department. The combined total of fundraising events, outings, picnics,
759 [or] social gatherings or auctions, for which a [temporary beer permit
760 or] temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity is issued
761 [pursuant to] under this section, shall not exceed twelve in any calendar

762 year and the approved dates and times for each such fundraising event,
763 outing, picnic, [or] social gathering or auction shall be displayed on such
764 permit. Each temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity issued
765 under this section shall be subject to the hours of sale established in
766 section 30-91, as amended by this act, and the combined total of days for
767 which such permit is issued shall not exceed twenty days in any
768 calendar year. The holder of a temporary liquor permit for a
769 noncommercial entity issued under this section shall display such
770 permit, and the days for which such permit has been issued, in a
771 prominent location adjacent to the entrance to the fundraising event,
772 outing, picnic, social gathering or auction. The fee [for a temporary beer
773 permit shall be thirty dollars per day and] for a temporary liquor permit
774 for a noncommercial entity shall be fifty dollars per day.

775 (b) The holder of a manufacturer permit issued under section 30-16,
776 as amended by this act, a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17
777 or a package store permit issued under subsection (b) of section 30-20
778 may donate to the holder of a temporary liquor permit for a
779 noncommercial entity issued under this section any beer, spirits or wine
780 such manufacturer permittee manufactures, for which such wholesaler
781 permittee holds distribution rights or which such package store
782 permittee sells at retail.

783 Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 30-37o of the general statutes is
784 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
785 *passage*):

786 (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue a farmers'
787 market sales permit to [a] the holder of a manufacturer permit for [a
788 farm winery, the holder of a manufacturer permit for wine, cider and
789 mead or the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer,] spirits issued
790 under subsection (a) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, beer issued
791 under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, a farm
792 winery issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16 or wine, cider and
793 mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16 upon submission of
794 proof to the commissioner that such holder is in compliance with the

795 [applicable] permit requirements of subsection ~~(a)~~, (b), (c) or (d) of
796 section 30-16, as amended by this act, as applicable. Such permit shall
797 authorize the sale of products manufactured by such permittees during
798 an unlimited number of appearances at a farmers' market at not more
799 than ten farmers' market locations per year provided such holder: (1)
800 Has an invitation from such farmers' market to sell such products at
801 such farmers' market, (2) only sells such products by the bottle or sealed
802 container at such farmers' [markets] market, and (3) is present, or has an
803 authorized representative present, at the time of sale of any such
804 product from such permit holder at such farmers' market. Any such
805 permit shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance.
806 The annual fee for such permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars. There
807 shall be a one-hundred-dollar, nonrefundable filing fee for any such
808 permit.

809 Sec. 14. Subsection (g) of section 30-37t of the general statutes is
810 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
811 *passage*):

812 (g) Each participating eligible manufacturer may, during the festival
813 and for the alcoholic liquor such participating eligible manufacturer has
814 manufactured:

815 (1) Offer to festival visitors free or paid samples or tastings of
816 alcoholic liquor for consumption on the festival premises, in accordance
817 with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this act; [and]

818 [(2) Unless such participating eligible manufacturer is the holder of
819 an out-of-state shipper's permit for beer issued under section 30-19:]

820 [(A)] (2) Sell and directly ship to festival visitors, if allowed under
821 section 30-16, as amended by this act, alcoholic liquor that such
822 participating eligible manufacturer sells to festival visitors at such
823 festival;

824 [(B)] (3) Sell, at retail, for consumption off the festival premises and
825 in accordance with the provisions of section 30-16, as amended by this

826 act, bottles and other sealed containers of alcoholic liquor; and

827 [(C)] (4) Sell, at retail, alcoholic liquor by the glass or receptacle for
828 consumption on the festival premises, provided each such glass or
829 receptacle is embossed or otherwise permanently labeled with the name
830 and date of the festival.

831 Sec. 15. Section 30-39 of the general statutes is repealed and the
832 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

833 (a) For the purposes of this section, the "filing date" of an application
834 means the date upon which the department, after approving the
835 application for processing, mails or otherwise delivers to the applicant
836 a placard containing such date.

837 (b) (1) Any person desiring a liquor permit or a renewal of such a
838 permit shall make an affirmed application therefor to the Department of
839 Consumer Protection, upon forms to be furnished by the department,
840 showing the name and address of the applicant and of the applicant's
841 backer, if any, the location of the club or place of business which is to be
842 operated under such permit and a financial statement setting forth all
843 elements and details of any business transactions connected with the
844 application. Such application shall include a detailed description of the
845 type of live entertainment that is to be provided. A club or place of
846 business shall be exempt from providing such detailed description if the
847 club or place of business (A) was issued a liquor permit prior to October
848 1, 1993, and (B) has not altered the type of entertainment provided. The
849 application shall also indicate any crimes of which the applicant or the
850 applicant's backer may have been convicted. Applicants shall submit
851 documents sufficient to establish that state and local building, fire and
852 zoning requirements and local ordinances concerning hours and days
853 of sale will be met, except that local building and zoning requirements
854 and local ordinances concerning hours and days of sale shall not apply
855 to a cafe permit issued under subsection (d) or (h) of section 30-22a. The
856 State Fire Marshal or the marshal's certified designee shall be
857 responsible for approving compliance with the State Fire Code at

858 Bradley International Airport. Any person desiring a permit provided
859 for in section 30-33b shall file a copy of such person's license with such
860 application if such license was issued by the Department of Consumer
861 Protection. The department may, at its discretion, conduct an
862 investigation to determine whether a permit shall be issued to an
863 applicant.

864 (2) The applicant shall pay to the department a nonrefundable
865 application fee, which fee shall be in addition to the fees prescribed in
866 this chapter for the permit sought. An application fee shall not be
867 charged for an application to renew a permit. The application fee shall
868 be in the amount of ten dollars for the filing of each application for a
869 permit by [a charitable organization under section 30-37b, including a
870 nonprofit public television corporation under section 30-37d,] a
871 nonprofit golf tournament permit under section 30-37g [,] or a
872 temporary liquor permit for a noncommercial entity under section 30-
873 35, as amended by this act; [or a special club permit under section 30-
874 25;] and in the amount of one hundred dollars for the filing of an initial
875 application for all other permits. Any permit issued shall be valid only
876 for the purposes and activities described in the application.

877 (3) The applicant, immediately after filing an application, shall give
878 notice thereof, with the name and residence of the permittee, the type of
879 permit applied for and the location of the place of business for which
880 such permit is to be issued and the type of live entertainment to be
881 provided, all in a form prescribed by the department, by publishing the
882 same in a newspaper having a circulation in the town in which the place
883 of business to be operated under such permit is to be located, at least
884 once a week for two successive weeks, the first publication to be not
885 more than seven days after the filing date of the application and the last
886 publication not more than fourteen days after the filing date of the
887 application. The applicant shall affix, and maintain in a legible condition
888 upon the outer door of the building wherein such place of business is to
889 be located and clearly visible from the public highway, the placard
890 provided by the department, not later than the day following the receipt
891 of the placard by the applicant. If such outer door of such premises is so

892 far from the public highway that such placard is not clearly visible as
893 provided, the department shall direct a suitable method to notify the
894 public of such application. When an application is filed for any type of
895 permit for a building that has not been constructed, such applicant shall
896 erect and maintain in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
897 four feet upon the site where such place of business is to be located,
898 instead of such placard upon the outer door of the building. The sign
899 shall set forth the type of permit applied for and the name of the
900 proposed permittee, shall be clearly visible from the public highway and
901 shall be so erected not later than the day following the receipt of the
902 placard. Such applicant shall make a return to the department, under
903 oath, of compliance with the foregoing requirements, in such form as
904 the department may determine, but the department may require any
905 additional proof of such compliance. Upon receipt of evidence of such
906 compliance, the department may hold a hearing as to the suitability of
907 the proposed location. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply
908 to applications for (A) airline permits issued under section 30-28a, (B)
909 [charitable organization permits issued under section 30-37b, (C)]
910 temporary liquor permits for noncommercial entities issued under
911 section 30-35, as amended by this act, [(D) special club permits issued
912 under section 30-25, (E)] (C) concession permits issued under section 30-
913 33, [(F)] (D) military permits issued under section 30-34, [(G)] (E) cafe
914 permits issued under subsection (h) of section 30-22a, [(H)] (F)
915 warehouse permits issued under section 30-32, [(I)] (G) broker's permits
916 issued under section 30-30, [(J)] (H) out-of-state shipper's permits for
917 alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18, [(K)] (I) out-of-state
918 shipper's permits for beer issued under section 30-19, [(L)] (J) coliseum
919 permits issued under section 30-33a, [(M)] (K) nonprofit golf
920 tournament permits issued under section 30-37g, [(N) nonprofit public
921 television corporation permits issued under section 30-37d, (O)] (L)
922 Connecticut craft cafe permits issued under section 30-22d to permittees
923 who held a manufacturer permit for a brew pub or a manufacturer
924 permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended
925 by this act, and a brew pub before July 1, 2020, [(P)] (M) off-site farm
926 winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permits issued under

927 section 30-16a, as amended by this act, [(Q)] (N) out-of-state retailer
928 shipper's permits for wine issued under section 30-18a, [(R)] (O) out-of-
929 state winery shipper's permits for wine issued under section 30-18a, [(S)]
930 (P) in-state transporter's permits for alcoholic liquor issued under
931 section 30-19f, including, but not limited to, boats operating under such
932 permits, [(T)] (Q) seasonal outdoor open-air permits issued under
933 section 30-22e, [(U)] (R) festival permits issued under section 30-37t, as
934 amended by this act, and [(V)] (S) renewals of any permit described in
935 subparagraphs (A) to [(U)] (R), inclusive, of this subdivision, if
936 applicable. The provisions of this subdivision regarding publication and
937 placard display shall also be required of any applicant who seeks to
938 amend the type of entertainment either upon filing of a renewal
939 application or upon requesting permission of the department in a form
940 that requires the approval of the municipal zoning official.

941 (4) In any case in which a permit has been issued to a partnership, if
942 one or more of the partners dies or retires, the remaining partner or
943 partners need not file a new application for the unexpired portion of the
944 current permit, and no additional fee for such unexpired portion shall
945 be required. Notice of any such change shall be given to the department
946 and the permit shall be endorsed to show correct ownership. When any
947 partnership changes by reason of the addition of one or more persons, a
948 new application with new fees shall be required.

949 (c) Any ten persons who are at least eighteen years of age, and are
950 residents of the town within which the business for which the permit or
951 renewal thereof has been applied for, is intended to be operated, or, in
952 the case of a manufacturer's or a wholesaler's permit, any ten persons
953 who are at least eighteen years of age and are residents of the state, may
954 file with the department, within three weeks from the last date of
955 publication of notice made pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (b)
956 of this section for an initial permit, and in the case of renewal of an
957 existing permit, at least twenty-one days before the renewal date of such
958 permit, a remonstrance containing any objection to the suitability of
959 such applicant or proposed place of business, provided any such issue
960 is not controlled by local zoning. Upon the filing of such remonstrance,

961 the department, upon written application, shall hold a hearing and shall
962 give such notice as it deems reasonable of the time and place at least five
963 days before such hearing is had. The remonstrants shall designate one
964 or more agents for service, who shall serve as the recipient or recipients
965 of all notices issued by the department. At any time prior to the issuance
966 of a decision by the department, a remonstrance may be withdrawn by
967 the remonstrants or by such agent or agents acting on behalf of such
968 remonstrants and the department may cancel the hearing or withdraw
969 the case. The decision of the department on such application shall be
970 final with respect to the remonstrance. The provisions of this subsection
971 shall not apply to festival permits issued under section 30-37t, as
972 amended by this act.

973 (d) No new permit shall be issued until the foregoing provisions of
974 subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been complied with. If no
975 new permit is issued within twelve months of the filing date, as defined
976 in subsection (a) of this section, the application may, in the discretion of
977 the department, be deemed withdrawn and shall then be returned to the
978 applicant. Six months' or seasonal permits may be renewed, provided
979 the renewal application and fee shall be filed at least twenty-one days
980 before the reopening of the business, there is no change in the permittee,
981 ownership or type of permit, and the permittee or backer did not receive
982 a rebate of the permit fee with respect to the permit issued for the
983 previous year.

984 (e) The department may renew a permit that has expired if the
985 applicant pays to the department a nonrefundable late fee pursuant to
986 subsection (c) of section 21a-4, which fee shall be in addition to the fees
987 prescribed in this chapter for the permit applied for. The provisions of
988 this subsection shall not apply to one-day permits, to any permit which
989 is the subject of administrative or court proceedings, or where otherwise
990 provided by law.

991 (f) No person who assists an applicant, backer or permittee in
992 submitting an application for a liquor permit shall submit, or cause to
993 be submitted, any false statement in connection with such application,

994 or engage in any conduct which delays or impedes the department in
995 processing such application. A violation of this subsection shall be
996 deemed an unfair or deceptive trade practice under subsection (a) of
997 section 42-110b. The commissioner, after providing an opportunity for
998 a hearing in accordance with chapter 54, may impose on any person who
999 violates the provisions of this subsection a civil penalty in an amount
1000 not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation, and may order such
1001 person to pay restitution to the applicant, backer or permittee. All civil
1002 penalties paid, collected or recovered under this subsection shall be
1003 deposited in the consumer protection enforcement account established
1004 in section 21a-8a.

1005 Sec. 16. Section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1006 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1007 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or
1008 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of airline permits
1009 issued under section 30-28a, boats operating under in-state transporter's
1010 permits issued under section 30-19f, and cafe permits issued under
1011 subsections (d) and (h) of section 30-22a, except that: (1) A backer of a
1012 hotel permit issued under section 30-21 or a restaurant permit issued
1013 under section 30-22 may be a backer of both such classes; (2) a holder or
1014 backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 or a cafe permit
1015 issued under subsection (a) of section 30-22a may be a holder or backer
1016 of any other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a restaurant
1017 permit issued under section 30-22 may be a holder or backer of a cafe
1018 permit issued under subsection (f) of section 30-22a; (4) a backer of a
1019 restaurant permit issued under section 30-22 may be a backer of a
1020 coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a when such restaurant is
1021 within a coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit issued under section 30-
1022 21 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under section 30-33a; (6)
1023 a backer of a grocery store beer permit issued under subsection (c) of
1024 section 30-20 may be (A) a backer of a package store permit issued under
1025 subsection (b) of section 30-20 if such was the case on or before May 1,
1026 1996, and (B) a backer of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22,
1027 provided the restaurant permit premises do not abut or share the same

1028 space as the grocery store beer permit premises; (7) a backer of a cafe
1029 permit issued under subsection (j) of section 30-22a, may be a backer of
1030 a nonprofit theater permit issued under section 30-35a; (8) a backer of a
1031 nonprofit theater permit issued under section 30-35a may be a holder or
1032 backer of a hotel permit issued under section 30-21 or a coliseum permit
1033 issued under section 30-33a; (9) a backer of a concession permit issued
1034 under section 30-33 may be a backer of a coliseum permit issued under
1035 section 30-33a; (10) a holder of an out-of-state winery shipper's permit
1036 for wine issued under section 30-18a may be a holder of an in-state
1037 transporter's permit issued under section 30-19f; (11) a holder of an out-
1038 of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic liquor issued under section 30-18
1039 or an out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine issued under section
1040 30-18a may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under
1041 section 30-19f; (12) a holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery
1042 issued under subsection (c) of section 30-16 or a manufacturer permit
1043 for wine, cider and mead issued under subsection (d) of section 30-16
1044 may be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit issued under section
1045 30-19f, a farmers' market sales permit issued under subsection (a) of
1046 section 30-37o, as amended by this act, an off-site farm winery sales and
1047 tasting permit issued under section 30-16a, as amended by this act, or
1048 any combination of such permits; (13) a holder of a manufacturer permit
1049 for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this
1050 act, may be a holder of a farmers' market sales permit issued under
1051 subsection (a) of section 30-37o, as amended by this act; (14) the holder
1052 of a manufacturer permit for spirits, beer, a farm winery or wine, cider
1053 and mead, issued under subsection (a), (b), (c) or (d), respectively, of
1054 section 30-16, as amended by this act, may be a holder of a Connecticut
1055 craft cafe permit issued under section 30-22d, a restaurant permit or a
1056 restaurant permit for wine and beer issued under section 30-22; (15) the
1057 holder of a restaurant permit issued under section 30-22, a cafe permit
1058 issued under section 30-22a, or an in-state transporter's permit issued
1059 under section 30-19f, may be the holder of a seasonal outdoor open-air
1060 permit issued under section 30-22e; and (16) the holder of a festival
1061 permit issued under section 30-37t, as amended by this act, may be the
1062 holder or backer of one or more of such other classes. Any person may

1063 be a permittee of more than one permit. No holder of a manufacturer
1064 permit for beer issued under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended
1065 by this act, and no spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or
1066 backer of more than three restaurant permits issued under section 30-22
1067 or cafe permits issued under section 30-22a.

1068 (b) No permittee or backer thereof and no employee or agent of such
1069 permittee or backer shall borrow money or receive credit in any form
1070 for a period in excess of thirty days, directly or indirectly, from any
1071 manufacturer permittee, or backer thereof, or from any wholesaler
1072 permittee, or backer thereof, of alcoholic liquor or from any member of
1073 the family of such manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or from any
1074 stockholder in a corporation manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor,
1075 and no manufacturer permittee or backer thereof or wholesaler
1076 permittee or backer thereof or member of the family of either of such
1077 permittees or of any such backer, and no stockholder of a corporation
1078 manufacturing or wholesaling such liquor shall lend money or
1079 otherwise extend credit, directly or indirectly, to any such permittee or
1080 backer thereof or to the employee or agent of any such permittee or
1081 backer. A wholesaler permittee or backer, or a manufacturer permittee
1082 or backer, that has not received payment in full from a retailer permittee
1083 or backer within thirty days after the date such credit was extended to
1084 such retailer or backer or to an employee or agent of any such retailer or
1085 backer, shall give a written notice of obligation to such retailer within
1086 the five days following the expiration of the thirty-day period of credit.
1087 The notice of obligation shall state: The amount due; the date credit was
1088 extended; the date the thirty-day period ended; and that the retailer is
1089 in violation of this section. A retailer who disputes the accuracy of the
1090 "notice of obligation" shall, within the ten days following the expiration
1091 of the thirty-day period of credit, give a written response to notice of
1092 obligation to the department and give a copy to the wholesaler or
1093 manufacturer who sent the notice. The response shall state the retailer's
1094 basis for dispute and the amount, if any, admitted to be owed for more
1095 than thirty days; the copy forwarded to the wholesaler or manufacturer
1096 shall be accompanied by the amount admitted to be due, if any, and

1097 such payment shall be made and received without prejudice to the
1098 rights of either party in any civil action. Upon receipt of the retailer's
1099 response, the chairman of the commission or such chairman's designee
1100 shall conduct an informal hearing with the parties being given equal
1101 opportunity to appear and be heard. If the chairman or such chairman's
1102 designee determines that the notice of obligation is accurate, the
1103 department shall forthwith issue an order directing the wholesaler or
1104 manufacturer to promptly give all manufacturers and wholesalers
1105 engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to retailers in this
1106 state, a "notice of delinquency". The notice of delinquency shall identify
1107 the delinquent retailer, and state the amount due and the date of the
1108 expiration of the thirty-day credit period. No wholesaler or
1109 manufacturer receiving a notice of delinquency shall extend credit by
1110 the sale of alcoholic liquor or otherwise to such delinquent retailer until
1111 after the manufacturer or wholesaler has received a "notice of
1112 satisfaction" from the sender of the notice of delinquency. If the
1113 chairman or such chairman's designee determines that the notice of
1114 obligation is inaccurate, the department shall forthwith issue an order
1115 prohibiting a notice of delinquency. The party for whom the
1116 determination by the chairman or such chairman's designee was
1117 adverse, shall promptly pay to the department a part of the cost of the
1118 proceedings as determined by the chairman or such chairman's
1119 designee, which shall not be less than fifty dollars. The department may
1120 suspend or revoke the permit of any permittee who, in bad faith, gives
1121 an incorrect notice of obligation, an incorrect response to notice of
1122 obligation, or an unauthorized notice of delinquency. If the department
1123 does not receive a response to the notice of obligation within such ten-
1124 day period, the delinquency shall be deemed to be admitted and the
1125 wholesaler or manufacturer who sent the notice of obligation shall,
1126 within the three days following the expiration of such ten-day period,
1127 give a notice of delinquency to the department and to all wholesalers
1128 and manufacturers engaged in the business of selling alcoholic liquor to
1129 retailers in this state. A notice of delinquency identifying a retailer who
1130 does not file a response within such ten-day period shall have the same
1131 effect as a notice of delinquency given by order of the chairman or such

1132 chairman's designee. A wholesaler permittee or manufacturer permittee
1133 that has given a notice of delinquency and that receives full payment for
1134 the credit extended, shall, within three days after the date of full
1135 payment, give a notice of satisfaction to the department and to all
1136 wholesalers and manufacturers to whom a notice of delinquency was
1137 sent. The prohibition against extension of credit to such retailer shall be
1138 void upon such full payment. The department may revoke or suspend
1139 any permit for a violation of this section. An appeal from an order of
1140 revocation or suspension issued in accordance with this section may be
1141 taken in accordance with section 30-60.

1142 (c) If there is a proposed change or change in ownership of a retail
1143 permit premises, no application for a permit shall be approved until the
1144 applicant files with the department an affidavit executed by the seller of
1145 the retail permit premises stating that all obligations of the predecessor
1146 permittee for the purchase of alcoholic liquor at such permit premises
1147 have been paid or that such applicant did not receive direct or indirect
1148 consideration from the predecessor permittee. The commissioner may
1149 waive the requirement of such seller's affidavit upon finding that (1) the
1150 predecessor permittee abandoned the premises prior to the filing of the
1151 application, and (2) such permittee did not receive any consideration,
1152 direct or indirect, for such permittee's abandonment. For the purposes
1153 of this subsection, "consideration" means the receipt of legal tender or
1154 goods or services for the purchase of alcoholic liquor remaining on the
1155 premises of the predecessor permittee, for which bills remain unpaid.

1156 (d) A permittee may file a designation of an authorized agent with
1157 the department to issue or receive all notices or documents provided for
1158 in this section. The permittee shall be responsible for the issuance or
1159 receipt of such notices or documents by the agent.

1160 (e) The period of credit permitted under this section shall be
1161 calculated as the time elapsing between the date of receipt of the
1162 alcoholic liquors by the purchaser and the date of full legal discharge of
1163 the purchaser through the payment of cash or its equivalent from all
1164 indebtedness arising from the transaction except that, if the last day for

1165 payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the last day for
1166 payment shall then be the next business day.

1167 (f) A permittee shall be a director, employee, member, officer, partner
1168 or shareholder of the backer. For the purposes of this subsection,
1169 "employee" means an individual whose (1) manner and means of work
1170 performance are subject to the right of control of, or are controlled by,
1171 the backer, and (2) compensation is reported, or required to be reported,
1172 on a federal Form W-2 issued by, or caused to be issued by, the backer.

1173 Sec. 17. Section 30-55 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1174 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1175 (a) The Department of Consumer Protection may, in its discretion,
1176 revoke, suspend or place conditions on any permit or provisional permit
1177 or impose a fine of not greater than one thousand dollars per violation,
1178 upon cause found after hearing, provided ten days' written notice of
1179 such hearing has been given to the permittee setting forth, with the
1180 particulars required in civil pleadings, the charges upon which such
1181 proposed revocation, suspension, condition or fine is predicated. Any
1182 appeal from such order of revocation, suspension, condition or fine shall
1183 be taken in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

1184 (b) The surrender of a permit or provisional permit for cancellation
1185 or the expiration of a permit shall not prevent the department from
1186 suspending or revoking any such permit pursuant to the provisions of
1187 this section.

1188 (c) If a permittee fails to submit a fire marshal certificate to the
1189 department, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, on or before
1190 the forty-fifth day of a renewed permit period, the department may
1191 summarily suspend the renewed permit subject to the provisions of
1192 section 4-182 until such time as the permittee submits a fire marshal
1193 certificate to the department that the department, in the department's
1194 discretion, deems satisfactory, and the department provides notice to
1195 the permittee disclosing that the department has lifted such suspension.

1196 Sec. 18. Section 30-76a of the general statutes is repealed and the
1197 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

1198 A wholesaler permittee shall not sell alcoholic liquor to any [persons]
1199 person holding a temporary liquor permit for [outings, picnics or special
1200 gatherings] a noncommercial entity issued under section 30-35, as
1201 amended by this act, or [a charitable organization permit, including a
1202 nonprofit public television corporation permit issued under section 30-
1203 37d but excluding] a nonprofit golf tournament permit issued under
1204 section 30-37g. Holders of such permits shall purchase alcoholic liquor
1205 only from permittees holding package store permits issued under
1206 subsection (b) of section 30-20. The provisions of this section shall not
1207 apply to the sale of beer in kegs or donations of any beer, spirits or wine
1208 to which a wholesaler permittee holds distribution rights.

1209 Sec. 19. Subsection (a) of section 30-91 of the general statutes is
1210 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
1211 *2023*):

1212 (a) The sale, dispensing, consumption or presence in glasses or other
1213 receptacles suitable to allow for the consumption of alcoholic liquor by
1214 an individual in places operating under hotel permits issued under
1215 section 30-21, restaurant permits issued under section 30-22, cafe
1216 permits issued under section 30-22a, Connecticut craft cafe permits
1217 issued under section 30-22d, club permits issued under section 30-22aa,
1218 restaurant permits for catering establishments issued under section 30-
1219 22b, coliseum permits issued under section 30-33a, nonprofit public
1220 museum permits issued under section 30-37a, manufacturer permits for
1221 beer, a farm winery or wine, cider and mead issued under subsection
1222 (b), (c) or (d), respectively, of section 30-16, as amended by this act,
1223 casino permits issued under section 30-37k [,] and caterer liquor permits
1224 issued under section 30-37j [and charitable organization permits issued
1225 under section 30-37b] shall be unlawful on: (1) Monday, Tuesday,
1226 Wednesday, Thursday and Friday between the hours of one o'clock a.m.
1227 and nine o'clock a.m.; (2) Saturday between the hours of two o'clock a.m.
1228 and nine o'clock a.m.; (3) Sunday between the hours of two o'clock a.m.

1229 and ten o'clock a.m.; (4) Christmas, except (A) for alcoholic liquor that is
1230 served where food is also available during the hours otherwise
1231 permitted by this section for the day on which Christmas falls, and (B)
1232 by casino permittees at casinos, as defined in section 30-37k; and (5)
1233 January first between the hours of three o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock
1234 a.m., except that on any Sunday that is January first the prohibitions of
1235 this section shall be between the hours of three o'clock a.m. and ten
1236 o'clock a.m.

1237 Sec. 20. Section 30-114 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1238 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

1239 (a) As used in this section, "keg" means any brewery-sealed
1240 individual container of beer having a liquid capacity of [six] at least four
1241 gallons. [or more.]

1242 (b) Any holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer
1243 permit under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer permit for beer under
1244 subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, that sells kegs for
1245 consumption off the permit premises shall, at the time of sale, (1) place
1246 an identification tag on all kegs sold by the permittee, (2) require each
1247 purchaser of any such keg to sign a receipt for the keg, and (3) inform
1248 such purchaser that any deposit paid by the purchaser for the keg, if
1249 required, shall be forfeited if the keg is returned without the original
1250 identification tag intact and readable.

1251 (c) (1) The identification tag required under subdivision (1) of
1252 subsection (b) of this section shall be in the form of a numbered label,
1253 prescribed and furnished by the department, that clearly identifies the
1254 seller of the keg. Such tags shall be fabricated and made attachable in
1255 such a manner as to make the tag easily removable by a beer
1256 manufacturer for the purpose of cleaning and reusing the keg.

1257 (2) The receipt required under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this
1258 section shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the department
1259 and shall include the name, address and signature of the purchaser of
1260 the keg and the purchaser's motor vehicle operator's license number or

1261 such other identifying information as the department may prescribe by
 1262 regulation under section 30-6a. The permittee shall retain a copy of all
 1263 such receipts on the permit premises for a period of six months. Such
 1264 receipts shall be available for inspection and copying by the department
 1265 or any authorized criminal justice agency.

1266 (3) The information required under subdivision (3) of subsection (b)
 1267 of this section may be given verbally to each purchaser of a keg or may
 1268 be provided by means of a sign conspicuously posted at the point of sale
 1269 in such form and containing such disclosures as the department may
 1270 require by regulation under section 30-6a.

1271 (4) The department may charge a reasonable fee for furnishing the
 1272 forms required by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, not to
 1273 exceed the actual cost of furnishing such forms.

1274 (d) No holder of a package store permit or a grocery store beer permit
 1275 under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer permit for beer under
 1276 subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, may refund any
 1277 deposit upon the return of any keg that (1) does not have an
 1278 identification tag required under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this
 1279 section or (2) has an identification tag that has been defaced to the extent
 1280 that the information contained on the tag cannot be read.

1281 (e) The violation by any holder of a package store permit or a grocery
 1282 store beer permit under section 30-20, or of a manufacturer permit for
 1283 beer under subsection (b) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, of any
 1284 provision of this section shall be cause for revocation or suspension of
 1285 such permit under section 30-55, as amended by this act.

1286 Sec. 21. Sections 30-25, 30-37b, 30-37d and 30-37h of the general
 1287 statutes are repealed. (*Effective July 1, 2023*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	30-1
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-1

Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	30-1
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 5	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	New section
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-14(a) and (b)
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2023</i>	30-14(a) and (b)
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	30-16(a) and (b)
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-16a(a)
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-16b(a)
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-35
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	30-37o(a)
Sec. 14	<i>from passage</i>	30-37t(g)
Sec. 15	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-39
Sec. 16	<i>from passage</i>	30-48
Sec. 17	<i>from passage</i>	30-55
Sec. 18	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-76a
Sec. 19	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	30-91(a)
Sec. 20	<i>from passage</i>	30-114
Sec. 21	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	Repealer section

Statement of Purpose:

To: (1) Authorize (A) alcoholic liquor manufacturers to enter into alternating proprietorship agreements, and (B) certain liquor permittees to enter into contract manufacturing agreements; (2) establish temporary auction permits; (3) provide that a permitted manufacturer of spirits or beer that also holds a farmers' market sales permit may sell, and offer free tastings of, its spirits or beer at a farmers' market operated as a nonprofit enterprise or association; (4) expand the off-site farm winery sales and wine, cider and mead tasting permit to include additional liquor permittees; (5) eliminate the sunset date concerning the period during which certain liquor permittees may sell liquor in sealed containers for off-premises consumption; (6) replace temporary beer and liquor permits with a temporary liquor permit for noncommercial entities; (7) authorize the Department of Consumer Protection to issue farmers' market sales permits to spirits manufacturers; (8) authorize certain liquor manufacturers that hold out-of-state shipper's permits for beer to engage in additional sales and shipping activities under festival permits; (9) provide that no person who assists an applicant, backer or liquor permittee in submitting an application for a liquor permit shall submit, or cause to be submitted, any false statement in connection with such application, or engage in

any conduct which delays or impedes the Department of Consumer Protection in processing such application, provide that submitting any such statement or engaging in any such conduct shall constitute an unfair or deceptive trade practice within the meaning of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act and authorize the Commissioner of Consumer Protection to impose civil penalties on any person who submits any such statement or engages in any such conduct; (10) provide that a liquor permittee shall be a director, employee, member, officer, partner or shareholder of its backer; (11) provide that the department may summarily suspend a renewed liquor permit if the liquor permittee fails to timely submit a fire marshal certificate to the department; (12) subject beer manufacturers to beer keg identification, receipt and refund requirements; (13) eliminate special club, charitable organization, nonprofit public television corporation and nonprofit corporation permits; and (14) make minor, technical and conforming changes to the Liquor Control Act.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]