

OFFICE OF FISCAL ANALYSIS

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SB-364

AN ACT CONCERNING HEALTH INSURANCE. AMENDMENT

LCO No.: 6368

File Copy No.: 315

House Calendar No.: 554

Senate Calendar No.: 234

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 23 \$	FY 24 \$
Resources of the General Fund	GF - Cost	See Below	See Below

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 23 \$	FY 24 \$
Various Municipalities	STATE MANDATE ¹ - Cost	See Below	See Below

Explanation

There is no fiscal impact to the State resulting from the bill, which covers breast and ovarian screening and various procedures related to breast and ovarian cancer. The state employee and retiree health plans already provide coverage in accordance with the bill.

The bill will increase health insurance premiums for fully insured municipalities and will be realized in premiums when they enter a new

¹ State mandate is defined in Sec. 2-32b(2) of the Connecticut General Statutes, "state mandate" means any state initiated constitutional, statutory or executive action that requires a local government to establish, expand or modify its activities in such a way as to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues.

policy after January 1, 2023.

In addition, many municipal health plans are recognized as “grandfathered” health plans under the Affordable Care Act (ACA).² It is unclear what effect the adoption of certain health mandates will have on the grandfathered status of certain municipal plans under ACA. Pursuant to federal law, municipalities with self-insured plans are exempt from state insurance mandates.

Lastly, the bill may result in a cost to the state pursuant to the ACA, to the extent the provisions of the bill are interpreted to require the expansion of the pediatric dental and vision benefits provided to comply with the essential health benefit (EHB) requirement. While states can mandate benefits in excess of the EHB, federal law requires the state to defray the cost of any such additional mandated benefits for all plans sold in the Exchange, by reimbursing the carrier or the insured for the excess coverage. Absent further federal guidance, state mandated benefits enacted after December 31, 2011 cannot be considered part of the EHB unless they are already part of the benchmark plan.

The preceding Fiscal Impact statement is prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for the purposes of information, summarization and explanation and does not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.