AN ACT CONCERNING IMMUNIZATIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 10-204a of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) Each local or regional board of education, or similar body governing a nonpublic school or schools, shall require each child to be protected by adequate immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles, mumps, rubella, [hemophilus] haemophilus influenzae type B and any other vaccine required by the schedule for active immunization adopted pursuant to section 19a-7f before being permitted to enroll in any program operated by a public or nonpublic school under its jurisdiction. Before being permitted to enter seventh grade, a child shall receive a second immunization against measles. Any such child who (1) presents a certificate from a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or local health agency stating that initial immunizations have been given to such child and additional immunizations are in process under guidelines and schedules specified by the Commissioner of Public Health; or (2) presents a certificate, in a form prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to section 7 of this act, from a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse stating that in the opinion of such physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse
such immunization is medically contraindicated because of the physical
condition of such child; or (3) prior to the effective date of this section,
presents a statement from the parents or guardian of such child that
such immunization would be contrary to the religious beliefs of such
child or the parents or guardian of such child, which statement shall be
acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-32, 1-34
and 1-35, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family support
magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal, (C) a town
clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, (F) an attorney
admitted to the bar of this state, or (G) notwithstanding any provision
of chapter 6, a school nurse; or (4) in the case of measles, mumps or
rubella, presents a certificate from a physician, physician assistant or
advanced practice registered nurse or from the director of health in such
child’s present or previous town of residence, stating that the child has
had a confirmed case of such disease; or (5) in the case of [hemophilus]
haemophilus influenzae type B has passed [his] such child’s fifth
birthday; or (6) in the case of pertussis, has passed [his] such child’s sixth
birthday, shall be exempt from the appropriate provisions of this
section. If the parents or guardians of any child are unable to pay for
such immunizations, the expense of such immunizations shall, on the
recommendations of such board of education, be paid by the town.
Before being permitted to enter seventh grade, the parents or guardian
of any child who is exempt on religious grounds from the immunization
requirements of this section, pursuant to subdivision (3) of this
subsection, shall present to such school a statement that such
immunization requirements are contrary to the religious beliefs of such
child or the parents or guardian of such child, which statement shall be
acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-32, 1-34
and 1-35, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family support
magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal, (C) a town
clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, (F) an attorney
admitted to the bar of this state, or (G) notwithstanding any provision
of chapter 6, a school nurse.

(b) The definitions of adequate immunization shall reflect the
schedule for active immunization adopted pursuant to section 19a-7f
and be established by regulation adopted in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54 by the Commissioner of Public Health, who
shall also be responsible for providing procedures under which [said]
such boards and [said] such similar governing bodies shall collect and
report immunization data on each child to the Department of Public
Health for (1) compilation and analysis by [said] the department, and
(2) release by the department of annual immunization rates for each
public and nonpublic school in the state, provided such immunization
data may not contain information that identifies a specific individual.

Sec. 2. Section 19a-25 of the general statutes is repealed and the
following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) All information, records of interviews, written reports, statements,
notes, memoranda or other data, including personal data as defined in
subdivision (9) of section 4-190, procured by: [the] (1) The Department
of Public Health, by staff committees of facilities accredited by the
Department of Public Health or the maternity mortality review
committee, established pursuant to section 19a-59i, in connection with
studies of morbidity and mortality conducted by the Department of
Public Health, such staff committees or the maternal mortality review
committee, or carried on by said department, such staff committees or
the maternal mortality review committee jointly with other persons,
agencies or organizations, [or procured by] (2) the directors of health of
towns, cities or boroughs or the Department of Public Health pursuant
to section 19a-215, or [procured by] (3) such other persons, agencies or
organizations, for the purpose of reducing the morbidity or mortality
from any cause or condition, shall be confidential and shall be used
solely for the purposes of medical or scientific research and, for
information obtained pursuant to section 19a-215, disease prevention
and control by the local director of health and the Department of Public
Health. Such information, records, reports, statements, notes,
memoranda or other data shall not be admissible as evidence in any
action of any kind in any court or before any other tribunal, board,
agency or person, nor shall it be exhibited or its contents disclosed in any way, in whole or in part, by any officer or representative of the Department of Public Health or of any such facility, by any person participating in such a research project or by any other person, except as may be necessary for the purpose of furthering the research project to which it relates.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 55, the Department of Public Health may exchange personal data for the purpose of medical or scientific research, with any other governmental agency or private research organization; provided such state, governmental agency or private research organization shall not further disclose such personal data. The Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, consistent with the purposes of this section to establish the procedures to ensure the confidentiality of such disclosures. The furnishing of such information to the Department of Public Health or its authorized representative, or to any other agency cooperating in such a research project, shall not subject any person, hospital, [sanitarium] behavioral health facility, rest home, nursing home or other person or agency furnishing such information to any action for damages or other relief because of such disclosure. [This section shall not be deemed to affect disclosure]

(c) The provisions of this section shall not affect: (1) Disclosure of regular hospital and medical records made in the course of the regular notation of the care and treatment of any patient, but only records or notations by [such] the staff committees described in subsection (a) of this section pursuant to their work, or (2) release by the Department of Public Health of annual immunization rates for each public and nonpublic school in the state pursuant to section 10-204a, as amended by this act.

Sec. 3. Section 10a-155 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) Each institution of higher education shall require each full-time or
matriculating student born after December 31, 1956, to provide proof of adequate immunization against measles, rubella, [and on and after August 1, 2010, to provide proof of adequate immunization against] mumps and varicella as recommended by the national Advisory Committee for Immunization Practices before permitting such student to enroll in such institution. [Any such]

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any student who (1) presents a certificate, in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health pursuant to section 7 of this act, from a physician, physician assistant or an advanced practice registered nurse stating that in the opinion of such physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse such immunization is medically contraindicated, (2) prior to the effective date of this section, provides a statement that such immunization would be contrary to his or her religious beliefs, (3) presents a certificate from a physician, physician assistant, an advanced practice registered nurse or the director of health in the student's present or previous town of residence, stating that the student has had a confirmed case of such disease, (4) is enrolled exclusively in a program for which students do not congregate on campus for classes or to participate in institutional-sponsored events, such as students enrolled in distance learning programs for individualized home study or programs conducted entirely through electronic media in a setting without other students present, or (5) graduated from a public or nonpublic high school in this state in 1999 or later and was not exempt from the measles, rubella, [and on and after August 1, 2010, the] mumps and varicella vaccination requirement pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 10-204a shall be exempt from the appropriate provisions of this section.

[(b)] (c) Each institution of higher education shall keep uniform records of the immunizations and immunization status of each student, based on the certificate of immunization or other evidence acceptable pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The record shall be part of the student's permanent record. By November first of each year, the chief
Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 10a-155b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) For students who first enroll in the 2014-2015 school year, and first enroll in each school year thereafter, each public or private college or university in this state shall require that each student who resides in on-campus housing be vaccinated against meningitis and submit evidence of having received a meningococcal conjugate vaccine not more than five years before enrollment as a condition of such residence. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any such student who (1) presents a certificate, in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health pursuant to section 7 of this act, from a physician, an advanced practice registered nurse or a physician assistant stating that, in the opinion of such physician, advanced practice registered nurse or physician assistant, such vaccination is medically contraindicated because of the physical condition of such student, or (2) prior to the effective date of this section, presents a statement that such vaccination would be contrary to the religious beliefs of such student.

Sec. 5. Section 19a-79 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) The Commissioner of Early Childhood shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to carry out the purposes of sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive, and to assure that child care centers and group child care homes meet the health, educational and social needs of children utilizing such child care centers and group child care homes. Such regulations shall (1) specify that before being permitted to attend any child care center or
group child care home, each child shall be protected as age-appropriate
by adequate immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus,
poliomyelitis, measles, mumps, rubella, [hemophilus] haemophilus
influenzae type B and any other vaccine required by the schedule of
active immunization adopted pursuant to section 19a-7f, [including
appropriate exemptions for children for whom such immunization is
medically contraindicated and for children whose parent or guardian
objects to such immunization on religious grounds, and that any
objection by a parent or a guardian to immunization of a child on
religious grounds shall be accompanied by a statement from such parent
or guardian that such immunization would be contrary to the religious
beliefs of such child or the parent or guardian of such child, which
statement shall be acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of
sections 1-32, 1-34 and 1-35, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family
support magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal,
(C) a town clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, or (F) an
attorney admitted to the bar of this state,] (2) specify conditions under
which child care center directors and teachers and group child care
home providers may administer tests to monitor glucose levels in a child
with diagnosed diabetes mellitus, and administer medicinal
preparations, including controlled drugs specified in the regulations by
the commissioner, to a child receiving child care services at such child
care center or group child care home pursuant to the written order of a
physician licensed to practice medicine or a dentist licensed to practice
dental medicine in this or another state, or an advanced practice
registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a,
or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section
20-12d, and the written authorization of a parent or guardian of such
child, (3) specify that an operator of a child care center or group child
care home, licensed before January 1, 1986, or an operator who receives
a license after January 1, 1986, for a facility licensed prior to January 1,
1986, shall provide a minimum of thirty square feet per child of total
indoor usable space, free of furniture except that needed for the
children's purposes, exclusive of toilet rooms, bathrooms, coatrooms,
kitchens, halls, isolation room or other rooms used for purposes other
than the activities of the children, (4) specify that a child care center or
group child care home licensed after January 1, 1986, shall provide
thirty-five square feet per child of total indoor usable space, (5) establish
appropriate child care center staffing requirements for employees
certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the American Red Cross,
the American Heart Association, the National Safety Council, American
Safety and Health Institute, Medic First Aid International, Inc. or an
organization using guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and
emergency cardiovascular care published by the American Heart
Association and International Liaison Committee on Resuscitation, (6)
specify that [on and after January 1, 2003,] a child care center or group
child care home (A) shall not deny services to a child on the basis of a
child's known or suspected allergy or because a child has a prescription
for an automatic prefilled cartridge injector or similar automatic
injectable equipment used to treat an allergic reaction, or for injectable
equipment used to administer glucagon, (B) shall, not later than three
weeks after such child's enrollment in such a center or home, have staff
trained in the use of such equipment on-site during all hours when such
a child is on-site, (C) shall require such child's parent or guardian to
provide the injector or injectable equipment and a copy of the
prescription for such medication and injector or injectable equipment
upon enrollment of such child, and (D) shall require a parent or
guardian enrolling such a child to replace such medication and
equipment prior to its expiration date, (7) specify that [on and after
January 1, 2005,] a child care center or group child care home (A) shall
not deny services to a child on the basis of a child's diagnosis of asthma
or because a child has a prescription for an inhalant medication to treat
asthma, and (B) shall, not later than three weeks after such child's
enrollment in such a center or home, have staff trained in the
administration of such medication on-site during all hours when such a
child is on-site, and (8) establish physical plant requirements for
licensed child care centers and licensed group child care homes that
exclusively serve school-age children. When establishing such
requirements, the Office of Early Childhood shall give consideration to
child care centers and group child care homes that are located in private
or public school buildings. With respect to this subdivision only, the
commissioner shall implement policies and procedures necessary to
implement the physical plant requirements established pursuant to this
subdivision while in the process of adopting such policies and
procedures in regulation form. Until replaced by policies and
procedures implemented pursuant to this subdivision, any physical
plant requirement specified in the office’s regulations that is generally
applicable to child care centers and group child care homes shall
continue to be applicable to such centers and homes that exclusively
serve school-age children. The commissioner shall print notice of the
intent to adopt regulations pursuant to this subdivision on the
eRegulations System not later than twenty days after the date of
implementation of such policies and procedures. Policies and
procedures implemented pursuant to this subdivision shall be valid
until the time final regulations are adopted.

(b) Any child who (1) presents a certificate, in a form prescribed by
the Commissioner of Public Health pursuant to section 7 of this act,
signed by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice
registered nurse stating that, in the opinion of such physician, physician
assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, the immunizations
required pursuant to regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (1) of
subsection (a) of this section are medically contraindicated, or (2) prior
to the effective date of this section, presents a statement that such
immunizations would be contrary to the religious beliefs of such child
or the parents or guardians of such child, shall be exempt from the
immunization requirements set forth in such regulations. Such
statement shall be acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of
sections 1-32, 1-34 and 1-35, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family
support magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal,
(C) a town clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, or (F) an
attorney admitted to the bar of this state.

[(b)] (c) The commissioner may adopt regulations, pursuant to
chapter 54, to establish civil penalties of not more than one hundred
dollars per day for each day of violation and other disciplinary remedies that may be imposed, following a contested-case hearing, upon the holder of a license issued under section 19a-80 to operate a child care center or group child care home or upon the holder of a license issued under section 19a-87b, as amended by this act, to operate a family child care home.

[(c)] (d) The commissioner shall exempt Montessori schools accredited by the American Montessori Society or the Association Montessori Internationale from any provision in regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section which sets requirements on group size or child to staff ratios or the provision of cots.

[(d)] (e) Upon the declaration by the Governor of a civil preparedness emergency pursuant to section 28-9 or a public health emergency pursuant to section 19a-131a, the commissioner may waive the provisions of any regulation adopted pursuant to this section if the commissioner determines that such waiver would not endanger the life, safety or health of any child. The commissioner shall prescribe the duration of such waiver, provided such waiver shall not extend beyond the duration of the declared emergency. The commissioner shall establish the criteria by which a waiver request shall be made and the conditions for which a waiver will be granted or denied. The provisions of section 19a-84 shall not apply to a denial of a waiver request under this subsection.

[(e)] (f) Any child care center or group child care home may provide child care services to homeless children and youths, as defined in 42 USC 11434a, as amended from time to time, for a period not to exceed ninety days without complying with any provision in regulations adopted pursuant to this section relating to immunization and physical examination requirements. Any child care center or group child care home that provides child care services to homeless children and youths at such center or home under this subsection shall maintain a record on file of all homeless children and youths who have attended such center or home for a period of two years after such homeless children or youths
are no longer receiving child care services at such center or home.

[(f) (g)] Any child care center or group child care home may provide child care services to a foster child for a period not to exceed forty-five days without complying with any provision in regulations adopted pursuant to this section relating to immunization and physical examination requirements. Any child care center or group child care home that provides child care services to a foster child at such center or home under this subsection shall maintain a record on file of such foster child for a period of two years after such foster child is no longer receiving child care services at such center or home. For purposes of this subsection, "foster child" means a child who is in the care and custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families and placed in a foster home licensed pursuant to section 17a-114, foster home approved by a child-placing agency licensed pursuant to section 17a-149, facility licensed pursuant to section 17a-145 or with a relative or fictive kin caregiver pursuant to section 17a-114.

Sec. 6. Section 19a-87b of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

(a) No person, group of persons, association, organization, corporation, institution or agency, public or private, shall maintain a family child care home, as defined in section 19a-77, without a license issued by the Commissioner of Early Childhood. Licensure forms shall be obtained from the Office of Early Childhood. Applications for licensure shall be made to the commissioner on forms provided by the office and shall contain the information required by regulations adopted under this section. The licensure and application forms shall contain a notice that false statements made therein are punishable in accordance with section 53a-157b. Applicants shall state, in writing, that they are in compliance with the regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. Before a family child care home license is granted, the office shall make an inquiry and investigation which shall include a visit and inspection of the premises for which the license is
requested. Any inspection conducted by the office shall include an
inspection for evident sources of lead poisoning. The office shall provide
for a chemical analysis of any paint chips found on such premises.
Neither the commissioner nor the commissioner's designee shall require
an annual inspection for homes seeking license renewal or for licensed
homes, except that the commissioner or the commissioner's designee
shall make an unannounced visit, inspection or investigation of each
licensed family child care home at least once every year. A licensed
family child care home shall not be subject to any conditions on the
operation of such home by local officials, other than those imposed by
the office pursuant to this subsection, if the home complies with all local
codes and ordinances applicable to single and multifamily dwellings.

(b) No person shall act as an assistant or substitute staff member to a
person or entity maintaining a family child care home, as defined in
section 19a-77, without an approval issued by the commissioner. Any
person seeking to act as an assistant or substitute staff member in a
family child care home shall submit an application for such approval to
the office. Applications for approval shall: (1) Be made to the
commissioner on forms provided by the office, (2) contain the
information required by regulations adopted under this section, and (3)
be accompanied by a fee of fifteen dollars. The approval application
forms shall contain a notice that false statements made in such form are
punishable in accordance with section 53a-157b.

(c) The commissioner, within available appropriations, shall require
each initial applicant or prospective employee of a family child care
home in a position requiring the provision of care to a child, including
an assistant or substitute staff member and each household member
who is sixteen years of age or older, to submit to comprehensive
background checks, including state and national criminal history
records checks. The criminal history records checks required pursuant
to this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with section 29-17a.
The commissioner shall also request a check of the state child abuse
registry established pursuant to section 17a-101k. The commissioner
shall notify each licensee of the provisions of this subsection. For
purposes of this subsection, "household member" means any person,
other than the person who is licensed to conduct, operate or maintain a
family child care home, who resides in the family child care home, such
as the licensee's spouse or children, tenants and any other occupant.

(d) An application for initial licensure pursuant to this section shall
be accompanied by a fee of forty dollars and such license shall be issued
for a term of four years. An application for renewal of a license issued
pursuant to this section shall be accompanied by a fee of forty dollars
and a certification from the licensee that any child enrolled in the family
child care home has received age-appropriate immunizations in
accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (f) of this
section. A license issued pursuant to this section shall be renewed for a
term of four years. In the case of an applicant submitting an application
for renewal of a license that has expired, and who has ceased operations
of a family child care home due to such expired license, the
commissioner may renew such expired license within thirty days of the
date of such expiration upon receipt of an application for renewal that
is accompanied by such fee and such certification.

(e) An application for initial staff approval or renewal of staff
approval shall be accompanied by a fee of fifteen dollars. Such
approvals shall be issued or renewed for a term of two years.

(f) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54, to assure that family child care homes, as
defined in section 19a-77, meet the health, educational and social needs
of children utilizing such homes. Such regulations shall ensure that the
family child care home is treated as a residence, and not an institutional
facility. Such regulations shall specify that each child be protected as
age-appropriate by adequate immunization against diphtheria,
pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles, mumps, rubella,
[hemophilus] haemophilus influenzae type B and any other vaccine
required by the schedule of active immunization adopted pursuant to
section 19a-7f. [Such regulations shall provide appropriate exemptions


for children for whom such immunization is medically contraindicated and for children whose parents or guardian objects to such immunization on religious grounds and require that any such objection be accompanied by a statement from such parents or guardian that such immunization would be contrary to the religious beliefs of such child or the parents or guardian of such child, which statement shall be acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-32, 1-34 and 1-35, by (1) a judge of a court of record or a family support magistrate, (2) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal, (3) a town clerk, (4) a notary public, (5) a justice of the peace, or (6) an attorney admitted to the bar of this state.] Such regulations shall also specify conditions under which family child care home providers may administer tests to monitor glucose levels in a child with diagnosed diabetes mellitus, and administer medicinal preparations, including controlled drugs specified in the regulations by the commissioner, to a child receiving child care services at a family child care home pursuant to a written order of a physician licensed to practice medicine in this or another state, an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d, and the written authorization of a parent or guardian of such child. Such regulations shall specify appropriate standards for extended care and intermittent short-term overnight care. The commissioner shall inform each licensee, by way of a plain language summary provided not later than sixty days after the regulation's effective date, of any new or changed regulations adopted under this subsection with which a licensee must comply.

(g) Any child who (1) presents a certificate, in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health pursuant to section 7 of this act, signed by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse stating that, in the opinion of such physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, the immunizations required pursuant to regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (f) of this section are medically contraindicated, or (2) prior to the effective date of this section, presents a statement that such immunizations
would be contrary to the religious beliefs of such child or the parents or guardians of such child, shall be exempt from the immunization requirements set forth in such regulations. Such statement shall be acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-32, 1-34 and 1-35, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family support magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal, (C) a town clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, or (F) an attorney admitted to the bar of this state.

[(g)] (h) Upon the declaration by the Governor of a civil preparedness emergency pursuant to section 28-9 or a public health emergency pursuant to section 19a-131a, the commissioner may waive the provisions of any regulation adopted pursuant to this section if the commissioner determines that such waiver would not endanger the life, safety or health of any child. The commissioner shall prescribe the duration of such waiver, provided such waiver shall not extend beyond the duration of the declared emergency. The commissioner shall establish the criteria by which a waiver request shall be made and the conditions for which a waiver will be granted or denied. The provisions of section 19a-84 shall not apply to a denial of a waiver request under this subsection.

[(h)] (i) Any family child care home may provide child care services to homeless children and youths, as defined in 42 USC 11434a, as amended from time to time, for a period not to exceed ninety days without complying with any provision in regulations adopted pursuant to this section relating to immunization and physical examination requirements. Any family child care home that provides child care services to homeless children and youths at such home under this subsection shall maintain a record on file of all homeless children and youths who have attended such home for a period of two years after such homeless children or youths are no longer receiving child care services at such home.

[(i)] (j) Any family child care home may provide child care services to a foster child for a period not to exceed forty-five days without
complying with any provision in regulations adopted pursuant to this section relating to immunization and physical examination requirements. Any family child care home that provides child care services to a foster child at such home under this subsection shall maintain a record on file of such foster child for a period of two years after such foster child is no longer receiving child care services at such home. For purposes of this subsection, "foster child" means a child who is in the care and custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families and placed in a foster home licensed pursuant to section 17a-114, foster home approved by a child-placing agency licensed pursuant to section 17a-149, facility licensed pursuant to section 17a-145 or with a relative or fictive kin caregiver pursuant to section 17a-114.

Sec. 7. (Effective from passage) On or before October 1, 2020, the Commissioner of Public Health shall develop and make available on the Internet web site of the Department of Public Health a certificate for use by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse stating that, in the opinion of such physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, a vaccination required by the general statutes is medically contraindicated for a person because of the physical condition of such person. The certificate shall include (1) definitions of the terms "contraindication" and "precaution", (2) a list of contraindications and precautions recognized by the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for each of the statutorily required vaccinations, from which the physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse may select the relevant contraindication or precaution on behalf of such person, (3) a section in which the physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse may record a contraindication or precaution that is not recognized by the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, but in his or her discretion, results in the vaccination being medically contraindicated, including, but not limited to, any autoimmune disorder or family history of any autoimmune disorder, (4) a section in which the physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse may include a written explanation for the exemption from any statutorily required
vaccinations, (5) a section requiring the signature of the physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, (6) a requirement that the physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse attach such person’s most current immunization record, and (7) a synopsis of the grounds for any order of quarantine or isolation pursuant to section 19a-131b of the general statutes.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) There is established an Advisory Committee on Medically Contraindicated Vaccinations within the Department of Public Health for the purpose of advising the Commissioner of Public Health on issues concerning exemptions from state or federal requirements for vaccinations that result from a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse stating that a vaccination is medically contraindicated for a person due to the medical condition of such person. For the purpose of performing its function, the advisory committee shall: (1) have access to the childhood immunization registry established by the department pursuant to section 19a-7h of the general statutes, (2) evaluate the process used by the Department of Public Health in collecting data concerning exemptions resulting from a vaccination being medically contraindicated and whether the department should have any oversight over such exemptions, (3) examine whether enrollment of an unvaccinated child into a program operated by a public or nonpublic school, institution of higher education, child care center or group child care home should be conditioned upon the child meeting certain criteria, (4) calculate the ratio of school nurses to students in each public and nonpublic school in the state and the funding issues surrounding such ratio, (5) assess whether immunizations should be required more frequently than prior to enrollment into a program operated by a public or nonpublic school and prior to entering seventh grade, and (6) determine whether: (A) there are any discrepancies in the issuance of certificates stating that a vaccine is medically contraindicated, and (B) to recommend continuing education of physicians, physician assistants or advanced practice registered nurses in vaccine contraindications and precautions. All information obtained by the advisory committee from
such registry shall be confidential pursuant to section 19a-25 of the
general statutes, as amended by this act.

(b) The advisory committee shall consist of the following members:

(1) Two appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,
one of whom shall be a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 of the
general statutes who is a pediatrician, and one of whom shall be a
member of the public;

(2) Two appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of
whom shall be a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 of the
general statutes who has expertise in the efficacy of vaccines, and one of
whom shall be a member of the public;

(3) One appointed by the majority leader of the House of
Representatives, who shall be a school nurse;

(4) One appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, who shall be
a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 370 of the general
statutes who has experience in the administration of vaccines;

(5) One appointed by the minority leader of the House of
Representatives, who shall be an advanced practice registered nurse
licensed pursuant to chapter 378 of the general statutes who has
experience in the administration of vaccines;

(6) One appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, who shall be
a representative of the Connecticut Chapter of the American Academy
of Pediatrics;

(7) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's
designee;

(8) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee;

and

(9) The Commissioner of Early Childhood, or the commissioner's
designee.

(c) The advisory committee shall meet not less than biannually. On or before January 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, the committee shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, on its activities and findings to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Department of Public Health, in collaboration with the State Department of Education and the Office of Early Childhood, shall evaluate all of the data collected by said departments concerning exemptions from immunization requirements. Not later than January 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, the Commissioners of Public Health, Education and Early Childhood shall jointly report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health regarding the evaluation of such data.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>From</th>
<th>Amends</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>10-204a(a) and (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec. 2</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>19a-25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sec. 3</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>10a-155</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sec. 4</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>10a-155b(a)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sec. 5</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>19a-79</td>
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<td>Sec. 6</td>
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<td>19a-87b</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sec. 7</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>New section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec. 8</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>New section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec. 9</td>
<td>from passage</td>
<td>New section</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:
In Section 1(a)(2), "in a form prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to section 7 of this act" was added for consistency.

PH Joint Favorable Subst.