



General Assembly

January Session, 2015

**Raised Bill No. 941**

LCO No. 3617



Referred to Committee on ENVIRONMENT

Introduced by:  
(ENV)

**AN ACT DELAYING IMPLEMENTATION OF CERTAIN STANDARDS  
AND SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS UPON THE DETECTION OF  
POLLUTANTS CAUSING CONTAMINATION OF SOIL,  
GROUNDWATER OR PUBLIC OR PRIVATE DRINKING WATER  
WELLS.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General  
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 22a-6u of the general statutes, as amended by  
2 sections 31 and 32 of public act 13-308, is repealed and the following is  
3 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

4 (a) For the purposes of this section:

5 (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Energy and  
6 Environmental Protection, or his designee;

7 (2) "Mitigation" means actions, including, but not limited to,  
8 placement of gravel or pavement, fencing, water filtration or such  
9 other interim measures, taken to control the contamination or  
10 condition that reasonably prevent exposure, including continuing  
11 inspection, maintenance or monitoring as necessary for the specific

12 measures taken;

13 (3) "Parcel" means a piece, tract or lot of land, together with  
14 buildings and other improvements situated thereon, a legal description  
15 of which piece, parcel, tract or lot is contained in a deed or other  
16 instrument of conveyance and which piece, tract or lot is not the  
17 subject of an order or consent order of the commissioner which  
18 involves requirements for investigation or reporting regarding  
19 environmental contamination;

20 (4) "Person" means person, as defined in section 22a-2;

21 (5) "Pollution" means pollution, as defined in section 22a-423;

22 (6) "Release" means any discharge, uncontrolled loss, seepage,  
23 filtration, leakage, injection, escape, dumping, pumping, pouring,  
24 emitting, emptying or disposal of oil or petroleum or chemical liquids  
25 or solids, liquid or gaseous products or hazardous wastes;

26 (7) "Residential activity" means any activity related to (A) a  
27 residence or dwelling, including, but not limited to, a house,  
28 apartment, or condominium, or (B) a school, hospital, day care center,  
29 playground or outdoor recreational area;

30 (8) "Substance" means an element, compound or material which,  
31 when added to air, water, soil or sediment, may alter the physical,  
32 chemical, biological or other characteristics of such air, water, soil or  
33 sediment;

34 (9) "Upgradient direction" means in the direction of an increase in  
35 hydraulic head; and

36 (10) "Technical environmental professional" means an individual,  
37 including, but not limited to, an environmental professional licensed  
38 pursuant to section 22a-133v, who collects soil, water, vapor or air  
39 samples for purposes of investigating and remediating sources of  
40 pollution to soil or waters of the state and who may be directly

41 employed by, or retained as a consultant by, a public or private  
42 employer.

43 (b) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
44 course of investigating or remediating pollution after [July 1, 2015,]  
45 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
46 such pollution is causing or has caused contamination of a public or  
47 private drinking water well with: (A) A substance for which the  
48 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection has  
49 established a groundwater protection criterion in regulations adopted  
50 pursuant to section 22a-133k at a concentration above the groundwater  
51 protection criterion for such substance, or (B) the presence of  
52 nonaqueous phase liquid, such professional shall notify his or her  
53 client and the owner of the parcel, if the owner of the parcel that is the  
54 source of such contamination can reasonably be identified, not later  
55 than twenty-four hours after determining that the contamination  
56 exists. If, seven days after such determination, the owner of the subject  
57 parcel has not notified the commissioner, the client of the professional  
58 shall notify the commissioner. If the owner notifies the commissioner,  
59 the owner shall provide documentation to the client of the professional  
60 which verifies that the owner has notified the commissioner.

61 (2) The owner of a parcel on which exists a source of contamination  
62 to soil or waters of the state shall notify the commissioner if such  
63 owner becomes aware that such pollution is causing or has caused  
64 contamination of a private or public drinking water well with either  
65 (A) a substance for which the commissioner has established a  
66 groundwater protection criterion in regulations adopted pursuant to  
67 section 22a-133k at a concentration at or above the groundwater  
68 protection criterion for such substance, or (B) the presence of  
69 nonaqueous phase liquid. Notice under this section shall be given to  
70 the commissioner verbally, not later than one business day after such  
71 person becomes aware that the contamination exists, and in writing,  
72 not later than five days after such verbal notice.

73 (3) Not later than thirty days after the date the owner of such parcel  
74 that is the source of the contamination becomes aware of such  
75 contamination, such owner shall determine the presence of any other  
76 water supply wells located within five hundred feet of the polluted  
77 well by conducting a receptor survey and such owner shall seek access  
78 to sample drinking water supply wells that are located on adjacent  
79 parcels of property if such wells are within five hundred feet of the  
80 polluted well. If such access is granted, such owner shall sample and  
81 analyze the water quality of such wells. Not later than thirty days after  
82 becoming aware of such contamination, the owner of such parcel shall  
83 submit a report to the commissioner that includes proposals, as  
84 necessary, for further action to identify and eliminate exposure to  
85 contaminants on an ongoing basis.

86 (c) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
87 course of investigating or remediating pollution after [July 1, 2015,]  
88 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
89 such pollution is causing or has caused contamination of a public or  
90 private drinking water well with: (A) A substance for which the  
91 commissioner has established a groundwater protection criterion in  
92 regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k at a concentration  
93 less than such groundwater protection criterion for such substance; or  
94 (B) any other substance resulting from the release which is the subject  
95 of the investigation or remediation, such professional shall notify his  
96 client and the owner of the parcel, if the owner can reasonably be  
97 identified, not later than seven days after determining that the  
98 contamination exists.

99 (2) The owner of a parcel on which exists a source of pollution to  
100 soil or the waters of the state shall notify the commissioner if such  
101 owner becomes aware that such pollution is causing or has caused  
102 contamination of a private or public drinking water well with: (A) A  
103 substance for which the commissioner has established a groundwater  
104 protection criterion in regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-  
105 133k at a concentration less than such groundwater protection criterion

106 for such substance; or (B) any other substance which was part of the  
107 release which caused such pollution. Notice under this subdivision  
108 shall be given in writing not later than thirty days after the time such  
109 person becomes aware that the contamination exists.

110 (3) Not later than thirty days after the date such owner becomes  
111 aware that such contamination exists, such owner shall perform  
112 confirmatory sampling of the well. Not later than thirty days after the  
113 date such owner becomes aware of such contamination pursuant to  
114 subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section, such owner shall  
115 submit a report concerning such confirmatory sampling to the  
116 commissioner that includes proposals, as necessary, for any further  
117 action to identify and eliminate exposure to contaminants on an  
118 ongoing basis. If such confirmatory sampling demonstrates a  
119 concentration above the groundwater protection criterion for such  
120 substance, such owner shall proceed in accordance with the provisions  
121 of subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (b) of this section.

122 (d) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
123 course of investigating or remediating pollution after [July 1, 2015,]  
124 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
125 such pollution of soil within two feet of the ground surface contains a  
126 substance at a concentration at or above thirty times the  
127 industrial/commercial direct exposure criterion for such substance if  
128 the parcel is in industrial or commercial use, or at or above fifteen  
129 times the industrial/commercial direct exposure criterion for  
130 antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, copper,  
131 cyanide, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, vanadium,  
132 zinc or polychlorinated biphenyls, excluding arsenic or lead from the  
133 lawful application of pesticides, if the parcel is in industrial or  
134 commercial use and such soil pollution is not more than three hundred  
135 feet from any residence, school, park, playground or daycare facility,  
136 or at or above fifteen times the residential direct exposure criterion if  
137 the parcel is in residential use, which criteria are specified in  
138 regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k, such professional

139 shall notify his client and the owner of the parcel, if such owner is  
140 reasonably identified, not later than seven days after determining that  
141 the contamination exists, except that notice will not be required if  
142 either: (A) The land-use of such parcel is not residential activity and  
143 the substance is one of the following: Acetone, 2-butanone,  
144 chlorobenzene, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, 1,3-dichlorobenzene, 1,1-  
145 dichloroethane, cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, trans-1,2-dichloroethylene,  
146 ethylbenzene, methyl-tert-butyl-ether, methyl isobutyl ketone, styrene,  
147 toluene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, xylenes, acenaphthylene, anthracene,  
148 butyl benzyl phthalate, 2-chlorophenol, di-n-butyl phthalate, di-n-octyl  
149 phthalate, 2,4-dichlorophenol, fluoranthene, fluorene, naphthalene,  
150 phenanthrene, phenol and pyrene, (B) the substance is total petroleum  
151 hydrocarbons, or (C) the substance is antimony, arsenic, barium,  
152 beryllium, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, lead, mercury,  
153 nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, vanadium, zinc, or polychlorinated  
154 biphenyls below thirty times industrial/commercial direct exposure  
155 criteria at an area of an industrial/commercial property that is covered  
156 with pavement that is maintained in a manner that preserves the  
157 integrity of such coverage or fenced off from the general public.

158 (2) The owner of the subject parcel shall notify the commissioner in  
159 writing not later than ninety days after the time such owner becomes  
160 aware that the contamination exists except that notification will not be  
161 required if by the end of said ninety days: (A) The contaminated soil is  
162 remediated in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to  
163 section 22a-133k; (B) the contaminated soil is inaccessible soil as that  
164 term is defined in regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k;  
165 (C) the contaminated soil which exceeds thirty or fifteen times such  
166 criterion, as applicable, is treated or disposed of in accordance with all  
167 applicable laws and regulations; or (D) the substance is lead on a  
168 residential property that is already in a lead abatement program  
169 administered by the local health department for the town in which  
170 such residential property is located. Any owner who is not required to  
171 notify the commissioner pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of

172 this subdivision may voluntarily submit a notification at any time to  
173 the commissioner and the department shall issue a certificate of  
174 completion for purposes of this section if the area that exceeds fifteen  
175 or thirty times such criterion, as applicable, was treated or disposed of  
176 in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. The  
177 department shall wait until ninety days after the notice is received  
178 before determining whether to post a notification received under this  
179 subsection on its Internet web site list of notices received under this  
180 subsection.

181 (3) If notice is not otherwise exempted pursuant to the provisions of  
182 subdivision (2) of this subsection, not later than ninety days after the  
183 owner becomes aware of such contamination, such owner shall, at a  
184 minimum: (A) Evaluate the extent of such contaminated soil that  
185 exceeds fifteen or thirty times the applicable direct exposure criteria, as  
186 applicable, (B) prevent exposure to such soil, and (C) submit, with the  
187 required notification, a report on such evaluation and prevention to  
188 the commissioner that includes proposals for other action, as  
189 necessary, including, but not limited to, maintenance and monitoring  
190 of interim controls to prevent exposure to soil that exceeds fifteen or  
191 thirty times, as applicable, the applicable criteria.

192 (e) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
193 course of investigating or remediating pollution after [July 1, 2015,]  
194 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
195 such pollution is causing or has caused groundwater within fifteen feet  
196 of an industrial or commercial building to be contaminated with a  
197 volatile organic substance at a concentration at or above ten times the  
198 industrial/commercial volatilization criterion for groundwater for  
199 such substance or, if such contamination is within fifteen feet of a  
200 residential building, at a concentration at or above ten times the  
201 residential volatilization criterion, which criteria are specified in  
202 regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k, such professional  
203 shall, not later than seven days after determining that the  
204 contamination exists, notify his client and the owner of the subject

205 parcel, if such owner can reasonably be identified.

206 (2) The owner of such parcel shall notify the commissioner in  
207 writing not later than thirty days after such person becomes aware that  
208 the contamination exists except that notification is not required if: (A)  
209 The concentration of such substance in the soil vapor beneath such  
210 building is at or below ten times the soil vapor volatilization criterion,  
211 appropriate for the land-use for the parcel, for such substance as  
212 specified in regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k; (B) the  
213 concentration of such substance in groundwater is below ten times a  
214 site-specific volatilization criterion for groundwater for such substance  
215 calculated in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to section  
216 22a-133k; (C) groundwater volatilization criterion, appropriate for the  
217 land-use of the parcel, for such substance specified in regulations  
218 adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k is fifty thousand parts per  
219 billion; (D) not later than thirty days after the time such person  
220 becomes aware that the contamination exists, an indoor air monitoring  
221 program is initiated in accordance with subdivision (3) of this  
222 subsection; (E) the parcel contains a building that is not occupied,  
223 provided the owner shall submit the required notification not later  
224 than the date such building is reoccupied, unless by the date of  
225 reoccupancy data confirms concentrations no longer exceed the  
226 notification threshold or another exception in this subdivision applies;  
227 or (F) the parcel contains a building in an industrial/commercial use  
228 and such volatile organic compounds are used in industrial activities,  
229 and the use of such volatile organic compounds in such building is  
230 regulated by the federal Occupational Safety and Health  
231 Administration.

232 (3) An indoor air quality monitoring program for the purposes of  
233 this subsection shall consist of sampling of indoor air once every two  
234 months for a duration of not less than one year, sampling of indoor air  
235 immediately overlying such contaminated groundwater, and analysis  
236 of air samples for any volatile organic substance which exceeded ten  
237 times the volatilization criterion as specified in or calculated in

238 accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k. The  
239 owner of the subject parcel shall notify the commissioner if: (A) The  
240 concentration in any indoor air sample exceeds ten times the target  
241 indoor air concentration, appropriate for the land-use of the parcel, as  
242 specified in regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k; or (B)  
243 the indoor air monitoring program is not conducted in accordance  
244 with this subdivision. Notice shall be given to the commissioner in  
245 writing not later than seven days after the time such person becomes  
246 aware that such a condition exists.

247 (4) Not later than thirty days after the date the owner becomes  
248 aware of such contamination, the owner shall submit to the  
249 commissioner with the required notification a proposed plan to  
250 mitigate exposure to or permanently abate the contamination or  
251 condition.

252 (f) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
253 course of investigating or remediating pollution after ~~July 1, 2015,~~  
254 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
255 such pollution is causing or has caused contamination of groundwater  
256 which is discharging to surface water and such groundwater is  
257 contaminated with: (A) A substance for which an acute aquatic life  
258 criterion is listed in appendix D of the most recent water quality  
259 standards adopted by the commissioner at a concentration which  
260 exceeds ten times (i) such criterion for such substance in said appendix  
261 D, or (ii) such criterion for such substance times a site specific dilution  
262 factor calculated in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to  
263 section 22a-133k, or (B) a nonaqueous phase liquid, such professional  
264 shall notify his client and the owner of such parcel, if such owner can  
265 reasonably be identified, not later than seven days after determining  
266 that the contamination exists.

267 (2) For nonaqueous phase liquid that is not otherwise reported to  
268 the commissioner pursuant to the general statutes or regulations of  
269 Connecticut state agencies, the owner of such parcel shall notify the

270 commissioner (A) verbally, not later than one business day after such  
271 person becomes aware such contamination entered a surface water  
272 body, and (B) in writing, not later than thirty days after the date such  
273 owner becomes aware of such contamination. For contamination with  
274 a substance, as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, such  
275 owner shall notify the commissioner, in writing, not later than thirty  
276 days after the time such person becomes aware that the contamination  
277 exists. Notice shall not be required pursuant to this subdivision if such  
278 person knows that the polluted discharge at that concentration or in  
279 such physical state was reported to the commissioner, in writing,  
280 within the preceding year.

281 (3) For any contamination with a substance as described in  
282 subdivision (1) of this subsection, not later than the date written  
283 notification is due pursuant to this subsection, the owner shall submit  
284 with such notification a proposed plan to monitor, abate or mitigate  
285 the contamination or condition.

286 (g) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
287 course of investigating or remediating pollution after [July 1, 2015,]  
288 July 1, 2017, which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that  
289 such pollution is causing or has caused contamination of groundwater  
290 within five hundred feet in an upgradient direction or two hundred  
291 feet in any direction of a private or public drinking water well which  
292 groundwater is contaminated with a substance resulting from a release  
293 for which the commissioner has established a groundwater protection  
294 criterion in regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k at a  
295 concentration at or above the groundwater protection criterion for  
296 such substance, such technical environmental professional shall notify  
297 his client and the owner of the subject parcel, if such owner can  
298 reasonably be identified, not later than seven days after determining  
299 that the contamination exists.

300 (2) The owner of the subject parcel shall notify the commissioner in  
301 writing not later than thirty days after the time such owner becomes

302 aware that the contamination exists.

303 (3) Not later than thirty days after the date such owner becomes  
304 aware of such contamination, such owner shall determine the presence  
305 of any other water supply wells located within five hundred feet of  
306 such polluted groundwater by conducting a receptor survey. Such  
307 owner shall seek access for the purpose of sampling drinking water  
308 supply wells that are on adjacent properties if such wells are within  
309 five hundred feet of such polluted groundwater. If such access is  
310 granted, such owner shall sample and analyze the water quality of  
311 such wells. Not later than thirty days after the date such owner  
312 becomes aware of such polluted groundwater, such owner shall  
313 submit with the required notification a report to the commissioner  
314 concerning such evaluation that includes proposals, as necessary, for  
315 further action to identify and eliminate any exposure to contaminants  
316 on an ongoing basis.

317 (h) (1) If a technical environmental professional determines in the  
318 course of investigating or remediating pollution after October 1, 1998,  
319 which pollution is on or emanating from a parcel, that such pollution is  
320 causing or has caused polluted vapors emanating from polluted soil,  
321 groundwater or free product which vapors are migrating into  
322 structures or utility conduits and which vapors pose an explosion  
323 hazard, such technical environmental professional shall immediately  
324 notify his client and the owner of the subject parcel, if such owner can  
325 reasonably be identified, not later than twenty-four hours after  
326 determining that the vapor condition exists. If the owner of such parcel  
327 fails to notify the commissioner in accordance with this subsection,  
328 such client shall notify the commissioner. If the owner notifies the  
329 commissioner, the owner shall provide documentation to the client of  
330 the professional which verifies that the owner has notified the  
331 commissioner.

332 (2) The owner of such parcel shall orally notify the commissioner  
333 and the local fire department immediately and under all circumstances

334 not later than two hours after the time a technical environmental  
335 professional notifies the owner that the vapor condition exists, and  
336 shall notify the commissioner in writing not later than five days after  
337 such oral notice.

338 (i) In the event the commissioner orders the testing of any private  
339 drinking well, and such testing indicates that the water exceeds a  
340 maximum contaminant level applicable to public water supply  
341 systems for any contaminant listed in the Public Health Code or for  
342 any contaminant listed on the state drinking water action level list  
343 established pursuant to section 22a-471, the commissioner shall require  
344 the respondent to such order to provide written notification of the  
345 results of any testing conducted pursuant to such order not later than  
346 twenty-four hours after said respondent receives such results to the  
347 following: (1) The owner of record of the property upon which any  
348 such private drinking well is located, (2) the local director of public  
349 health, (3) any person that files a request with the local director of  
350 public health to receive such notification, and (4) any other person the  
351 commissioner specifically identifies in such order. Not later than  
352 twenty-four hours after receiving such notification, such owner shall  
353 forward a copy of such notification to at least one tenant of each unit of  
354 any leased or rented dwelling unit located on such property and each  
355 lessee of such property. Not later than three days after receiving such  
356 notification, the local director of public health shall take all reasonable  
357 steps to verify that such owner forwarded the notice required pursuant  
358 to this subsection.

359 (j) All notices, oral or written, provided under this section shall  
360 include the nature of the contamination or condition, the address of the  
361 property where the contamination or condition is located, the location  
362 of such contamination or condition, any property known to be affected  
363 by such contamination or condition, any steps being taken to abate,  
364 remediate or monitor such contamination or condition, and the name  
365 and address of the person making such notification. Written  
366 notification shall be clearly marked as notification required by this

367 section and shall be either personally delivered to the Remediation  
368 Division of the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection or  
369 sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Remediation  
370 Division of the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection.

371 (k) (1) The commissioner shall provide written acknowledgment of  
372 receipt of a written notice pursuant to this section not later than ten  
373 days after receipt of such notice and in such acknowledgement may  
374 provide any information that the commissioner deems appropriate.

375 (2) In accordance with the time frames specified in this section, the  
376 owner of the parcel shall submit to the commissioner either (A) (i) a  
377 mitigation plan to prevent exposures, (ii) a plan to remediate the  
378 contamination or condition, or (iii) a plan to abate the contamination or  
379 condition, (B) documentation that the contamination or condition was  
380 mitigated and that there are no exposure pathways from the  
381 contamination, along with a plan to maintain such mitigation  
382 measures, or (C) documentation that describes how the contamination  
383 or condition was abated, as applicable. Submittals described in this  
384 subsection may be submitted concomitantly with other notices  
385 required in this section.

386 (3) If such plan, as described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, is  
387 not submitted or is disapproved by the commissioner, the  
388 commissioner shall prescribe the action to be taken or issue a directive  
389 as to action required to mitigate or abate the contamination or  
390 condition. If a plan is submitted which details actions to be taken, or a  
391 report is submitted which details actions taken, to mitigate or abate the  
392 contamination or conditions and such plan or report is acceptable to  
393 the commissioner, the commissioner shall approve such plan or report  
394 in writing. When a report is submitted that demonstrates permanent  
395 abatement of the contamination or condition, such that notice under  
396 this section would not be required, the commissioner shall issue a  
397 certificate of compliance upon finding such report to be acceptable.

398 (l) An owner who has submitted written notice pursuant to this  
399 section shall, not later than five days after the commencement of an  
400 activity by any person that increases the likelihood of human exposure  
401 to known contaminants, including, but not limited to, construction,  
402 demolition, significant soil disruption or the installation of utilities,  
403 post such notice in a conspicuous place on such property and, in the  
404 case of a place of business, in a conspicuous place inside the place of  
405 business. An owner who violates this section shall pay a civil penalty  
406 of one hundred dollars for each offense. Each violation shall be a  
407 separate and distinct offense and, in the case of a continuing violation,  
408 each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed to be a separate and  
409 distinct offense. The Attorney General, upon complaint of the  
410 commissioner, shall institute an action in the superior court for the  
411 judicial district of Hartford to recover such penalty.

412 (m) Not later than ten days after receipt of any written notice  
413 received under this section, the commissioner shall forward a copy of  
414 such notice to the chief elected official of the municipality in which the  
415 subject pollution was discovered and to the local health director of  
416 such municipality or region. Any forwarding of such notice, as  
417 required by this subsection, may be performed by electronic means.  
418 The commissioner shall maintain a list of all notices received under  
419 this section that pertain to conditions that have not been mitigated or  
420 permanently abated at the time of notification. Such list shall be on the  
421 department's Internet web site and shall be amended to remove notices  
422 after the condition is mitigated or permanently abated.

423 (n) Nothing in this section and no action taken by any person  
424 pursuant to this section shall affect the commissioner's authority under  
425 any other statute or regulation.

426 (o) Nothing in this section shall excuse a person from complying  
427 with the requirements of any statute or regulation except the  
428 commissioner may waive the requirements of the regulations adopted  
429 under section 22a-133k if he determines that it is necessary to ensure

430 that timely and appropriate action is taken to mitigate or minimize any  
431 of the conditions described in subsections (b) to (h), inclusive, of this  
432 section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	22a-6u

**Statement of Purpose:**

To delay implementation of provisions of public act 13-308 concerning certain standards and sampling requirements upon the detection of pollutants causing contamination of soil, groundwater or public or private drinking water wells.

*[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]*